

**FILE DESCRIPTION**

**BUREAU FILE**

**SUBJECT** Weatherman

**FILE NO.** 100-439048

**SECTION NO.** 50

**SERIALS** 2716

THRU

2792

VIA TELETYPE  
MAY 21 1969  
ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

WA 13 617PM BCK

URGENT 5-21-69 MFM

TO DIRECTOR (100-439048)

PLAINTEXT

FROM CHICAGO (100-40903)

IP

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS); IS-SDS.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY SDS HAS PLANNED DEMONSTRATION TO PROTEST ARREST OF FIVE SDS LEADERS MAY TWELVE, LAST. DEMONSTRATION TO BE AT BRANCH TWO EIGHT, CHICAGO MUNICIPAL COURT, ONE ZERO ZERO SOUTH RACINE STREET, CHICAGO. SUBJECTS NOT ANTICIPATED TO APPEAR FOR HEARING.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, LOCAL MILITARY ADVISED. CHICAGO PD AWARE.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE CHICAGO AIRTEL MAY TWLEVE, LAST. NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED. SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY.

END

RNC

FBI WASH DC

REC-54

15 MAY 23 1969

55 MAY 29 1969



Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
RE: NATIONAL LIBERATION MILITARY FRONT  
LOS ANGELES DIVISION

ACTION:

For information. Our Los Angeles Office is aware of the seriousness of an alliance of the above groups and Los Angeles is being instructed to follow closely activities of this new organization and to identify all organizations and individuals connected with the NLMF.

*W.C.S.*

*W.C.S.*

*✓*

*W.C.S.*

5/26/69

To:

☒ Director

FILE

Att:

SELECTIVE SERVICE

SDS

☐ SAC

DESK

IS-SDS

☐ ASAC

SPECIAL INVEST.

☐ Supv.

DIVISION

☐ Agent

(R.M.)

☐ SE

☐ IC

☐ CC

☐ Steno

☐ Clerk

RE:

Two Left Notes

☐ Rotor #:

ACTION DESIRED

☐ Acknowledge

☐ Assign Reassign

☐ Bring file

☐ Call me

☐ Correct

☐ Deadline

☐ Deadline passed

☐ Delinquent

☐ Discontinue

☐ Expedite

☐ File

☐ For information

☐ Handle

☐ Initial & return

☐ Leads need attention

☐ Return with explanation or notation as to action taken.

☐ Open Case

☐ Prepare lead cards

☐ Prepare tickler

☐ Return assignment card

☐ Return file

☐ Search and return

☐ See me

☐ Serial #

☐ Post ☐ Recharge ☐ Return

☐ Send to

☐ Submit new charge out

☐ Submit report by

☐ Type

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED  
ENCLOSURE

5/20/69

SAC

MW/WFC

Office

MW/Glenn

Chicago

See reverse side

JUN 23 1969

51 JUN 3 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : SAC, Denver (Your file 100-2968) DATE: 5/20/69

FROM : Director, FBI (Bufile and Serial 100-439048) ☒ Post in file and destroy 0-1 (For SOG use only)

SUBJECT: Vern Westerbury  
SM-SWP

Room No. 932-D

- ☐ 1. Bufiles indicate this case is delinquent. Give specific reason for delinquency.  
Re DN airtel & LHM dated 5/7/69 "Students for a Democratic Society Meeting, Austin, Texas, Mar. 28-30, 1969".

- ☐ airtel ☐ letterhead memo ☐ submitted
- ☒ 2. DATE ☒ report ☐ letter ☐ 90-day progress letter ☐ will be submitted 4/29

Reporting employee \_\_\_\_\_

- ☐ 3. If valid reason exists for not submitting report at this time, state reason specifically and when report will be submitted \_\_\_\_\_

- ☐ 4. Status of ☐ Appeal ☐ Inquiry ☐ Investigation
- ☐ airtel ☐ letterhead memo
- ☐ 5. Submit ☐ report ☐ letter ☐ 90-day progress letter by \_\_\_\_\_

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 21 1969	
FBI - DENVER	

(Place reply hereon and return to Bureau. Note receipt and acknowledgment on top serial in case file.)



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO : SAC, Denver (Your file 100-9068) DATE: 5/20/69

FROM : Director, FBI (Bufile and Serial 100-439048) ☒ Post in file and destroy 0-1 (For SOG use only)

SUBJECT: William Haywood  
SM-SWP

☐ 1. Bufiles indicate this case is delinquent. Give specific reason for delinquency.

☐ airtel ☐ letterhead memo ☐ submitted

XX 2. DATE ☒ report ☐ letter ☐ 90-day progress letter ☐ will be submitted by 5/29

~~Reporting on delay~~ RE DN airtel dated 5/7/69 "Students for a

☐ 3. If valid reason exists for not submitting report at this time, state reason specifically and when report will be submitted Democratic Society-National Council Meeting, Austin, Texas, Mar. 28-30, 1969

☐ 4. Status of ☐ Appeal ☐ Inquiry ☐ Investigation

☐ airtel ☐ letterhead memo

☒ 5. Submit ☐ report ☐ letter ☐ 90-day progress letter by

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 21 1969	
FBI-DENVER	

(Place reply hereon and return to Bureau. Note receipt and acknowledgment on top serial in case file.)

VIA TELETYPE

MAY 22 1969

ENCIPHERED

1/6

WA 19 30 PM MFM

DEFERRED 5-22-69 MFM

TO DIRECTOR (100-439048)

CODED

FROM CHICAGO (100-40903)

2P

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), IS-SDS.

SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY SDS LEADERS, MICHAEL  
KLONSKY, NATIONAL SECRETARY; WALTER "LES" COLEMAN, CHICAGO  
REGIONAL OFFICE; EDWARD J. HENNINGS, CHICAGO REGIONAL OFFICE;  
TIMOTHY P. CARNEY, NATIONAL OFFICE STAFF; AND DAVID SLAVIN  
SDS, NEW YORK CITY, ARRESTED AT SDS NATIONAL OFFICE, ONE  
SIX ZERO EIGHT WEST MADISON, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY CHICAGO  
POLICE DEPARTMENT MAY TWELVE LAST, APPEARED BRANCH TWENTY-  
EIGHT, CHICAGO MUNICIPAL COURT, THIS A.M. FOR HEARING ON  
TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS. SUBJECTS, CHARGED WITH INTERFERING  
WITH POLICE AND FIREMEN AND BATTERY, REQUEST THAT TRAVEL  
RESTRICTIONS BE LIFTED SO THAT THEY CAN ATTEND THE SDS  
NATIONAL CONVENTION DURING JUNE, NINETEEN SIXTYNINE. MAY 26 1969  
HEARING CONTINUED TO MAY TWENTYSEVEN NEXT. APPROXIMATELY  
THIRTYFIVE PERSONS ATTENDED HEARING IN SUPPORT OF SUBJECTS.  
NO DEMONSTRATIONS OR DISTURBANCES OCCURRED.

END PAGE ONE

56 JUN 5 1969

DAVID SLAVIN  
MEMBER - SUBJECT ORGANIZATION  
N.Y. ILL.

B7C  
SUBJECT ORGANIZATION  
B7C

REC 17 100-439048-2717

5-7P



PAGE TWO

USA, SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY ADVISED.

ADMINISTRATIVE

REMYTEL MAY TWENTYONE LAST. SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

B7D

CHICAGO WILL FOLLOW.

END

RDR

FBI WASH DC



FBI

Date: 5/22/69

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)  
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)  
SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS-SDS  
(OO: CHICAGO)

*C. P. [unclear]  
Shaw [unclear]*

Re Tampa and Jacksonville airtels dated 5/16/69,  
reflecting one Dr. PHILLIP M. CRANE, President of the Founda-  
tion for Human Rights, reportedly stated that SDS has targeted  
the State of Florida for organizing.

[REDACTED]

- 2 - Bureau
- 2 - Jacksonville (100-696) **REC-24**
- 1 - Miami
- 2 - Tampa (100-977)
- 1 - Chicago
- ERG:pmh/rmk
- (8)

**100-43747-2118**

25 MAY 24 1969

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SJM [unclear]  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION [unclear]

*Paragraph marked c  
otherwise u*

Approved: **51 MAY 29 1969**  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 100-40903

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Office receiving copies of this communication should refer to the proceedings of the recently held SDS Regional Conference at Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana, with regard to this matter.

Chicago indices contain no information concerning Dr. PHILLIP M. CRANE nor the Foundation for Human Rights, nor is a specific listing recorded for each in the current Chicago telephone directories. No further inquiry will be conducted concerning CRANE or the Foundation for Human Rights at this time.

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

AM 10 1968



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

FROM : C. D. Brennan *Brennan*

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. A. Rosen  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: May 21, 1969

1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - [REDACTED]

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

As you have been previously advised, SDS is currently circulating a so-called Work-In Organizers Manual which outlines a program for this summer, the objective of which is to infiltrate and disrupt industry. This manual first appeared in 1967 as a Vietnam Work-In Organizers Manual prepared by the militant pro-Chinese Progressive Labor Party (PLP). At this time PLP elements in SDS have reintroduced the manual as an SDS proposal.

A Chicago informant close to SDS national leaders has recently advised that they do not agree with the contents of the manual and hold the opinion that if students do obtain summer jobs, they are to learn from the workers rather than interject a dogmatic Marxist-Leninist line as the PLP desires in attempting to organize the workers.

On 5/17-18/69, a SDS National Summer Program conference was held in Detroit with about 85 attendees including national SDS leaders Bernardine Dohrn and Mark Rudd. This conference was held for the purpose of setting up an SDS summer organizing program with emphasis being placed on students going into the community, ghetto and industrial areas. This conference had no relationship to the widely publicized SDS summer Work-In project of infiltration into industry nor was the SDS Work-In Organizers Manual mentioned. According to several sources this conference was a complete failure with no Work-In program formulated and little discussion regarding it. The whole conference was characterized as a "general rap on politics," with much shouting, confusion, and a complete lack of organization.

We are following for all pertinent data regarding any SDS program this summer organized by the national leadership of SDS. We are also following closely for any such program going into effect as a result of the issuance of the Work-In Organizers Manual circulated by the PLP faction in SDS.

## RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

100-439048

MAY

51 JUN 4 1969  
778

17 MAY 26 1969



FBI

Date: 5/20/69

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)  
SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS  
OO: Chicago

Re Detroit tel dated 5/18/69, instant caption reflecting one STEVE (LNU) who was observed with BEIGNADINE DOHRN and believed to be from Chicago was present at the National Summer Program Conference held in Detroit on the weekend of 5/17 - 18/69.

- ② - Bureau (RM)  
3 - Detroit (RM)

100- (SDS)

3 - New York (RM)

100- (SDS)

3 - Chicago

RRG/SJI  
(10)

MAY 27 1969 CLASSIFIED BY

EXEMPT FROM

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION

Sent

M

Per

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

51 MAY 29 1969

Special Agent in Charge

Paragraph

otherwise

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-439048-1001

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 100-40903

[REDACTED]

B1

[REDACTED]

B1

Detroit and New York are requested to recontact their respective informants in this matter in order to solicit more detail information concerning the description of the STEVEN (LNU) that attended the National Summer Program Conference, and submit such information to the Bureau and Chicago.

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES

MENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : C. D. Brennan

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY.  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. A. Rosen

DATE: May 21, 1969

1 - Mr. J. H. Gale  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan  
1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

B7C

It is noted that Klonsky appeared on Meet the Press television program on Sunday afternoon, May 11, 1969, and made a statement that he had inside information that Attorney General Mitchell was planning "the 1969 version of the Palmer raids" on radicals within the next 10 days. Article in the "Washington Post" dated May 12, 1969, states Justice Department spokesman denied that any such raids are planned.

## OBSERVATIONS:

RECOMMENDATION: EX-103 REC-49

In line with above observations attached letter to the Attorney General be approved and copy of the letter to Yeagley be hand carried to him.

Enclosure

100-439048

WNP:lvh

JUN 3 1969



FBI

CONFIDENTIAL Date: 5/21/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS-SDS

ReBuairtels 5/1,2/69 concerning SDS work-in project.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 11 copies of a  
letterhead memorandum (LHM) captioned SDS SUMMER WORK and a  
copy for each office indicated below.

[REDACTED]

ENCLOSURE

Classified by \_\_\_\_\_  
Exempt from GDS, Category \_\_\_\_\_  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

3/24/78

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 11)(RM)
- 1-100- (PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY)
- 2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2)(RM)
- 1 - Albany (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Baltimore (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Boston (100-35472)(Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Buffalo (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Cincinnati (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Cleveland (100-27031)(Enc. 1)(RM)

REC-24

17 MAY 22 1969

(Copies continued on a page)

RRG:mab

(38)

Approved: MWJ/WFC  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

MAY 27 1969

DECLASSIFIED BY \_\_\_\_\_

SEC.  
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY SLIP (5)  
DATE 4/10/76

54 MAY 29 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-439048

272

CG 100-40903

- 1 - Dallas (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Denver (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 2 - Detroit (100-30957)(Enc. 2)(RM)
- 2 - Houston (Enc. 2)(RM)
- 1 - Indianapolis (100-14604)(Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Kansas City (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Los Angeles (100-66519)(Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Memphis (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Miami (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Milwaukee (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Minneapolis (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - New Haven (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - New Orleans (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - New York (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Omaha (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Philadelphia (100-46556)(Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Pittsburgh (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Portland (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - St. Louis (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - San Antonio (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - San Francisco (100-52152)(Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Springfield (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 1 - Washington Field (Enc. 1)(RM)
- 2 - Chicago

1-100-47094



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois

May 21, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 100-40903

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
(SDS) SUMMER WORK

On May 19, 1969, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished a copy of a letter currently being distributed by the SDS National Office, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago. A xerox copy of this letter is attached hereto.

This source advised that this letter reflects the current line of the national leadership of SDS with respect to summer work programs. The implementation of programs for summer work will be the responsibility of the various SDS regions and chapters. At the present time the national leadership is more persuaded to community work rather than industrial work as the means for individual SDS membership involvement in the coming summer. Partly this is a reaction to the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) inspired work-in program which under the label of SDS has received nationwide attention in the press.

A characterization of SDS and PLP are attached.

Declassify  
1482 SJM/yan  
2-14-78

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

Enclosure

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency. It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ADVISE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISE ROUTING  
SLIP (S) OF  
DATE 4/10/78

MAY 27 1969

100-4718-2722  
ENCLOSURE



PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

The "New York Times" city edition Tuesday, April 20, 1965, page 27, reported that a new party of "revolutionary socialism" was formally founded on April 18, 1965, under the name of the PLP, which had been known as the Progressive Labor Movement.

According to the article, "The Progressive Labor Movement was founded in 1962, by Milton Rosen and Mortimer Scheer after they were expelled from the Communist Party of the United States for assertedly following the Chinese Communist line."

A source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP held its Second National Convention in New York City May 31 to June 2, 1968, at which time the PLP reasserted its objective of the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism-Leninism. This is to be accomplished through the Party's overall revolutionary strategy of raising the consciousness of the people and helping to provide ideological leadership in the working class struggle for state power.

The source also advised that at the Second National Convention Milton Rosen was unanimously re-elected National Chairman of the PLP and Levi Laub, Fred Jerome, Jared Israel, William Epton, Jacob Rosen, Jeffrey Gordon and Walter Linder were elected as the National Committee to lead the PLP until the next convention.

The PLP publishes "Progressive Labor," a bimonthly magazine; "World Revolution," a quarterly periodical; and "Challenge-Desafio," a monthly newspaper.

The August, 1968, issue of "Challenge-Desafio" sets forth that "above all, this paper is dedicated to the fight for a new way of life-where the working men and women own and control their homes, factories, the police, courts, and the entire Government on every level."

The source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP utilizes an address of General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn, New York, and also utilizes an office in Room 617, 1 Union Square West, New York, New York.

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



"The working classes have taken the field and never will give up the contest until the power that oppresses them is annihilated."  
Working Man's Advocate, 1809

This summer the revolutionary youth movement in this country will continue to build the struggle against imperialism with renewed force and clearer vision. The principles around which we are working will help us examine our work, test our developing analysis, and learn together.

The fight against white supremacy is primary; we are attempting to raise the issues of the oppressed peoples of the world to the forefront of the class struggle in America. We are trying to reach out to all sectors of youth, especially working class youth, by building citywide youth movements based in all the schools, the army, the community, and factories. Our program calls for consistency in practice with the black and brown movements for liberation. We will attack the nature of the schools, courts, pig army force, and we will fight the capitalist pigs in the factories. We will turn coat trade union leadership by raising the just demands of the people. Our plans call for studying together, consciously learning a variety of needed skills, and examining and criticizing practice together by building functional collectives to carry out summer work.

The details of summer program vary from city to city: a few examples.

\*\* In ATLANTA, a program of working in the shops with a special women's group developing finding concrete ways to support the struggles of black workers in the city who have been organized in the past few years; doing community work with youth around the city with special emphasis on C. Plans for collective study and evaluation of work.

\*\* In DETROIT, a program of community and shop work that will include focus on high school youth; learning about and relating to the Revolutionary League of Black Workers and the emerging organization of young white workers in the auto factories. Planning summer work to assist in building the youth movement in the high schools and on the campuses next fall. Also group study program.

\*\* In HOUSTON, a program of shop and community work to build organizers who can function to build a citywide movement on and off the campus next fall. Program will include youth from the high schools and campuses and working people from around the city who will meet and study together regularly.

\*\* In CHICAGO, a citywide program that will include intensified work with community youth organizations, getting jobs in factories and part time work in the communities, continued consolidation of the "rainbow coalition" of black, brown, and white youth in joint campaigns against the pigs in the schools, and other institutions of the city. Collective discussion, study, and evaluation that are making the emerging citywide youth movement better prepared to go back into the schools and do community work in the fall.

EVERY SDS MEMBER SHOULD BE WORKING IN THE MOVEMENT THIS SUMMER. PLEASE SEND US THE INFORMATION REQUESTED ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THIS SHEET SO THAT WE CAN GET IT ON TO THOSE INTERESTED IN WORKING AND TO OTHER SUMMER PROJECTS. POWER!

"The only penetrable point of a tyrant is fear of death."



Please return this sheet so that we can help folks contact summer projects in their areas, communicate with programs through the summer, and get your New Left Notes to you. PLEASE RETURN IMMEDIATELY

YOUR NAME \_\_\_\_\_ School \_\_\_\_\_  
(please print everything)

Your Summer Address \_\_\_\_\_

Date effective: \_\_\_\_\_ phone number: \_\_\_\_\_

I will be working in the movement this summer \_\_\_\_\_ place \_\_\_\_\_

I will be doing the following kind of work approximately \_\_\_\_\_ hours per week: (please describe, with high school students, in a factory, with S.I.s, type of issues to be focused on, goals of work)

This is part of a larger summer program in the area: (please describe, e.g., how many folks will be working, where do they come from, what type of work they will do, plans for collective planning, study and evaluation, type of work with other groups in the city, goals of summer program, relationship to preparing for the fall, how many work full and how many part time, etc.)

Here is the contact (name, address, & phone) of the summer project where I will be working: give date this address is effective

I know of other summer programs in the following places: describe as above

I would like to work in the movement this summer, please send me information. (Describe where you would like to work, what you want to do, movement and other experience, plans for the fall,

I will be going back to school in the fall \_\_\_\_\_ where \_\_\_\_\_. I will be doing something else, please describe.

**OLD ADDRESS**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Street \_\_\_\_\_

City and State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_

**NEW ADDRESS** Date Effective \_\_\_\_\_

Street \_\_\_\_\_

City and State \_\_\_\_\_

Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_

New Left Notes  
be forwarded—  
Post Office return  
them to us and  
charges 10¢ a copy

Last year this cost  
us well over \$1000

That is well over  
\$1000 more than we  
can afford.

(Send this form  
a week or two before  
you move.)

SAC, Chicago (100-40903)

5/28/69

Director, FBI (100-439048)

1 - [REDACTED]

67C

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS

Reference is made to New York airtel and LHM dated 5/22/69 and San Francisco letter and LHM dated 5/14/69.

Referenced communications refer to a 32 page pamphlet published by the National Office of SDS entitled "SDS Work-In, 1968: Toward a Worker-Student Alliance." The Bureau is unable to locate a copy of this pamphlet and you are requested to immediately obtain a copy of it and furnish to the Bureau. Furthermore, it is desired that you ascertain if this pamphlet is actually a proposal of the National Office of SDS or is part of a program instituted by the Progressive Labor Party faction within this organization.

WNP:laa  
(4)

--

REC 18

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_



59 JUN 3 - 1969  
MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

2723  
19 MAY 28 1969

F B I

Date: 5/20/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: *AWJ/WFC* DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS  
OO: Chicago

According to "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, its 5/13/69 issue on page 6 under the heading "Constitutional" reflected a most significant change in the preamble to the SDS constitution. The change is set forth as follows:

- ② - Bureau (RM)  
 1 - Albany (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Albuquerque (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Baltimore (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Boston (100-35472) (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Buffalo (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Cincinnati (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Cleveland (100-27031) (RM)  
 1 - Dallas (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Denver (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Detroit (100-30957) (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Houston (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Indianapolis (100-14604) (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Kansas City (Info) (RM)  
 1 - Los Angeles (100-66519) (Info) (RM)

DEC 17/00-434018-2724  
 3 MAY 22 1969

IMP SEC.

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_



**"Preamble: Change to read:**

**"Students for a Democratic Society is an organization of revolutionary youth. We stand together with the struggles of oppressed peoples throughout the world. We support the just demands of the Black, Asian, and Latin peoples for self-determination. We are part of the international movement against imperialist exploitation and aggression. We oppose the capitalist system and its inevitable by-products, racism and imperialism. We believe that racism must be fought at every turn, for American capitalism, ever since it was founded on the slave trade, has used racism to oppress people of color at home and around the world and to prevent working people within this country from uniting in struggle against their real enemies. American capitalism, in its unending search for bigger profits, has bled the people of Asia, Africa, and Latin America - and the working people of the world are rising up in just struggles against imperialism and are defeating the forces of exploitation and oppression."**

**"SDS, as an organization of youth, recognizes and will fight back against the special ways in which imperialism oppresses young people - we are forced to fight and die in its wars; we are trained by its schools for meaningless or non-existent jobs and divided by channeling; we are taught racist, lying distortions of our history. For our own liberation and for the liberation of people around the world, we have come together in solidarity with the world revolutionary movement."**

**In addition to the above change in the preamble the following change in officers was noted :**

**"Article VIII, Section 1: Change 'eight other officers' to 'twenty (20) other officers.'"**

**All offices are requested to be alert for the identity of possibilities of SDS members who may become members of the National Interim Committee because of the increase from 8 to 20 which to be effective at the time of the June convention of SDS.**

CG 100-40903

- 1 - Memphis (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Miami (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Milwaukee (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Minneapolis (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New Haven (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New Orleans (Info) (RM)
- 1 - New York (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Omaha (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Philadelphia (100-46556) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Pittsburgh (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Portland (Info) (RM)
- 1 - St. Louis (Info) (RM)
- 1 - San Antonio (100-9838) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - San Francisco (100-52152) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Springfield (Info) (RM)
- 1 - WFO (Info) (RM)
- 2 - Chicago (100-40903)

RRG/sjf  
(34)

SAC, Chicago (100-40903)

5/28/69

REC 17. Director, FBI (100-439048)-2724

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS

Reurairtel dated 5/20/69.

It is desired that you promptly submit information set forth in referenced airtel in LHM form so that it can be disseminated to the Department and other interested agencies. It is presumed that these changes have already been made in the preamble to the SDS constitution and are not proposed changes.

WNP:laa  
(4)

NOTE:

In general, changes in preamble make reference to SDS as "organization of revolutionary youth which is part of the international movement against imperialist exploitation and aggression." The preamble also notes that the National Interim Committee of SDS will increase from 8 to 20 individuals to effective at the time of the SDS National Convention to be held in June, 1969.



Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

278  
5 JUN 4 1969  
TELETYPE UNIT ☐



100-439645-2725

**CHANGED TO**

100-439645-53-171X

**SEP 12 1969**

100-439645

A TELETYPE

MAY 23 1969

ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

WA 15 804PM BCK

URGENT 5-23-69 BCK

TO DIRECTOR

CODED

FROM CHICAGO (100-44715) 2P

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILLINOIS; IS - SDS.

DEMONSTRATIONS (TWO) AT NU, EVANSTON, ILLINOIS, MAY TWO FOUR, NEXT AND MAY TWO SEVEN, NEXT; STAG; OO: CHICAGO.

SOURCE, RELIABLE, ADVISED THIS DATE EXPECTED DEMONSTRATION BY SDS AT NU MAY TWO FOUR NEXT. PURPOSE OF DEMONSTRATION IS TO DISRUPT SPEECH OF ROSCOE MILLER, CHANCELLOR, NU, WHICH IS SCHEDULED TO BE GIVEN BEFORE MEETING OF PARENTS OF NU STUDENTS.

SOURCE ALSO ADVISED GENERAL STRIKE OF NU STUDENTS IS EXPECTED TO OCCUR ON MAY TWO SEVEN, NEXT. STRIKING STUDENTS WILL REFUSE TO ATTEND CLASS THAT DATE. STRIKE IS A PROTEST AGAINST ROTC AT NU, AND IS A SYMPATHY STRIKE FOR STUDENTS PREVIOUSLY DISCIPLINED AS A RESULT OF DEMONSTRATIONS AT NU.

END PAGE ONE

To White House, AG, Secret Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, OSI, DIA, by tel 5-26-69.

25 MAY 28 1969

59 JUN 9-1969

CC: Auto DAG; AAG; CIVIL b7c, NIS, IDIU, Vice-President 5-26-69.

PAGE TWO

EVANSTON PD COGNIZANT. USA, SECRET SERVICE AND MILITARY  
ADVISED.

ADMINISTRATIVE

[REDACTED]

B1

FOLLOWS.

END

YNIO

FJB

FBI WASH DC

COMM  
FBI  
WASH DC



100-439048-2727  
**CHANGED TO**  
100-439048-31-166

*PH*  
JUN 25 1969

*Mr/ail*

1041 FOX

5-21-69 BCK

TELETYPE CODE

PPH CHICAGO (155-47625) 2P

11/10 POSSIBLE DEMONSTRATION AGAINST MAJOR CITY POLICE DEPARTMENTS,  
OFFICERS CONFERENCE, AT UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS CIRCLE  
CAMPUS, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, MAY TWO FIVE - THIRTY, NEXT; IS -  
STAG.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY THAT STUDENTS FOR A DEMO-  
CRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) PRESENTED DEMAND FOR REMOVAL OF CAPTIONED  
CONFERENCE FROM THE UNIVERSITY, TO CHANCELLOR NORMAN PARKER,  
UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS CIRCLE CAMPUS.

AT NOON TODAY CHANCELLOR PARKER ADVISED A GROUP OF APPROXI-  
MATELY FORTY STUDENTS, WHO WENT TO DEMAND AN ANSWER, THAT THE  
UNIVERSITY INTENDED TO PURSUE THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE CURRICULUM,  
AND THAT CAPTIONED CONFERENCE WOULD BE HELD. STUDENTS DIS-  
MISSED WITH NO INCIDENTS OR ARRESTS.

PAGE ONE

100-11-1000-  
NOT RECORDED  
98 MAY 26 1969

100-11-1000-  
NOT RECORDED  
98 MAY 26 1969

59 JUN 3-1969

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-11-1000-913

SECOND SOURCE, RELIABLE, ADVISED TODAY THAT SDS PLANNED  
TO MEET AT ONE P.M., MAY TWO TWO, NEXT, TO PROTEST CAPTIONED  
CONFERENCE. FRED HAMPTON OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY, AND  
JOE L. LEMMONS, OF YOUNG LORDS ORGANIZATION, A PUERTO RICO  
YOUTH GANG, SCHEDULED TO SPEAK.

FIRST SOURCE FURTHER ADVISED SDS PLANNED TO TAKE OVER  
FLOOR OF BUILDING, HOUSING THE OFFICE OF THE CAPTIONED CON-  
FERENCE. SDS PLANS TO ENCOURAGE OTHERS TO SIT IN, AND KEEP  
THEM FROM KNOWING SDS BEHIND TAKE-OVER.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES  
ADVISED.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

REMYTEL MAY SEVEN, LAST. FIRST SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SECOND SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CHICAGO

FOLLOWING CLOSELY. NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END

FEB

FBI WASH DCZ

B7D



Date of Mail

5/21/69

Has been removed and placed in the Special File Room of Records Branch.

See File 66-2554-7530 for authority.

*SDS.**Don.*

Subject

*4/7*  
JUNE MAIL**99 JUN 3 1969**

Removed By

File Number

100-439048- ✓*2/*  
Permanent Serial Charge Out

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 5/22/69

In regard to Yeagley's request for specific information in this matter, it is noted informant has previously advised that he has no specific information to report, only general information which would indicate that Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) national leaders have a source in the Department. Chicago has previously been advised to have all SDS informants in Chicago area closely follow this matter and pursue any logical leads without jeopardizing their status.

A copy of this letter is being sent to Chicago with instructions to possibly obtain more information.

WNP:chs

*WCS  
HOK  
CPL*

*[Handwritten mark]*

*[Handwritten checkmark]*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: May 23, 1969

FROM : C. D. Brennan

1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan  
1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

[REDACTED] secretary to Mr. Kent B. Crane, Assistant to the Vice President, telephonically contacted the Bureau on behalf of Mr. Crane who is at the present time hospitalized at Georgetown University Hospital recovering from injuries sustained in an automobile accident. [REDACTED] indicated that Crane was interested in having copies of material distributed by the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) representatives on how to commit sabotage and make bombs as well as pamphlet produced by SDS within the last year regarding "Work-In" projects contemplated by SDS. B7C

The pamphlets referred to by Mr. Crane have previously received wide dissemination at the Bureau and the President, Vice President, other Government officials and agencies are aware of their existence and content.

We are, therefore, forwarding to Mr. Crane in accordance with his request two pamphlets distributed by SDS on how to commit sabotage and make bombs and the SDS "Work-In Organizers Manual." This material has previously been brought to your attention.

## RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum and attached letter to the Vice President, Attention: Mr. Kent B. Crane, be referred to Crime Records Division for appropriate handling.

Enclosure

100-439048

WNP:jms  
(7)

ST. 115

REC-33

2 MAY 28 1969

(RETURN TO DELOACH: 5/28/69  
FOR DELIVERY BY  
SAC, PHOENIX)

WEL

OK ✓

100-439048-2729

5-2-1969



1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan

May 26, 1969

BY LIAISON

1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford  
1 - [REDACTED]

Honorable Spiro T. Agnew  
The Vice President  
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. Kent B. Crane  
Room 296  
Executive Office Building

My dear Mr. Vice President:

In regard to the request by Mr. Crane for material distributed by the Students for a Democratic Society on how to commit sabotage and make bombs, there is enclosed one copy each of two pamphlets distributed by this organization concerning this matter.

There is also enclosed a copy of a pamphlet distributed this year by the Students for a Democratic Society captioned "Work-In Organizers Manual" which was also requested by Mr. Crane. This manual outlines a program to disrupt the operations of industrial plants and business establishments during the coming summer by conducting a propaganda campaign among the workers.

Sincerely yours,

DELIVERED

on

Enclosures (3)

REC-33

100-439048 -2729

WNP:jms

(8)

NOTE:

See memorandum C. D. Brennan to Mr. W. C. Sullivan dated 5/23/69, captioned "Students for a Democratic Society, Internal Security - Students for a Democratic Society, prepared by WNP:jms.

56 JUN 5 1969

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
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Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

VIA TELETYPE

MAY 24 1969

ENCIPHERED REC-33

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

WA 05 425PM DJS

URGENT 5-24-69 DJS

TO DIRECTOR CODE

FROM CHICAGO 2P

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), NORTHWESTERN  
UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILLINOIS, IS - SDS (100-44715).  
DEMONSTRATION AT NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY MAY TWENTY FOUR  
AND MAY TWENTY SEVEN NINETEEN SIXTY NINE, IS - SDS (100-NEW)

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED THAT TODAY APPROXIMATELY  
EIGHTY STUDENTS SPONSORED BY SDS GATHERED AT DEERING MEADOW  
NU AT APPROXIMATELY EIGHT THIRTY AM AND SUBSEQUENTLY MARCHED  
TO CAHN HALL PROTESTING NROTC ON THE NU CAMPUS. STUDENTS  
ATTEMPTED TO ENTER CAHN HALL WHERE UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT  
ROSCOE MILLER WAS ADDRESSING VISITING PARENTS BUT WERE REFUSED  
ENTRY BY SECURITY FORCES FROM UNIVERSITY. GROUP THEN  
GATHERED NEAR BUILDING AND VOICED DISSENT AS TO THE  
MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION  
CONTINUATION OF THE NROTC PROGRAM AT NU. AT APPROXIMATELY

ELEVEN THIRTY AM ROGER FRIEDMAN, SDS MEMBER GRANTED PERMISSION

END PAGE ONE

To White House, AG, Secret  
Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI,  
OSI, DIA, by tel 5-26-69

ST-116

CC's to DAG; AAG; CIVIL RIGHTS,  
CRIMINAL, NIS,  
IDIU, Vice President 5-26-69

778  
JUN 4 1969

REC-33

289

5-2

2730

PAGE TWO

TO SPEAK TO PARENTS; HOWEVER, WHEN HE STARTED PARENTS BOOING  
DROWNED OUT SPEECH. GROUP DISBURSED WITHOUT FURTHER INCIDENT.

EVANSTON PD WAS NOT REQUESTED TO ASSIST SECURITY  
POLICE AND NO ARRESTS MADE. CAMPUS PRESENTLY CALM.

SOURCE ADVISED PHOTOGRAPHS AND MOVIES WERE TAKEN OF  
DISSENTERS WHICH WILL BE PRESENTED TO UNIVERSITY DISCIPLINARY  
BOARD FOR WHATEVER ACTION THEY DEEM APPROPRIATE.

USA, SECRET SERVICE AND MILITARY ADVISED. LOCAL PD  
COGNIZANT.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE CHICAGO TEL TO BUREAU MAY TWENTY THREE LAST. FIRST  
SOURCE MENTIONED ABOVE IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SECOND SOURCE MENTIONED ABOVE IS [REDACTED] B7D

[REDACTED] CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY. LHM

FOLLOWS.

END

LRC FBI WASH DC

COPY SENT. .IDIU



100-439048-273/  
**CHANGED TO**  
62-114196-2

F178  
**APR 20 1971**

M. J. / J. J.

100-439048-2732

**CHANGED TO**

100-439048-177-07X

**SEP 12 1969**

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VIA TELETYPE  
MAY 27 1969  
ENCIPHERED

WA 11 450PM EOM

URGENT 5-27-69 EOM

TO DIRECTOR CODE

FROM CHICAGO (100-44715) 2P

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), NORTHWESTERN  
UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILL. IS-SDS; DEMONSTRATIONS AT NU,  
MAY TWENTYFOUR, TWENTYSEVEN, TWENTYNINE, NEXT. IS-M. STAG.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY APPROXIMATELY FOUR HUNDRED  
NU STUDENTS ASSEMBLED AT TECH HALL, NU CAMPUS, AT ABOUT ONE  
THIRTY PM TO HEAR SPEECHES OPPOSING CONTINUATION OF ROTC  
PROGRAM AT NU. SPEECHES MADE BY INDIVIDUALS WHO IDENTIFIED  
SELVES AS CURRENT OR FORMER MEMBERS OF ROTC. SOURCE ADVISED  
MEETING WAS ORDERLY AND THERE HAVE BEEN NO INCIDENTS OR ARRESTS.

SOURCE FURTHER ADVISED THAT ON MAY TWENTYNINE NEXT AT ROTC  
GRADUATION CEREMONIES AT NU, SCHOOL AUTHORITIES ANTICIPATE  
RADICAL STUDENTS WILL TRY TO DISRUPT CEREMONIES TO INDICATE  
THEIR OPPOSITION TO ROTC PROGRAM. ROTC GRADUATION CEREMONIES  
WILL BE HELD AT DYCHE STADIUM IF WEATHER PERMITS. NU SECURITY

FORCE WILL UTILIZE SERVICES OF ABOUT FORTY EVANSTON POLICE  
DURING ROTC CEREMONIES. To White House, AG, Secret  
Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, OSI, DIA, by tel 5-28-69.

END PAGE ONE

55 JUN 9 1969

WPC  
CG's to DAG; AAG; CIVIL RIGHTS  
IDIU, Vice President 5-28-69.

52



PAGE TWO

SOURCE ADVISED SDS AT NU WILL PROBABLY BE ACTIVE IN ANY  
ATTEMPT TO DISRUPT ROTC GRADUATION.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY ADVISED. EVANSTON PD  
COGNIZANT.

ADMINISTRATIVE. REMYTELS MAY TWENTYTHREE, TWENTYFOUR  
LAST.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] B7D

CHICAGO FOLLOWING AND BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED.

LHM FOLLOWS.

END

NSM

FBI WASH DC

[REDACTED] B7C  
COPY SENT

IDIU

FBI

Date: 5/26/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS - SDS  
OO: CHICAGORe Chicago airtel and LHM dated 5/21/69,  
captioned "SDS - SUMMER WORK".Enclosed herewith are 11 copies for the Bureau  
and one copy for each office so designated, of a  
Letterhead Memorandum (LHM), captioned "SDS SUMMER  
WORK - CHICAGO REGION".APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY ROUTING

SLIP (S) OF 5/28/69

DATE 5/28/69

- ③ - Bureau (RM) (Enc. 11)  
1 - 100- (PLP)  
1 - Atlanta (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Cleveland (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Detroit (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Houston (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
1 - Milwaukee (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
1 - New York (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
1 - San Francisco (Info) (RM) (Enc. 1)  
2 - Chicago  
1 - 100-47094 (Chicago Region)

RRG:kms  
(12)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER., SONE

RAO (SS, ONI, CD) RDU

DATE FORW. 6/3/69

HOW FORW. R/S

MAY 28 1969

51 JUN 6 1969 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

Classified by 1R59

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

100-439048-2734



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Chicago, Illinois ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
May 26, 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

**STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
SUMMER WORK - CHICAGO REGION**

In late May, 1969, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that during the week of May 11 - 17, 1969, a meeting of SDS National and Regional Staff committed to the implementation of a "revolutionary youth movement", was held in Chicago. No Progressive Labor Party (PLP) activists were present and the tenor of this meeting was totally opposed to the PLP "Work-in Project" which places the emphasis for the summer on industrial work. An extensive discussion was held concerning summer work for SDS members in the Chicago Region area and the following points were the result of this discussion:

As of May 11 - 17, 1969, there was no stipulated regional summer work program for SDS in Chicago.

The discussion at this meeting concerned the means and methods to develop community activities as the primary effort for SDS members in the summer of 1969.

Industrial work was not considered in the discussion and the thinking of the leadership, both National and Chicago Regional, on industrial work, was

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 2333  
ON 1-6-76  
GAJ/RDB

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

323001 19 1970

ENCLOSURE

CONF

Classified by 1054 3/2/1  
Exempt from GDS, Category 1  
Date of Declassification Indefinite



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
SUMMER WORK - CHICAGO REGION

As described by a statement made during this  
meeting to the effect that the SDS people are

The underlying emphasis during the discussion  
was that SDS people should avoid arrests and  
be involved in negotiations with police and  
authorities. The plan was to develop summer  
work on an individual basis. It was  
recently suggested to form a loose city-  
wide organizers group to exchange experiences and  
possibly coordinate some activities, but no plans  
were formally made to initiate such a group.

A characterization of SDS and PLP are  
attached.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

The "New York Times" city edition Tuesday, April 20, 1965, page 27, reported that a new party of "revolutionary socialism" was formally founded on April 18, 1965, under the name of the PLP, which had been known as the Progressive Labor Movement.

According to the article, "The Progressive Labor Movement was founded in 1962, by Milton Rosen and Mortimer Scheer after they were expelled from the Communist Party of the United States for assertedly following the Chinese Communist line."

A source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP held its Second National Convention in New York City May 31 to June 2, 1968, at which time the PLP reasserted its objective of the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism-Leninism. This is to be accomplished through the Party's overall revolutionary strategy of raising the consciousness of the people and helping to provide ideological leadership in the working class struggle for state power.

The source also advised that at the Second National Convention Milton Rosen was unanimously re-elected National Chairman of the PLP and Levi Laub, Fred Jerome, Jared Israel, William Epton, Jacob Rosen, Jeffrey Gordon and Walter Linder were elected as the National Committee to lead the PLP until the next convention.

The PLP publishes "Progressive Labor," a bimonthly magazine; "World Revolution," a quarterly periodical; and "Challenge-Desafio," a monthly newspaper.

The August, 1968, issue of "Challenge-Desafio" sets forth that "above all, this paper is dedicated to the fight for a new way of life-where the working men and women own and control their homes, factories, the police, courts, and the entire Government on every level."

The source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP utilizes an address of General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn, New York, and also utilizes an office in Room 617, 1 Union Square West, New York, New York.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



611  
0  
44 n.  
(C) STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY - SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION CHARACTERIZATION -- Set forth below is a current characterization of Students for a Democratic Society which should be utilized in the future when it is necessary to characterize this organization in investigative reports and other types of communications.

### STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

A source has advised that the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. From an initial ideological posture of "participatory democracy," the current line of the national leadership reveals an adherence to Marxism-Leninism. Michael Klonsky, National Secretary, in March, 1969, called for the building of a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist movement. The program of SDS has moved from involvement in civil rights struggles to an anti-Vietnam war position and finally to its present advocacy of an anti-imperialist line, linking up the oppressed peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America with the black liberation movement in the United States. China, Vietnam and Cuba are regarded as countries which are leading the world-wide struggles against United States imperialism. On the other hand, SDS regards the Soviet Union as an imperialist power and does not support the policies of that country.

SDS maintains a National Office in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois. Its official paper "New Left Notes" reflects the line of the national leadership and program adopted at meetings of the National Council and National Interim Committee (NIC). Three national officers and a NIC of eleven members are elected each year during a June National Convention.

SDS Regional Offices and university and college chapters elect delegates to National Council meetings wherein program and ideology are debated, but each Region and chapter is autonomous in nature and is free to carry out independent policy and programs reflective of local conditions.

[REDACTED] B1  
5/27/69  
SAC LETTER 69-30

100-437043-2

NOT RECORDED  
167 JUL 2 1969

55 JUN 16 1969

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-11-501

FBI

Date:

5/23/69

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)

IS-SDS

OO: CHICAGO

GENERAL

The current location for the SDS National Convention (NC) apparently has not been set even though the dates 6/9-15/69 are firm. To date informants have only been able to advise that the NC will be in the midwest and that a camp (possibly Circle Pine Center) in Michigan will be utilized).

The recent National Council meetings in Austin, Texas, in 3/69 and Ann Arbor, Michigan, in 12/68 revealed a number of excellent informants as judged by their respective informant reports. Inasmuch as the forthcoming NC will be most important to the future direction of SDS, Chicago urges all offices having quality informants to request Bureau authorization for their respective coverage of this NC.

The 5/13/69 issue of "New Left Notes" revealed a constitutional change wherein the National Interim Committee (NIC) will be increased from eight to 20. This not only

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - Boston (RM)
- 2 - Buffalo (RM)
- 2 - Cleveland (RM)
- 2 - Dallas (RM)
- 2 - Detroit (RM)
- 2 - Indianapolis (RM)
- 2 - Los Angeles (RM)
- 2 - Miami (RM)
- 2 - Milwaukee (RM)
- 2 - Newark (RM)
- 2 - New Haven (RM)
- 2 - New York (RM)
- 2 - New Orleans (RM)
- 2 - Philadelphia (RM)
- 2 - St. Louis (RM)
- 2 - Denver (RM)

- 2 - San Antonio (RM)
- 2 - San Francisco (RM)
- 2 - Washington Field (RM)
- 2 - Chicago
- 1-100-47094 (Chicago Region)
- RRG:mab
- (42)

REC-38 100-439048-2735

MAY 24 1969

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SSJ/Jan  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 1  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION 1/1/00  
Sent

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



51 JUN 6 1969

Hand to  
Bureau  
by 5/27/69  
5/27/69

WCS/p  
C.D. [unclear]  
Shank [unclear]  
B7C



[REDACTED]

A large, solid black rectangular redaction covers the majority of the page content, obscuring all text and graphics. The redaction is positioned centrally, leaving only the header and footer areas visible. The edges of the redacted area are slightly irregular, suggesting it was applied manually or with a tool that allowed for some flexibility in its placement. The background of the page is white, and the redaction itself is a uniform, opaque black.



CG 100-40903

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In this regard the Bureau's advice is solicited as work in the NO would require the movement of an informant to Chicago necessitating an assessment of payment commensurate with the value of information such coverage would provide. There is no question but that this kind of coverage is an absolute necessity and will be of tremendous worth in answering the great volume of requests made by all offices in resolving regional and chapter matters as well as individuals functioning at these levels. The relationship of the National Office to regional offices and chapters will become more and more important as SDS arrives at an ideological consensus through which organizational cohesiveness will follow.

The immediate problem is then twofold: one, that quality informants on a regional and chapter level be directed to point their sights to membership on the NIC and if this is not feasible then to associate closely with those who are so elected, and secondly consider means by which an informant can transfer to Chicago to work in the NO thereby providing a base for future national leadership on his part. In these instances Chicago is specifically referring to quality informants, e.g., those who have shown a grasp of Marxism-Leninism and who have a penchant for ideological matters and/or who are persuaded to organizational work and who can aggressively prove his worth in this capacity. Obviously an informant who is closely aligned with Progressive Labor Party (PLP) forces cannot reasonably change his direction prior to the NC. Then too the possibility continues to exist that PLP will again attempt a takeover, hence the need for this aspect of SDS/PLP coverage.

The comments of each offices are solicited in this matter, and it is requested that such commentary be forwarded to the Bureau and Chicago at the earliest time in order that the most accurate assessment possible may be afforded this highly important aspect to the Bureau's national coverage.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RECEIVED 5-59-69 LJP  
TO DIRECTOR PLAINTEXT  
FROM CHICAGO IP

POSSIBLE BURNING UNITED STATES ARMY INDUCTION CENTER,  
SIX ONE FIVE WEST VAN BUREN, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, MAY THIRTY  
INSTANT, BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) - RM; STUDENTS FOR A  
DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) - IS - SDS.

COLONEL W. MC BEE, UNITED STATES ARMY INDUCTION CENTER,  
CHICAGO, ADVISED INSTANT THAT THERE HAD BEEN NO INCIDENTS  
IN OR AROUND THE INDUCTION CENTER AS OF THREE THIRTY PM TODAY.  
PERSONNEL, INDUCTION CENTER, ARE AWARE OF REPORTED THREAT  
THAT INDUCTION CENTER WOULD BE BURNED BY MEMBERS OF SDS AND BPP  
TODAY. CHICAGO POLICE ARE ON THE SCENE AT THE INDUCTION CENTER.  
HOWEVER, THERE HAS BEEN NO INDICATION SO FAR TODAY THAT THREATS  
WILL BE CARRIED OUT. MILITARY PERSONNEL AND LOCAL POLICE ON SCENE  
CONTINUE TO BE ALERT RE THIS THREAT. MILITARY, USA, SECRET SERVICE  
ADVISED. CGPD COGNIZANT.

ADMINISTRATIVE

NOT RECORDED

141 JUN 4 1969

RE CHICAGO TEL FIVE TWENTYNINE LAST.

CHICAGO CONTINUING TO FOLLOW CLOSELY AND BUREAU WILL BE  
FURTHER ADVISED ONLY IN THE EVENT OF UNUSUAL INCIDENT OR  
ARRESTS. NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED. J

CORRECTION CORRECTION FOURTH LINE OF TEXT, SEVENTH

JUL 14 1969

REPORTED TO:

7-0 JUN 10 1969

COPIES SENT - 100

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-



945  
B

[REDACTED]  
May 22, 1969

B7C

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I recently received a copy of a newsletter issued by  
the Georgia Chamber of Commerce entitled "Students  
For A Democratic Society", Plan summer workin at  
manufacturing plants. [REDACTED] GENERAL

It is difficult for me to understand how a group  
such as the SDS can continue undertake a program  
of advocating revolution in the U.S.

Many of the professional people I come in contact  
with are deeply concerned about these groups and  
why the Justice Department doesn't take some action.  
It appears to me that the local and state authorities  
are not capable of controlling these individuals and  
groups effectively. This leaves the Federal Government

as the logical enforcer of the laws to prevent these  
disruptive activities/now confronting this country.

Sincerely,  
[REDACTED]

B7C

CORRESPONDENCE

2736

5 JUN 2 1969

ACK:  
JMC, jaw  
-111





# Industrial Relations

News

1200 COMMERCE BUILDING

ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303

524-8481

## "STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY" PLAN SUMMER WORK-IN AT MANUFACTURING PLANTS

The Students for A Democratic Society (SDS) who distinguish themselves with their radical, left-wing disruptive activities on the nation's campuses, are apparently preparing to branch out into manufacturing plants. The following student summer work-in plan, published verbatim, is food for serious thought.

We hope this SDS program will not prejudice the chances of college students to obtain summer employment since SDS is a very small minority of college students.

But employers should be alert to problems posed by this SDS program. Know the background of college students considered for summer employment. Make plans as to the best manner of handling suspected trouble-makers.

April 29, 1969

S.D.S.  
STUDENT SUMMER WORK-IN

you are a student (unless you have sounded out the situation before hand by sending someone who doesn't really want the job to ask questions, etc.). If you can't say you're a student, you will have to come in as a high-school graduate with a "former place of employment" for the past 1-4 years. Talk about this with your group beforehand to work things out. In most cases indicate that whatever you did on your previous job involved some kind of manual work. You're not afraid of real work, is the idea to get across.

Be familiar with whatever type of transportation will get you to work or say you 'have a friend who works nearby'. Some places won't hire you if they think you are a potential late-comer.

Draft status may be a problem, since 1-Y or even 4-F applicants are usually turned down and 2-S immediately reveal your student status. Try not to mention it and use your wits if they do.

If you use a "background" story make sure your former boss knows about it, and make sure you were "laid off" due to slow business, etc. and not fired. Choose a salary approximate to the job for which you are applying or a little less and make sure your former boss knows this too.

If you take an aptitude test, don't show off. On a time test, answer about half the questions or they may be suspicious and want to use you in the "front office". Sometimes it is hard to judge, and if possible it is good for someone to test out the situation for you.

If you have any physical defects which can't be detected from a normal physical exam, don't mention them. Companies are wary of hiring someone with previous injuries which could be re-injured, creating the basis for a suit.

You should be at your first place looking at around 8:30 or 9:00, and don't go to your last place any later than noon. Otherwise they'll think you never get up till noon. Generally, don't wear a suit, but don't dress like a slob or a hippy. Sports jacket/dress with low heels usually will do.

If you have to sign a "non-communism" or "non-subversive" company is doing govt. work (this would be stated). Discuss this with the group if you are unclear.

craft, nationality, etc. to separate workers; it is easier to sit on them if they are divided, etc. The illusions created by the coming elections will be hard to combat. We can't expect wild things in three months, but we can begin to question, to point out relationships they might not have thought about or might be afraid to express out loud, and we can begin to learn how to express these ideas without being presumptuous or arrogant. Try talking to receptive individuals; don't start by using a lunchroom for a "soap box oration". Discuss the use of literature, when to use, what kind.

Try to make a few friends to last beyond the summer, and try to get their addresses and phone numbers before you leave the job. Otherwise, it might be hard to contact them again. Concentrate on making new friends, even join a bowling team, etc.

Don't talk to workers like you know everything and they know nothing. First of all, it's not true (probably the reverse). Even if you do know more about the specifics of the Geneva Agreements or statistics on Black Oppression, that doesn't mean that by making a speech you'll get the facts across. Be patient; make it an exchange of experience, not a one-way affair. We will all make mistakes; don't give up! Discuss things with the group. The workers were all rookies once, but they survived because they had to; they had to eat.

Try to record your experiences by day or week. Just a few notes about relevant events will be invaluable for other people participating in the Work-In, for those next summer and for other publicity such as a regional newsletter or New Left Notes (or any other).

Come to work on time! Lateness is the first cause of being fired in a trial period. Don't start broadside against the union leadership. Listen, ask questions about grievances and perhaps suggest types of fights if you can think of something. But don't feel compelled to give leadership on all questions. One important result of your job may just be an appreciation of what workers are up against in their fight against the boss, the govt. and sellout union leadership. Knowledge of the in-plant gripes will help if there is to be follow-up along the lines of school. You will be able to relate your efforts to actual problems inside the gates.

Don't talk about the war, many work-



May 29, 1969

REC-116

100-439048-2736

[REDACTED]

-INT

B7C

Dear Mr. [REDACTED]

I have received your letter of May 22nd, with enclosure, and can certainly understand your concern.

The FBI conducts a considerable amount of investigation regarding the activities of those individuals and organizations which seek to undermine our basic freedoms and threaten the internal security of our country. We furnish the results of our inquiries to the Department of Justice which has the responsibility for determining whether prosecution is warranted in these matters.

In view of your interest, I am enclosing material relating to some of the organizations which are involved in fomenting unrest throughout our country.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 10  
MAY 29 1969  
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (3)  
An Analysis of the New Left: A Gospel of Nihilism  
Turbulence on the Campus  
A Statement on Communism

B7C

NOTE: [REDACTED] is on the Special Correspondents List. He encloses an "Industrial Relations Newsletter" which contains information concerning the Students for a Democratic Society plans for a summer work-in/manufacturing plants, which has been previously brought to the attention of the Bureau. Bufile contain no information identifiable with the "Industrial Relations Newsletter."

LMG:saw (3)

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Bishop
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

79 JUN 12 1969 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

DATE: 5/28/69

FROM : C. D. Brennan *CDB*

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY - General  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A  
DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY *Shen*

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan *WCS*  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*WCS*  
Vice-President Agnew by letter 5/23/69, referred to a recent conference held by the Republican Governors Association, at which several Governors expressed an interest in the workings of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS). The Vice-President requested us to prepare a kit of information on SDS, which his office might make available to certain selected Governors on a restricted basis. The Vice-President requested to be advised of the possibility of this.

## OBSERVATIONS:

A document dealing exclusively with SDS is being prepared utilizing public source data which undoubtedly will fulfill the Vice-President's wishes. This document will contain a general overall history of SDS, its programs and its activities up-to-date. Accordingly, attached letter advises the Vice-President that the information he desires is being prepared and will be furnished to him upon completion.

## RECOMMENDATION:

In line with above observations, attached letter to the Vice-President be approved.

Enclosure *sent 5-29-69*

100-439048

- 1 - Mr. C.D. DeLoach
  - 1 - Mr. T.E. Bishop
  - 1 - Mr. W.C. Sullivan
  - 1 - Mr. C.D. Brennan
  - 1 - Mr. R.L. Shackelford
- WCS* *Wel* *OK* *5-mp*

WNP:crk  
(7)

BIC

59 JUN 10 1969

100-439048-273  
JUN 2 1969

1/6

WA 14 702PM BCK

URGENT 5-27-69 BCK

TO DIRECTOR PLAINTEXT

FROM CHICAGO (100-44715) 1P

VIA TELETYPE

MAY 27 1969

ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), NORTHWESTERN  
UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILLINOIS. IS-SDS. DEMONSTRATIONS  
AT NU MAY TWENTYFOUR, TWENTYSEVEN AND TWENTYNINE NEXT. IS-M  
STAG.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY MEETING OF FOUR HUNDRED  
STUDENTS AT TECH HALL ON NU CAMPUS TO PROTEST CONTINUATION OF  
ROTC PROGRAM AT NU BROKE UP FOUR FIFTEEN PM TODAY. THERE WERE  
NO INCIDENTS OR ARRESTS. SOURCE CONTINUES TO ANTICIPATE POSSIBLE  
DISRUPTIVE ACTIVITIES BY RADICAL STUDENTS AT ROTC GRADUATION  
CEREMONIES MAY TWENTYNINE NEXT.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY ADVISED. EVANSTON PD  
COGNIZANT.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

REQ 22

100-437042-2738

REMYTELS MAY TWENTYTHREE, TWENTYFOUR AND TWENTYSEVEN 2 1969

INSTANT.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

870

CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY. BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED.

LHM FOLLOWS. To White House, AG, Secret  
Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, OSI, DIA, by tel 5-24-69.

WA...JDB

COPY SENT:

IDIU

CO to DAG; AAG; CIVIL RIGHTS

FBI 5 JUN 2 1969

ROOM 903 9AD

IDIU, Vice-President 5-22-69



FBI

Date: 5/21/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)  
SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS - C  
OO:CHICAGO

The 5/13/69 issue of "New Left Notes", the official paper of SDS, reflects that the editor of "New Left Notes" is JOE TASHIRO. It is noted that until this issue, the editor during the past year has been listed as DAVID MILLSTONE.

Chicago files reflect that in 9/68, one JOE TASHIRO identified as a friend of TOM HAYDEN was from Columbia University, New York.

New York is requested to furnish background information concerning the above JOE TASHIRO and advise the Bureau and Chicago if this person is, in fact, the new editor of "New Left Notes."

For the information of the Bureau and New York, other informants familiar with SDS activities in Chicago, as of the current time due not know TASHIRO and have no background information concerning him which could be used

- 2 - Bureau
- 3 - New York (1 - 100- [redacted])
- 4 - Chicago [redacted]

RRG/slw

REC-70 100-439048-2739

MAY 23 1969

59 JUN 13 1969 Special Agent in Charge

Sent

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Per

INT. SEC.



CG 100-40903

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

to effect identification. Hence, if the New York Office has photographs of the JOE TASHIRO mentioned above, such should be forwarded to Chicago, to effect positive identification.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THE VICE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON

May 29, 1969

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover  
Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Thank you for sending me the material  
distributed by the Students for a Democratic  
Society. This information will be useful.

Kind personal regards.

Sincerely,

*Spino 2 June*  
Spiro T. Agnew

REC 18

100-4-900-2740

17 JUN 3 1969

INT/SEC

59 JUN 12 1969

EXP. PROC.

JUN 2 1969

JUN 23 1969



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 5/20/69

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS - SDS

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Reference is made to C. D. Brennan to Mr. Sullivan memorandum of 5/14/69 in which it was recommended and approved that Crime Records release to a reliable news source the manner in which the SDS copied the Progressive Labor Party's Summer Work-In Manual.

It was suggested that we utilize Ray McHugh of the Copley News Service for the story. Mr. McHugh, however, will be in Europe till the end of June and we would like to recommend that it be given to Mr. Les Whitten of the Hearst Syndicate here in Washington.

It is quite important that maximum publicity be given to the fact that the SDS is utilizing the original manual prepared by the Chinese-Communist oriented Progressive Labor Party. We have here convincing proof that the New Left is receiving its guidance from hard-core Marxist-Leninist type revolutionaries.

It is felt that by furnishing this material to the Hearst chain this important news story will be picked up promptly by the wire services and given the wide-spread publicity it merits. (Whitten is a close friend and strong Bureau supporter.)

## RECOMMENDATION:

That my office furnish the story on the SDS-Progressive Labor Party tie-in to Les Whitten of the Hearst chain.

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. Jones

HPL:mew (6)

70 JUN 17 1969

REC-86

100-439618-2741

17 JUN 3 1969

Handed into Whitten  
5/21/69

INT. SEC.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : C. D. Brennan *B/Cut*

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS - SDS

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 5/14/69

1 - Mr. R. D. Cotter  
1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan

Tolson ✓  
DeLoach ✓  
Mohr ✓  
Casper ✓  
Callahan ✓  
Conrad ✓  
Felt ✓  
Gale ✓  
Rosen ✓  
Sullivan ✓  
Tavel ✓  
Trotter ✓  
Tele. Room ✓  
Holmes ✓  
Gandy ✓

As you know and as the Director recently testified, the New Left Movement and the SDS, in particular has been increasingly showing the imprint of revolutionary communism arising from the increased influence executed by hard-line communist elements among its leadership. We have just established further significant evidence of this. It relates to the so-called Work-In Organizer's Manual being circulated by the SDS. The Manual outlines a program for a national SDS summer project, the objective of which is to infiltrate industry to create dissension and disruption among laboring elements through exploitation of political, social and economic grievances. You may recall that last week the Director asked to see a copy of this Manual. A copy was sent up to him by memorandum dated 5/8/69.

We have conducted extensive research to establish the origin of this Manual and we have now conclusively proved that it first appeared in 1967 at which time it was prepared by the militant Chinese communist-oriented Progressive Labor Party (PLP) and was then distributed as "The Vietnam Work-In Organizer's Manual." At that time the PLP was attempting to use it as a guide to revolutionary action among workers but their campaign did not achieve wide-spread success.

Clearly what has happened is that the PLP elements in the SDS have taken their original Work-In Manual and have put a new cover on it to reintroduce it as an SDS Work-In with the aim of developing a broader base of student support for this hard-line communist tactic. The comparison of the original PLP document of 1967 with the current SDS Manual shows that the two are practically identical word for word throughout with the only changes being in the name of the Manual.

REC-86

Attached is the July-August, 1967 issue of the "PL," the PLP publication which on the back cover advertised the Vietnam Work-In. Also attached is a flyer similar in nature which was then

Enclosures *sent 5-15-69*

CONTINUED - OVER

1 CDB:jkb/rel  
(7)

17 JUN 8 1969

JUN 17 1969

INT. SEC.

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

distributed by PLP elements and in which there was stated that an Organizer's Manual was being prepared for wide distribution in Spring, 1967, in connection with the Vietnam Work-In Organizer's Manual. Finally, there is attached a copy of the SDS Work-In Manual to show that it is word for word identical with the 1967 Manual.

This revelation further substantiates the Director's testimony that the New Left Movement is increasingly showing the imprint of hard-core Marxist-Leninist communist revolutionaries. We feel it would be appropriate to call this to the attention of the President, Vice President, Attorney General, Secretary of Defense, Secretary of State and Director of Central Intelligence Agency. Accordingly, there are attached appropriate letters calling this to their attention. In addition, it is felt that calling attention to this on a nation-wide basis would help significantly to smash this hard-core communist effort to penetrate industry by showing it for what it is. There is nothing classified about these documents and it is felt that following dissemination of this information to appropriate government officials, the Crime Records Division should develop this as a story to be circulated by a nationally syndicated, prominent and respected columnist to show that the Director has put a finger on this and exposed it.

RECOMMENDATION:

1. That the attached letters to the <sup>Assistant to the President</sup> President, <sup>KISSINGER</sup> Vice President, Attorney General, Secretary of Defense, Secretary of State and Director of Central Intelligence Agency be approved.

2. That this memorandum be forwarded to the Crime Records Division and handled in line with above observations.

OK  
H 2 -

See memo 5/20/69 -  
Story handled with Les Whitton  
Hurst chron 5/21/69



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : C. D. Brennan *B*

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY -  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY *b7c*

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: May 28, 1969

1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan *WCS*

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1  
1

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_

You have previously been advised that SDS plans to hold its 1969 National Convention from 6/9-15/69 at an unknown site in the Midwest. SDS national leaders have been attempting to obtain the use of college facilities for this convention, however, have been unable to do so. It is possible that an unknown camp site in Michigan will be utilized to accommodate the 2,000 - 3,000 anticipated participants at this convention.

## OBSERVATIONS:

Although the exact site of the convention is not known, we should alert the field at this time to the convention and instruct it to afford the convention maximum coverage. We are also recommending that the Crime Records Division alert cooperative news sources who may be able to publicize the convention and its participants which will not only include the militant and revolutionary SDS members but individuals representing the pro-Chinese communist Progressive Labor Party, the Communist Party, and the Trotskyite youth group, Young Socialist Alliance.

It is essential that we do afford maximum coverage of the convention to positively determine SDS programs, the extent of influence by other subversive groups and the identification of newly elected officers and delegates to the convention. We are, therefore, alerting the field to afford intensified coverage of the convention through appropriate informants and established sources.

## RECOMMENDATION:

In line with above observations attached airtel to all offices be approved.

Enclosure *5-29-69*  
100-439048 *WEL TELER*

WNP:lvh  
(8) *lvh*

REC-119

100-439048-2743  
17 JUN 3 1969

59 JUN 2 1969

*5*  
*b7c*



WA 23 1010PM LJP

URGENT 5-29-69 LJP

TO DIRECTOR PLAINTEXT

FROM CHICAGO (100-47729) 2P

VIA TELETYPE

MAY 29 1969

ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILLINOIS. IS - SDS.

DEMONSTRATIONS AT NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY MAY TWENTYFOUR, TWENTYSEVEN AND TWENTYNINE INSTANT. IS - SDS.

BUAGENT OBSERVED ATTEMPTS BY ABOUT TWO HUNDRED RADICAL STUDENTS TO DISRUPT NAVAL ROTC GRADUATION CEREMONIES AT MC GALL HALL, NU, TODAY. AFTER STUDENTS BECAME AGGRESSIVE IN ATTEMPTING TO ENTER MC GALL HALL, EVANSTON POLICE TASK FORCE INTERVENED AND DISPERSED CROWD FROM ENTRANCE.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED ONLY ONE INDIVIDUAL WAS ARRESTED AS A RESULT OF THE INTERVENTION OF THE EVANSTON, ILLINOIS, PD AT NU. THIS INDIVIDUAL WAS IDENTIFIED AS CYRIL ~~FEFER~~, AGE FORTYTWO, OF WILMETTE, ILLINOIS.

B. APPROX. 1927

TWO NU SECURITY POLICE WERE JOSTLED DURING THEIR CONTACTS WITH NU STUDENTS BUT SUSTAINED NO INJURY. NO CHARGES HAVE BEEN PLACED BY THE UNIVERSITY AT THIS TIME AGAINST ANY STUDENTS PARTICIPATING IN DISRUPTIVE EFFORTS.

THE NROTC GRADUATION ENDED AT APPROXIMATELY FIVE TWENTY PM

TODAY WITHOUT OTHER INCIDENTS OR ARRESTS.

END PAGE ONE

59 JUN 13 1969

To White House, AG, Secret Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, OSI, DIA, by tel 6-2-41.

CO's to PAG; AG; CIVILIAN  
EDU, Vice-President 6-2-69

100-437048-2744

JUN 3 1969

PAGE TWO

RENNIE DAVIS, WHO IS UNDER FEDERAL GRAND JURY INDICTMENT FOR VIOLATION OF ANTI-RIOT LAW BECAUSE OF ACTIVITIES DURING DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, IN AUGUST NINETEEN SIXTYEIGHT, WAS PRESENT DURING THIS DEMONSTRATION AND AFTER THE POLICE INTERVENTION MADE A TEN MINUTE SPEECH TO STUDENTS WHEREIN HE CASTIGATED THE PD STATING THAT THIS WAS AN EXAMPLE OF THE POLICE STATE AND HOW THE POLICE ARE RUNNING THE COUNTRY AND THAT THIS INTERVENTION WAS A SAMPLE OF THINGS TO COME.

SOURCE ADVISED ACTION MAY BE TAKEN BY THE UNIVERSITY DISPLINARY BOARD IN THE FUTURE.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, AND MILITARY ADVISED.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE CHICAGO TEL TO BUREAU TODAY. SOURCE MENTIONED

ABOVE IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY AND BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS. LHM FOLLOWS. RENNIE DAVIS SUBJECT OF CONTINUING INVESTIGATION BY CHICAGO. RE CYRIL FEFER, CHICAGO INDICES NEGATIVE, APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION BEING INITIATED CHICAGO RE FEFER.

END

LRC FBI WASH DC

COPY SENT

IDIU

B7D



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
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Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. Bishop *BW*

DATE: 5-20-69

FROM : M. A. Jones *MJ*

SUBJECT: SUGGESTION SUBMITTED BY

**CRIME RECORDS DIVISION** *b7c*

*838-69*

BACKGROUND:

The employee captioned above has submitted a suggestion that steps be taken to determine the possibility of placing an article, over Mr. Hoover's signature, in a nationally circulated magazine. This article would deal with the topic of how the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) is attempting to infiltrate high schools throughout the nation. The article would be timed for publication in late August or September when high schools are starting their new year.

OBSERVATIONS:

*b7c*  
[redacted] suggestion appears worthwhile. Many thousands of fathers, mothers, and adults are concerned about campus riots and violence. In recent weeks, the SDS has been active on the high school level, organizing chapters and encouraging young people of this age to harass their faculties and administrators. It can be expected that the school year 1969-70 will see an increase of SDS sponsored agitation. A factual article by Mr. Hoover would do much to give parents the information that they need to deal with this volatile situation.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) That this suggestion be forwarded to the Training Division for its consideration.

(2) That [redacted] be thanked by letter for her suggestion. *b7c*

Enclosure *1*

~~1 - Mr. DeLoach - Enclosure~~

1 - Mr. Bishop - Enclosure

1 - Mr. James E. Reilly - Room 5302 - Enclosure

1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure

FCS:gms

(6)

REC-33

100-439048-2745

JUN 2 1969



838-69

		Date <b>May 20, 1969</b>
To: Director, FBI	From: (Suggester's name) [REDACTED] <b>B7C</b>	Division of Assignment <b>Crime Records Division</b>
<b>SUGGESTION</b> <p>That appropriate steps be taken to determine the possibility of placing an article in a nationally known magazine on the general theme of how the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) is attempting to infiltrate high schools. This article would appear in late summer or early September at a time when high schools are resuming their activities.</p>		
Current practice or rule (Include manual citation as well as facts)		
Advantages of suggestion and annual savings (include basis for estimate) <p>This article would alert thousands of fathers, mothers, and concerned adults as to the anarchist, revolutionary tenets of the SDS. Many parents are concerned about riots and violence in our educational institutions and an article by Mr. Hoover would do much to show the facts.</p>		
Disadvantages of suggestion  <b>None</b>		
<p>(The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basis of a further claim of any nature by me, my heirs, or assigns upon the United States. I understand that I will be considered for any justified award only if my suggestion is adopted within two years after submission.)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Mr. <input type="checkbox"/> Mrs. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Miss [REDACTED] <b>B7C</b></p> <p>Signature and Title of Suggester</p>		
Recommendations and comments of Division Head <p><b>This suggestion has merit and it is recommended that it be approved.</b></p> <p><i>Thomas E. Bishop</i> Assistant Director Signature and Title</p>		
(Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only) <p><b>REC-33</b> <b>2745</b> JUN 2 1969</p>		

May 22, 1969

PERSONAL

REC-33

100-439048-2745

Federal Bureau of Investigation B7C  
Washington, D. C.

Dear [REDACTED]

I have received your suggestion that we determine the potential for placing an article in some nationally known publication concerning the attempts of the Students for a Democratic Society to infiltrate our high schools. It is a pleasure to advise you that your proposal has been adopted and appropriate steps are being taken to seek such an outlet.

The interest and concern which led you to submit this idea are indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 2

MAY 22 1969 Mr. Bishop

COMM-FBI

1 - Personnel file of [REDACTED]

1 - [REDACTED]

(5) (Suggestion 838-69 dated 5/20/69)


NOTE: Based on memorandum M. A. Jones to Mr. Bishop, 5/20/69,  
re: Suggestion Submitted by [REDACTED] Crime Records Division  
FCS:gms.

Suggests we seek to determine the possibility of placing an article in  
nationally known magazine on general theme of how Students for a Democratic  
Society is attempting to infiltrate our high schools. Such article would be  
appropriate for release at time next school year begins.

(NOTE continued page 2).

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
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Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

 B2C  
NOTE: (continued)

Matter was discussed with Domestic Intelligence Division which felt such action would be timely and worthwhile. On approval, this letter will authorize Crime Records Division to explore the possibilities of finding an appropriate outlet for such article.



Mr. Tolson\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Bishop\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan\_\_\_\_  
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Mr. Rosen\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy\_\_\_\_

May 22, 1969

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The attached publication came to me as information of a precautionary nature in defense against the current program of the Students for a Democratic Society to infiltrate industry this summer through so-called "Work-Ins". I assume you already have this information, know its source, and the specific individuals involved. I have some questions, however, to which I would appreciate answers, as follows:

- 1: Why can't these individuals listed be apprehended and tried for sedition?
- 2: It appears that the time has come for citizens to become individually militant in defense of their country against this sort of deteriorating influence. What specifically can we do?
- 3: In your opinion, what is the solution to this type of inroading — legislation, greater FBI and local police authority, or stricter laws?
- 4: This appears to be a well-organized, intelligent (although mis-directed) effort. Is there evidence of influence being applied by sources outside of the country and why doesn't the FBI act forcefully to the limit of the law in apprehending the instigators? Sedition laws are still on the books. Why are they not being enforced?

Yours very truly,

B7C

REC-81

-2746

2 MAY 26 1969

CORRESPONDENCE

ack 5-29-69

## WORK-IN

## A NATIONAL SDS SUMMER PROJECT

During the past few weeks and for several years before them, students have been demonstrating their opposition to the Vietnam war and the draft. Our demonstrations have grown, and the war has grown with them. This has been a frustrating and often demoralizing experience.

Our frustration is shared by millions of others. It comes at a time when living conditions are getting worse for the majority of the American people. The war has taken its toll--in blood and in dollars. Tens of thousands are dead and crippled. Taxes take a greater and greater share of peoples' (sic) earnings; less and less remains for food, clothing, heat, rent. But these necessities cost more. These conditions plus deteriorating schools and hospitals, increased unemployment particularly among youth, and intensified police persecution are behind the hundred (sic) of rebellions of Black people from Harlem to Watts to Washington, D

Another great movement is simultaneously shaking the country. Some say that workers are "bought off", and not interested in trying to change their conditions. But a strike wave has been sweeping the U. S. for the last several years. The New York City sanitationmen's walkout, the Memphis sanitation strike, and the national telephone strike are only three of the most recent examples. These strikes have come from rank-and-file pressure against corrupt union leaders. Nor have the workers hesitated to oppose what highly paid politicians claim is the "national interest".

OUR FRUSTRATION COMES FROM OUR ISOLATION FROM THE MILLIONS OF AMERICANS ENGAGED IN THESE STRUGGLES. Students and middle-class people also are not powerful enough to stop the war machine. Closing down our schools is not enough. Workers produce and move the goods that are used in the war, and it is they who are primarily forced to fight the war. They can stop it. When threatened with a strike by 80,000 G.E. workers, "Mr. Johnson said in his appeal that U. S. forces in Vietnam need the products of G.E.'s military output now -- not next week or next month". (Wall Street Journal. Oct. 3, 1966)

Last summer about 130 students in an anti-war movement got jobs in factories and other work sites in Boston, Rochester, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Chicago, Baltimore, Newark and New York City. This summer we hope to involve more students in the Work-In, and, using the experience of last year, do it better.

We want to combat isolation by learning about workers FROM THE WORKERS, not just from newspapers (sic) or professors. Are they "strangling the public" with unfair war propaganda? What are conditions like in factories or department stores? What do workers think about unions, union leaders, the war, the draft, and ghetto rebellions?

Bring to workers the idea that the only just demand for peace is the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. from Vietnam. To explain that Kennedy and McCarthy were enemies of labor, are not friends of the anti-war movement either. Even though "Peace" negotiations are in the making, draft calls increase and more reserves are being called up. Evidently the government is planning to stay in Vietnam, as well as leaving troops in other Southeast Asian countries, and in Africa and Latin America.

100-1131-11-114



We want to combat isolation by fighting against white racism among the work for government (etc), and the press try to whip up racism by portraying the struggles of black people as against white people. We want to show that among the hundreds of black rebellions, NOW ONE has attacked a white community. They have fought the police and the national guard, the same forces that the government employs against strikers and anti-war demonstrators.

We want to combat isolation by explaining what the struggles on our campuses are about and by showing workers that there are students who support their struggles and who want to organize other students to do so.

#### WHO CAN PARTICIPATE IN THE WORK-IN

Women play a vital role in the economy of this country. They are often discriminated against, for instance by being paid less than men doing the same job. Women students participated in the Work-In last summer, and it is absolutely necessary they do so this summer if we are to relate to women workers. Women can get in department stores, hospitals and large offices as well as in factories.

High School students have special difficulties in getting jobs. Nevertheless, a School Work-In is being organized. Contact the Work-In organizer in your area for further information.

Summer school students and others who will be unable to get jobs can play an important role in the Work-In. Throughout the summer there will be a need to put out literature at plants where we are working on the war and draft, the rebellion, the ghettos, and other important issues affecting workers. Groups doing independent, electoral work and anti-draft work can coordinate activities with the Work-In.

The Work-In is preparing an organizers' manual which discusses how and when to get a job, how to relate to workers on the job, and how to follow up the summer. Students working-in will meet in groups every week or two to share our successes, mistakes and discuss questions as they arise. The groups will help put out a newsletter describing our experiences on the job so that other students can benefit from what we are learning.

Our goal is not to organize the United States working class in one summer. We want to learn as much as we can, and to make friendships that will remain after summer with a few workers, and if possible to involve them in organized political activity. In this way, the Movement, through us, will gain some of the urgently needed ties to the workers of this country.

If you are interested in working-in, or for further information, contact:

In Manhattan	Roger Taus	662-9187	Columbia
	Chris Locklo	228-9480	N.Y.U.
	Rick Rhoads	368-2562	City College
In the Bronx	Chuck Dugan	631-3459	Fordham
In Brooklyn	Ira Perlson	633-1531	Brooklyn College
In Queens	Fernando Quijano	III-8572	Queens College
In Newark, N. J.	Joy Schulman	(201) 926-3926	Rutgers-in-Newark
In Princeton, N.J.	Macklin Smith	(609) 924-9644	Princeton University

The Work-In needs money. Please make checks payable to the "SDS Work-In". Send contributions and inquiries to: NEW YORK REGIONAL SDS WORK-IN

50 East 11th Street  
New York City, 10003



THE WORK-IN

ORGANIZERS

MANUAL

This manual is intended to help WORK-IN organizers in selecting and getting jobs. It also contains some pointers on approaches to the political issues that we will be raising and encountering at work.

CONTENTS:

- I. How to research the job situation in your area.
- II. What jobs to look for.
- III. How to get a job.
- IV. What to expect on the job.
- V. Coordinators.

These books usually cover only manufacturing. For transportation (railroad, maritime, longshore, airline, seafarer) possibly the simplest method is to consult the yellow pages of the phone directory, although there may be additional directories at the library. Consult the librarian (etc) about that. This is also true utilities, etc.

In addition, some people will already know of large plants in their area in which they or friends have worked in the past, which might be helpful since knowledge of hiring practices might be gained thereby.

## II. What jobs to look for:

Job-seekers should try to get hired in plants or transport depots that have several hundred (let's say a 400 minimum) workers. Reasons for this include: a) If we want to reach workers with literature, the potential audience is greater; b) The larger the company/facility, the better chance that it will be in a trade union, that the workers will have some sense of organization (even if they think the union is a sell-out one), and that therefore there will be a tie-in to workers nationally. In larger plants, such as GM, GM, United Airlines, Pennsy RR, etc., there is a greater tendency for workers to regard themselves as workers, with less illusions about becoming some king (etc) of boss. In small shops, where bosses & workers are closer together, more illusions exist about "moving up". c) In large plants in national unions there is a greater chance that the workers will become part of (and have a history of) mass strike movements, rebellions against sellout leaderships, conflict with the government due to "national interest" injections, etc., which might create the basis for greater mutual exchange about questions relating to opposition to the government's policies; d) the larger the company the likelier (etc) the existence of masses of unskilled jobs (assembly lines, plating etc.,) creating a better basis for hiring, especially as replacements for workers vacations. Of course, if summer is slack in a particular industry, this situation wouldn't necessarily hold (i.e., auto, where production on the old model fades in a summer lay-off-changeover before hiring starts around August to September for the new model).

Within the larger plant situation, it might be desirable for students seeking jobs in the area or city in which their school is located, to pick a place which would have follow-up possibilities in the "walk through commerce" establishment within the plant, in line with an on-going worker-student alliance activity.

In general, people should seek unskilled jobs (probably couldn't get a skilled one anyway) and, if given the choice, a job where one would contact large numbers of workers. If you are white, select a plant where the majority are white (if possible. In some places, for instance, N.Y.C., this is difficult, although not impossible). While Black workers might be thought of as more politically conscious, what we as white students are trying to do is reach white workers on the questions of the war and racism, to name but two areas (in addition to the day-to-day grievances, trade union questions, etc.) If Black, a student would of necessity, have to (and should) get a job where there are large numbers of Black workers. Women should give special consideration to jobs where many women are employed. More important, in addition to basic industries (like electric) department stores, etc., are also important, and even some large offices which are interested,







...the first job-seeker's experience will be helpful here. A good student should also information from each successive job-seeker so the the next one will be better prepared.

If you have any physical defects which can't be covered from a normal payroll and unemployment, don't mention them. Companies won't hire people with previous injuries or defects which might be re-injured, creating the basis for suits against them. If you are very wary on this score. If it's a defect that's noticeable, either play it up or figure a way to cover it up (lie). If you can't you may have to go somewhere else where it's not so important. If you wear glasses, some jobs are out (like a street policeman, which usually requires 10/20 vision without glasses). However, most jobs only require 20/20 or even less with glasses.

You should be at your first place looking at around 8:30 or 9:00 A.M. It's hard to get a job if you start at 2:00 P.M. You generally should not wear a suit and tie or fancy dress, but DON'T dress like a slob. Slacks and sports shirt, with or without a sport jacket, depending on the weather, and skirt or summer dress with low heels (or at least not 6-inch spikes) for women.

If plans require a "non-committal" or "non-allegiant" signature, sign 'em. There's no breaking any law. If it's entered in government work, it's not a breaking a law, it will be so stated on the application. Discuss this beforehand with your group.

Be straightforward in any interview; you're getting the job because you "need the money". Don't use 826 words. Don't put on a tough guy act. Just plain, simple language and attitudes. Usually the less said, the better. Don't volunteer information. Just answer what is asked.

#### II. What to do on the job:

Don't start sounding off the first day on the job; or even the first week. In your work, learn your job. Don't goof off on someone else's back, but if all the workers are goofing off, or taking a break, go ahead (unless it might cost you your job, which the older workers understand). Remember, we're here for a short-term operation. While you can't expect to win over workers in these weeks, you don't have to wait as long as you might, if it were a permanent job, to "open up" on political questions. LEARN FROM THE WORKERS. About the work, the job, the history of the plant, company, union, their attitudes on every question. Listen. You might find out who the finks are. Participate in the bull sessions, the lunch discussions, talking on the job where it's normal, but take it to the streets. 3 or 4 weeks, (if the job were to be permanent, this process might take a month or longer) listening and sounding out workers.

Don't be shocked by the racist remarks of the white workers, by confused political impressions, by pro-war talk, by "keeping-up-with-the-Jonesses" shit-chat. If the workers understood racism, the war, the capitalist class, middle class morality, etc., we'd be on the way "home" already. Do let them know you're a student (or someone else who might use it to get you fired). But this isn't fool-proof. You've got to play it by ear. But if you don't say you're a student, they'll know it and you won't be able to do an honest, straightforward job. Remember, although many think students are snobbish (and many are), they also respect education.

and want their kids to college. (That's why they're working so hard, among other reasons). Your job is to bring across the identity of interests of students and workers --the fact that without workers, there would be no universities, that the working class is the class with the power, that workers really create the value of society, that without them basic changes in the system can't happen, etc.

But you're there with a purpose--to bring out the relationship of the Vietnam and the other imperialist wars to their immediate demands, to the fact that they and their sons die in the war, that it is a war for the rich--the CLASS perspective. And also, among white workers, the use of racism against their other interests. Black workers aren't "threatening" their jobs. The boss is. He controls both. As long as workers are divided--by race, union, sex, craft, nationality, it's easier for the boss to sit on them. This is no easy task. It normally takes a lifetime, so don't expect to do it in two or three months! But at least you are able to question, to point out relationships they might not have thought of or might be afraid to express out loud. Try talking to workers individually, especially those who seem more receptive. Don't start by using a lunchroom or platform for a "soap-box oration". Literature could be given out individually or stuck up in bathrooms at the beginning. Discuss in your group when to start giving it out en masse (often by students not working at that plant, at the gates).

Try to make a few friends among the workers that might last beyond the summer. Two or three--or even one. And try to get their addresses and phone numbers before you leave the job. Otherwise it might be difficult to ever (sic) contact them again. Join the bowling league or the baseball team. Avoid running home at the end of the day to the "safe" company of your old friends and political buddies. Concentrate on making new friends. Go to the bar or whatever hang-out they go to after work. Don't try to overdo yourself here. If you can't hold your liquor, don't make a fool of yourself trying to be what you think is "one of the boys". Get to work early--sit around and talk. This is very much worth the extra effort.

Don't talk to workers like you know everything and they know nothing. First of all it's not true (probably the reverse). Secondly, even if you do know more about a particular subject (i.e. the facts about the Geneva Agreement, the U. S. support of the Diem dictatorship) that doesn't mean that by making a speech you'll get the facts across. Be patient. Make it an exchange of EXPERIENCE, NOT A ONE-WAY AFFAIR. You'll make plenty of mistakes. Discuss them in your group. Don't give up the first time you do something wrong. After all, these workers were rookies too once, but they HAD to survive it because they had to eat.

It would be a good idea to record your experiences by day or week, a few notes in the evening about relevant events during the day will be invaluable for other people participating in the WORK-IN this summer, for those in next summer's program and for people to whom we publicize our work. You'd be surprised how much important information you forget; don't trust to your chances of remembering anecdotes.

Come in to work on time!!! That's the thing that may keep you in the job above all else. Lateness is the first cause of being fired in the trial period. Don't start in with broadsides against the union leadership, even if workers initiate the sellout talk. Listen, ask questions, ask if anything was ever done to overcome it, suggest types of fights around grievances, (sic) immediate things, if you can figure some out. But don't feel compelled (in your three-month sojourn) to give leadership on any and all questions. One important result of your job may just be an appreciation of what workers are up against in the fight against the boss, the government, and a sellout leadership. And knowledge of what the in-plant grievances are will help if there is to be follow-up along lines of worker-student alliance activity when you get back to school. You will be able to relate leaflets, etc. to the actual problems inside the gates.



Lastly, remember when you start talking about the war (and about how students are seriously opposed to the war for good reasons, not simply engaged in "beatnik pranks") many workers who feel the same way keep silent while those who support the war are many times the most outspoken. Don't get into knock-down, drag-out arguments (*sic*) with the latter, but rather talk individually first to the ones you're making friends with. Don't get into the habit of making it appear that it's you against the workers. Know the facts about the war not just the polemics. Facts make a deep impression on workers. If you get involved in discussions with workers whose sons are in Vietnam and want to "support them by going all out" BE CAREFUL. That's an emotional area in which it may be very hard to convince such a father that your line on supporting his son is correct. Start by understanding his position or having been brainwashed all these years and seeing his son in daily danger of "being killed by the other side". In learning how to put forth an intelligent approach in such situations, you will really be learning how to talk to people who are not simply on your side or sympathetic.

After being there about a month, try to pick out a few workers who might be more advanced than the rest, concentrating more on individual discussion, with the hope of keeping them as friends or contacts after you leave the place. Talk about the possibilities of the students offering the workers assistance in any struggles coming up in the future, on picket lines, demonstrations, even doing research for them. Don't necessarily start asking about union meetings. Many times they are suspended in the summer. If not, most workers don't attend and you're not going to build up any active attitude caucus movement in that direction in three months (most of which is spent on trial period and during which you may not even be in the union). If, of course, there's something special going on and lots of workers appear headed toward a union meeting, you can go with them, but more to listen and learn than to orate.

Not everything can be put down here about what you'll face. Keep in constant contact with your group and discuss all problems with them. If possible, try to have at least two students (possibly more) get jobs in the same plant so they can compare notes, exchange experiences, criticize each other's mistakes, and (probably most important) make it possible to get a broader view of the place than that which comes from working in just one department. However, if you do team up, don't hang around together. It will be a constant temptation to talk to, eat and travel with the one person in your work-site who will be easier to communicate with. This is not to say that you should ignore each other's existence on the job, just that your primary aim will be to work and communicate with the permanent workers in the plant.

#### V. Coordinators:

In Manhattan	Roger Taus	662-9187	Columbai ( <i>sic</i> )
	Dave Meitzman	447-2446	N.Y.U.
	Rick Rhoads	368-2562	City College
In the Bronx	Chuck Dugan	631-3459	Fordham
In Brooklyn	Ira Perlson	683-4531	Brooklyn College
In Queens	Fernando Quijano	HI6-8572	Queens College
In Newark, N. J.	Joy Schulman	(201) 926-3926	Rutgers-in-Newark
In Princeton, N. J.	Macklin Smith	(609) 924-9644	Princeton Univ.

The Work-In needs money. Please make checks payable to the "SDS WORK-IN. Send contributions and inquiries to: NEW YORK REGIONAL SDS WORK-IN  
50 East 11th Street  
New York City, 10003.



May 29, 1969

REC-87

100-437042-2746

B7C

Dear [REDACTED]

I have received your letter of May 22nd and enclosed National Students for a Democratic Society Summer Project plan. The interest which prompted you to furnish this to me is appreciated.

The concern which prompted your inquiries is understood. I can tell you the FBI has conducted a considerable amount of investigation regarding the activities of those individuals and organizations which seek to undermine our basic freedoms and threaten the internal security of our country. We furnish the results of our inquiries to the Department of Justice which has the responsibility for determining whether prosecution is warranted in these matters.

I am enclosing material relating to some of the organizations which are involved in fomenting unrest in colleges throughout the country which I trust will be helpful to you.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 10

MAY 29 1969

COMM-FBI

**Enclosures (3)**

**Turbulence on the Campus**

**Director's Testimony Before House Subcommittee on Appropriations  
2-23-68 re Communist, Racial and Hate Groups**

**Director's Statement before National Commission on the Causes and  
Prevention of Violence, 9-18-68**

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: Next page.

70 JUN 10 1969 FMC:cap (3)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Mr. [REDACTED]

B7C

**NOTE:** Bufiles contain no identifiable information regarding correspondent. The enclosure he furnished has been previously brought to our attention. It is a plan by the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) which describes how students should go about obtaining employment and after obtaining same how to promote objectives of SDS.

VIA TELETYPE

JUN 2 1969

ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

WA 13 1004PM BCK

DEFERRED 6-2-69 LJP

TO DIRECTOR (100-439048) AND NEW YORK

-----CODE-----

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM CHICAGO (100-40903) 1P

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, (SDS) NATIONAL  
CONVENTION, JUNE, NINETEEN SIXTY NINE. IS-SDS.

OO CHICAGO.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY MIKE KLONSKY, NATIONAL  
SECRETARY, SDS STATED THAT MARK RUDD WOULD BE RUNNING  
FOR NATIONAL OFFICE (SECRETARY) AT THE JUNE NATIONAL  
CONVENTION.

ADMINISTRATIVE

SOURCE IS

NO ACTION

SHOULD BE TAKEN WHICH COULD JEOPARDIZE SOURCE. B7D

END

WA...JDR R RELAY

FBI WASH DC

TELETYPED TO:

0 JUN 12 1969

REC-36

100-439048-2747

JUN 4 1969

5.70P



FBI

Date: 5/23/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-44715) (P)

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY (NU)  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS  
IS - SDS

DEMONSTRATION AT NU  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS  
MAY 22, 1969  
STAG

OO: CHICAGO

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the USA, Chicago, Illinois, Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois, and Region 1, 113th MI Group, Evanston, Illinois.

The enclosed LHM is classified "Confidential" since it contains information from sources, a disclosure of whom could affect the security of the United States.

Source one is [REDACTED]

ALB: [REDACTED]  
ACSI, OM, OS, SEC, ST, [REDACTED]

The Evanston Police Department is cognizant of the facts contained in the enclosed LHM.

XEROX

2 - Bureau (Enc. 6) dh  
3 - Chicago  
1 - 100-47139  
1 - 100-47094

ENCLOSURE

WR:RIS

(5)

Approved: [Signature]

Sent

M

Per

DIA SEC

5.5 JUN 9 1969 Special Agent in Charge

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-111228-91

100-439041-2749

5-2  
MAY 26 1969

CG 100-44715

[REDACTED]

B7C  
B7D

Chicago will continue to follow this matter closely,  
and will assure that [REDACTED] will be contacted personally  
in the future regarding student activity at NU.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois

May 23, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 100-44715

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY (NU)  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATION AT NU  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS  
MAY 22, 1969

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, was contacted at various intervals on May 22, 1969, concerning the possibility of a protest demonstration against the presence of the Naval ROTC unit on the Northwestern University (NU) campus, Evanston, Illinois, on this date. Source advised that due to the inclement weather, the scheduled ROTC unit drill had been canceled and consequently, any anticipated demonstrations against the ROTC sponsored by the Northwestern University chapter of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) would not take place. Source further advised that to his knowledge, the campus was calm and no incidents were anticipated.

A characterization of SDS is appended hereto.

On May 22, 1969, a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, was contacted at 6:00 p.m. and advised that the NU campus was quiet and that no disruption or demonstrations had occurred.

The May 23, 1969, edition of "Chicago Today", a daily Chicago newspaper, carried an article on Page 4 captioned, "600 Protestors Hault ROTC Activities." This article indicated that approximately 600 students at NU forced cancellation of the scheduled ROTC activity on the NU campus by rushing into the auditorium where the ROTC was meeting and clogging the aisles.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP 8/29/77

DECLASSIFIED ON 8/20/77

BY 60416/222

CONFIDENTIAL

Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

JUN 4 1969

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-44715-291



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY (NU)  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATION AT NU  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS  
MAY 22, 1969

On May 23, 1969, the first source was recontacted in connection with the above newspaper article and advised that an SDS sponsored demonstration, in fact, did occur on the NU campus on May 22, 1969, at the Armory Building by some 200 students. Source stated that due to the inclement weather, the ROTC drill was held inside the Armory and while the drill was in process, the above mentioned students entered the building and proceeded to jeer and mimic the unit during the course of their drill. Consequently, the drill was dismissed.

Source further advised that the demonstrators then dispersed without incident and no arrests occurred. Source stated that at approximately 10:00 p.m., same date, the above described group assembled at a meeting place on the campus called "The Rock" to review the events as set forth above.

At approximately 11:00 p.m., as this group dispersed, they encountered some faculty members and alumni who were returning from a theatre, and thereafter set forth chants reflecting, "ROTC must go, now". Source stated that while the chanting took place, some of the students painted some thirteen neighboring buildings with the slogan, "Down with the ROTC."

Source advised that the group then dispersed peacefully without any incident or arrest. Source further advised that at no time had the police been notified by college authorities and the authorities do not plan any disciplinary action concerning the above described anti-ROTC demonstrations. Source stated that the newspaper article concerning this matter was greatly exaggerated.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY (NU)  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DEMONSTRATION AT NU  
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS  
MAY 22, 1969

The above information was furnished to the  
following agencies:

United States Attorney  
Chicago, Illinois

U. S. Secret Service  
Chicago, Illinois

Region I, 113th MI Group  
Evanston, Illinois

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



VIA TELETYPE  
JUN 1 1969  
ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

WA--01--1105 PM RSH

URGENT 6-1-69 RSH  
TO DIRECTOR --PLAINTEXT

FROM CHICAGO (100-44715) (100-47729)

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) NORTHWESTERN  
UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILLINOIS. IS-SDS. DEMONSTRATIONS AT  
NU, MAY TWENTYFOUR DASH JUNE ONE INSTANT. IS-SDS.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY THAT FIRE DISCOVERED  
BETWEEN TWO THIRTY AND THREE AM, INSTANT, BY NU SECURITY OFFICER  
AT LUNT HALL, ON NU CAMPUS, HOUSING OFFICES NROTC. AN INDIVIDUAL  
WAS OBSERVED NEAR FIRE BUT WAS NOT IDENTIFIED. FIRE APPARENTLY  
STARTED WITH INCENDIARY DEVICE, POSSIBLY MOLOTOV COCKTAIL. FIRE  
EXTINGUISHED WITH MINOR DAMAGE TO BUILDING. SOURCE SPECULATED  
FIRE CONNECTED WITH RECENT DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST NROTC. USA,  
SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY ADVISED. EVANSTON PD COGNIZANT.

ADMINISTRATIVE

REMYTEL FIVE TWENTYNINE LAST.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED]

CG FOLLOWING CLOSELY. [REDACTED] HM FOLLOWS.

To White House, AG, Secret  
Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, NP  
OSI, DIA, by tel 6-2-69.

END

REM FBI WASH DC

55 JUN 10 1969

COPIES TO DAG; AAG; C-111-12  
HIS  
EDIU, Vice President 6-2-69

870

2750

FBI

Date: 6/2/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_

AIRTEL

(Priority)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY,  
NATIONAL CONVENTION,  
JUNE, 1969  
IS - SDS  
(OO: CHICAGO)

Re WFO airtel dated 5/27/69.

Chicago informants advised 6/2/69, that they have no knowledge of any plans of SDS from the National Office to hold the forthcoming National Convention at Goucher College, Towson, Maryland.

B1

[REDACTED]

100-439048-2751

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SJM/jan  
2-14-78  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE  
Pg 1 Para 2

REC-3

17 JUN 4 1969

2 - Bureau (RM)  
2 - WFO (RM)  
1 - Chicago

INT. SEC.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RRG/kag

70 JUN 10 1969  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_





THE VICE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON

May 23, 1969

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

The Honorable  
J. Edgar Hoover  
United States Department  
of Justice  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Thank you for your recent letter which describes the connection between the Progressive Labor Party and the Students for Democratic Society, at least as far as their plans go for disrupting operations of industrial plants and business establishments during the coming summer.

During a recent conference held by the Republican Governors' Association, several Governors expressed interest in the workings of the Students for Democratic Society. I wonder if the Bureau would be prepared to develop a kit of information on the SDS which my office might make available to certain selected Governors on a restricted basis.

Please let me know what you think of this possibility.

Sincerely,

*Spiro T. Agnew*

Spiro T. Agnew

JUN 5 1969

EXP. PROC. 33

MAY 27 1969

JUNE 4



1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan  
1 - Mr. E. L. Shackelford

REC-85

100-439048-2752

May 29, 1969

BY LIAISON

1

(ORIGINAL RETYPED ON NOTE PAPER)

Honorable Spiro T. Agnew  
The Vice President  
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Vice President:

In reference to your letter dated May 23, 1969,  
concerning the Students for a Democratic Society, this  
Bureau is preparing material along the lines requested by  
you. This material will be furnished to you as soon as  
it is available.

Sincerely yours,

WNP:jms  
(8)

DELIVERED

on

5/29/69

NOTE:

See memorandum C. D. Brennan to Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
dated 5/28/69, captioned "Students for a Democratic Society,"  
prepared by WNP:crk.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

55 JUN 18 1969

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 6-4-69

FROM : C. D. Brennan

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS  
INTERNAL SECURITY

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

You were previously advised that SDS had planned to hold its 1969 National Convention from June 9-15, 1969, at an unknown site in the Midwest. Information has now been received that according to SDS National Secretary Michael Klonsky, the date of the convention has now been rescheduled to June 16-22, 1969, site still unknown.

Bureau airtel to all offices 5-29-69 set forth instructions to the field concerning intensified coverage of this convention and the handling of investigations of delegates and newly elected officers.

## OBSERVATIONS:

SDS has been having considerable difficulty in obtaining a site for this convention and a number of colleges and universities have refused to allow the organization to use their facilities. To insure that all offices are aware of the changed dates of the convention we are alerting the field of this fact so that informants planning to attend can make appropriate plans.

## RECOMMENDATION:

In line with above observations attached airtel to all offices be approved.

Enclosure  
100-439048

- 1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan

WNP:hls  
(8)

59 JUN 11 1969

REC-7

JUN 5 1969

2753

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

B7C

6/4/69

CODE

TELETYPE SENT BY CODED TELETYPE  
URGENT

TO SACs SAN FRANCISCO (100-52152)  
CHICAGO (100-40903)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (100-439048)

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, IS - SDS.

REFERENCE CHICAGO TELETYPE JUNE THREE LAST. SAN FRANCISCO  
IMMEDIATELY ADVISE OF ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING  
BIG "THING" PLANNED BY LOCAL SDS CHAPTERS ON JUNE SEVEN NEXT.  
CHICAGO AIRTEL MAY TWENTY-NINE LAST ALSO REFERRED TO MASSIVE  
RALLY DATE UNKNOWN TO BE HELD IN BERKELEY. IMPERATIVE BUREAU  
RECEIVE ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REGARDING THIS MATTER.  
CHICAGO REMAIN ALERT FOR POSSIBLE RALLY IN SAN FRANCISCO AREA  
AND KEEP BUREAU IMMEDIATELY ADVISED.

WNP:laa

(6)

NOTE:

VIA TELETYPE  
936P RDR  
JUN 4 1969  
ENCIPHERED

B7D

2756

100-439048

19 JUN 5 1969

REQ 222

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

51 JUN 11 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐



5/29/69

Airtel

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan  
1 - [REDACTED]  
1 - [REDACTED]  
1 - [REDACTED]

To: SAC, Albany

From: Director, FBI

*nick*  
**STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY - GENERAL**  
**IS - SDS**

For the information of all offices the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) plans to hold its 1969 National Convention from 6/9-15/69 at an unknown site in the Midwest. If SDS national leaders are unable to use the facilities of a college or university, it is possible that a camp in the Midwest will be utilized. Informants have advised that anywhere from 2,000 to 3,000 participants will be at this convention.

In view of the current revolutionary and militant nature of SDS it is imperative that the Bureau be made aware of the participation of all subversive elements to this convention including members of the Progressive Labor Party, Communist Party and Young Socialist Alliance. Furthermore, all pertinent developments at the convention must be ascertained so that complete and appropriate dissemination can be made to all interested government agencies. In this respect, details concerning the programs and resolutions passed by SDS must be obtained. *m*

*pen*  
In order to accomplish this objective the following instructions are being set forth:

MAILED 2  
JUN - 2 1969  
COMM-FBI

- REC-201* *100-111111-257*
- (1) Recipient offices should determine through established sources in advance of the convention the identities of all individuals planning to attend the convention. The identities of these

JUN 5 1969

2 - All Offices

VHP:lvh  
(10)

Tolson  
DeLoach  
Mohr  
Bishop  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
Felt  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

*40*  
JUN 10 1969

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT ☐

*WEL* *TEB*  
SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR  
*Curran*

**Airtel to SAC, Albany**  
**RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY**


individuals together with suitable characterization of those having subversive affiliations should be promptly furnished to the Bureau, Chicago, and the office covering the convention site in form suitable for dissemination. Original and nine copies of letterhead memorandum (LHM) should be transmitted to the Bureau.

- (2) Information developed indicating planned participation in the convention by subversive groups should be furnished to the Bureau, Chicago, and the office covering the convention site by teletype followed by LHM for dissemination to interested agencies. Organizations mentioned in these teletypes should be documented unless a Bureau-approved characterization exists. Wherever possible, specific plans of these groups for participation in the convention should be determined, including plans to submit proposals, hold caucuses, et cetera.
- (3) It is essential that informants who can identify and report on the activities of subversive elements be designated to attend the convention. Recommendations concerning the attendance at the convention by informants should be promptly submitted to the Bureau. Include in these recommendations the extent of coverage which the informants will provide together with a list of anticipated expenses which will be incurred. Offices recommending that informants attend the convention should furnish to the office covering the convention site the code names to be utilized by the informants. The office covering the convention site should immediately advise all recipient offices of the telephone number to be utilized by the informants and the name of Agents to be contacted during the convention.
- (4) During the convention the office covering the convention site should submit to the Bureau a daily teletype summarizing the activities of



**Airtel to SAC, Albany**  
**RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY**

each day's sessions. At the conclusion of the convention, the office covering the convention site should incorporate all pertinent information developed into a report. This report should contain a summary of the proceedings of the convention and particular emphasis should be placed on reporting information depicting the extent of participation in the convention by subversive elements. The identities of all subversive groups and individuals with subversive backgrounds should be included in this report.

- (5) Cases are to be opened on all delegates at this convention and appropriate investigation conducted for the purpose of determining whether or not the individual should be included on the Security Index. The Bureau is to be advised under individual caption the results of the investigation conducted with the field's recommendation concerning the Security Index status of the delegate..
- (6) The National Interim Committee of SDS is expected to be increased from eight to twenty. In this connection all individuals elected to this committee as well as those elected to one of the three national secretary positions are to be considered as Key Activists and an appropriate communication furnished to the Bureau together with a summary report covering the activities of this individual. This must be handled immediately following the convention and current Bureau instructions as to investigations of Key Activists in the New Left movement must be adhered to.
- (7) 

61



Airtel to SAC, Albany  
RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

[REDACTED]

BT

In view of the radical, militant and revolutionary activities of SDS it is absolutely necessary that adequate coverage be maintained on this convention. The prompt dissemination of pertinent data both locally, where appropriate, and at the Seat of Government cannot be overemphasized. Keep the Bureau advised of all pertinent developments.

NOTE:

See memorandum C. D. Brennan to Mr. W. C. Sullivan dated 5/28/69, captioned as above, prepared by WNP:lvh.

FBI

Date: 5/9/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (157-NEW)  
SUBJECT: NATIONAL LIBERATION MILITARY FRONT (NLMF)  
RM  
OO: Los Angeles

*Handwritten initials*

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) captioned as above, which are suitable for dissemination.

Copies of this LHM have been furnished to local Military Agencies; Secret Service, Los Angeles; USA, Los Angeles; and Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Division, Los Angeles.

Local police agencies have been advised of the contents of the enclosed LHM in such a manner as to protect the identity of the sources.

[REDACTED SECTION]

The LHM is classified confidential so as to protect the identity of these sources.

- (3) - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
- (1) - Los Angeles (157-NEW) (NLMF)
- (1) - 157-1618 (DPP)
- (1) - 100-66519 (SIS)
- (1) - 157-2262 (ESA)
- (1) - 157-2255 (SILVER X FOUNDATION)
- (1) - [REDACTED]

CLASSIFICATION  
EXEMPT FROM  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION  
1-7-82

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION

59 JUN 23 1969

Special Agent in Charge

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED

183 JUN 10 1969

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-13649-3

LA 157-NEW

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

131

The Los Angeles Division is opening a case on the MLF and will continue its investigation of the organization. The Bureau will be kept advised.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~




~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL LIBERATION MILITARY FRONT (NLMF)

The Malcolm X Foundation was formed for the purpose of enshrining Malcolm X in the minds of Black people throughout the United States. Malcolm X is further described in the characterizations of the Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated (OAAU), Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI, INC), the Nation of Islam (NOI) which are attached to the appendix section of this memorandum.

The BSU is a student based militant Black Nationalist organization active on high school and college campuses.

The BSA is a coordinating organization for the BSU in the Los Angeles area. The group uses for study purposes the red covered book entitled the "Quotations of Chairman Mao Tse-Tung".



B1

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL LIBERATION MILITARY FRONT (NLMP)

[REDACTED] B1

[REDACTED]

On May 7, 1969, a second source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that there is an individual by the name of Joe Jones, Jr., who is the Chairman of the BSU at Los Angeles Southwest College, who uses the African name of Josaf Husaf. Jones is further described as a male Negro, born October 30, 1948, at Los Angeles, California, residing at 1252 East 35th Street, Los Angeles.

This second source advised that there is another individual associated with the BSU at Los Angeles Southwest College who uses the African name of Dedam. The source did not have any information regarding this individual.

[REDACTED] B1

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY  
Also Known As  
Black Panther Party for Self Defense

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther" which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service", states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture: Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it".

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3105 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.



APPENDIXMUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE) former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), 1 Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

APPENDIX CONTINUED

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

A second confidential source advised on October 20, 1964, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which is also headed by MALCOLM X.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM

A source advised on May 3, 1968, that the Nation of Islam (NOI) is an all-Negro organization originating in Detroit, Michigan, in the early 1930's. ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the leader of the NOI and self-styled "Messenger of Allah" in that he claims ALLAH (God) selected him to lead the so-called Negro out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation within the United States. Headquarters of the NOI is located at Muhammad's Temple (or Mosque) #2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

MUHAMMAD teaches there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "devils", in the United States; and that the white race because of its exploitation of the so-called Negro will be destroyed by ALLAH in an approaching "War of Armageddon", a war between God and the devil.

Officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to comply with provisions of the Selective Service Act, stating that they respect laws of the United States as long as they do not conflict with the laws of the NOI, but do not believe the government should force them to participate in wars from which they have nothing to gain.

In the late 1950's, MUHAMMAD, acting on legal advice, tempered NOI teachings against the white man and the government to avoid possible prosecution; however, basic tenets remain the same. He de-emphasized religious teachings in the NOI and emphasized economic benefits derived by so-called Negroes who join the NOI. MUHAMMAD believed this would create more interest in his programs and, of course, new followers.

- 7 -

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN  
UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African Heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," which the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. Little condemned the nonviolent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics, and social reform.

Malcolm X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

On February 23, 1966, a second source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is Ella Collins, a half-sister of the late Malcolm X, who resides in the Harlem Section of New York City.

- 8 -

APPENDIX CONTINUED

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX CONTINUEDORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN  
UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of Ella Collins.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

~~TOP SECRET~~

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam, and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United States International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us". At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes", the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

- 129 -

APPENDIX

~~TOP SECRET~~





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois

May 15, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

07  
**STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY**  
Bureau File 100-439048  
Chicago File 100-40903

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. From an initial ideological posture of "participatory democracy," the current line of the national leadership reveals an adherence to Marxism-Leninism. Michael Klonsky, National Secretary, in March, 1969, called for the building of a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist movement. The program of SDS has moved from involvement in civil rights struggles to an anti-Vietnam war position to present advocacy of an anti-imperialist line, linking up the oppressed peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America with the black liberation movement in the United States. SDS claims no connections with the Soviet Union which is regarded as an imperialist power; China, Vietnam and Cuba are regarded as countries who are leading the world-wide struggles against United States imperialism.

SDS maintains a National Office in Room 200, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois. Its official paper "New Left Notes" reflects the line of the national leadership and is adopted at meetings of the National Council and National Interim Committee (NIC). Three national officers and a NIC of eleven members are elected each year during a June National Convention.

SDS Regional Offices and university and college chapters elect delegates to National Council meetings wherein program and ideology are debated, but each Region and chapter is autonomous in nature and is free to carry out independent policy and programs reflective of local conditions.

REC-86

Source [redacted] reliable

CLASSIFIED BY 482 SJM/JPW  
EXEMPTED FROM 2-M-75

DATE OF

Pg 1 Para

51 JUN 11 1969

2758

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

*Memorandum*

TO : Mr. C. D. DeLoach

FROM : W. C. Sullivan

SUBJECT: NEW LEFT - RACIAL MATTERS

- 1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop

DATE: 5/20/69

- 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. G. C. Moore

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

This is to recommend that an appropriate article be prepared with respect to the current threat which the New Left poses toward industry for publication in "The Machinist," the weekly publication of the International Association of Machinists (IAM).

Mr. Gordon H. Cole, 1300 Connecticut Avenue, Northwest, Washington, D. C., editor of "The Machinist," came to my office on 5/15/69 and talked to me and representatives of the Internal Security and Racial Intelligence Sections. He advised that his union which has over one million members throughout the United States is greatly disturbed over activities of extremist elements and, in particular, is concerned with the planned activities of the New Left to make industry target for the summer. He stated that his publication has a circulation of over 900,000 a week and the IAM wanted to do anything they could to help the FBI in carrying out its responsibilities in combating subversion. He advised that one way in which his union could be of assistance would be in giving widespread distribution to any message the Director would like to bring to the attention of the members of this union which is well known for its strong anticommunist stand throughout the years. In addition, he advised that he would be most willing to cooperate 100 percent with the FBI in anyway possible regarding this great problem. I feel that this is a wonderful opportunity to reach a loyal and dedicated segment of our population in the labor field through a brief article in the form of a message from the Director, and that we should take advantage of this offer.

Our files contain some instances of alleged communist infiltration of districts of IAM in the past. Some rank and file members in IAM locals were identified as Communist Party members or sympathizers. There is no indication that they exerted any influence over the policies or affairs of the IAM. There is no adverse information in our files concerning the IAM publication "The Machinist."

NOT RECORDED

GCM:fsh

(6)

55 JUN 13 1969

120 JUN 5 1969 MAY 20 1969 CONTINUED - OVER

*5-01*

Memorandum to Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
RE: NEW LEFT - RACIAL MATTER

RECOMMENDATION:

If you approve, an appropriate article keyed to the plans of the Students for a Democratic Society, and the New Left in making industry their summer target will be prepared by the Crime Records Division.

WCH  
CR  
TUB  
Jo



FBI

**Date:** 5/14/69

**Transmit the following in**

(Type in plaintext or code)

**V10**

**AIRTEL**

**(Priority)**

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)**

**FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)**

**SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)**  
**IS - SDS**

GENERAL

**00: Chicago**

Re Chicago teletypes 5/12/69.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 11 copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) captioned SDS, Arrest at the National Office, Chicago, Illinois, 5/12/69, plus one copy for each office indicated in this communication.

(Copies see page 2)

**ENCLOSURE**

RRG:cms / 92292  
(47)

DATE FORW: 5/19/69

HOW FIRM: 8/5

~~12-MAY-28 1969~~

**Approved:**

Special Agent in Charge

CLASSIFIED BY

2-14-78

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Og 3 Para 2

CG 100-40903

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 11) (RM)
- 1 - Baltimore (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 2 - Boston (Enc. 1) (RM)

- 1 - Buffalo (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Cincinnati (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Cleveland (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Dallas (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Denver (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Detroit (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 3 - Houston (Enc. 3) (RM)

- 1 - Los Angeles (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Memphis (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Milwaukee (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Minneapolis (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New Haven (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New Orleans (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 4 - New York (Enc. 4) (RM)

- 1 - Philadelphia (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - St. Louis (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - San Francisco (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Springfield (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 2 - Washington Field Office (Enc. 1) (RM)

16 - Chicago

RRG:cms  
(47)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois

May 14, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 100-40903

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
(SDS), ARRESTS AT THE NATIONAL  
OFFICE, MAY 12, 1969

On May 12, 1969, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] Chicago Police Department, advised that at 12:47  
AM, on that date, he and his partner [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] proceeded to the SDS National Office, located at  
1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, in response to an  
anonymous call received by the Police Department to  
the effect that there was a man at 1608 West Madison  
Street with a gun. B7C

[REDACTED] advised that upon arriving at the premises,  
Mike Klonsky answered the door and stated there was no  
such person in the building with a gun which satisfied  
[REDACTED] and at that time they proceeded to leave  
the area; however, at the same time, the Fire Department  
arrived indicating that they had received an anonymous  
telephonic complaint to the effect that there was a fire  
in the premises of 1608 West Madison Street. At this  
time Klonsky, along with four other individuals refused  
to admit the Firemen to inspect the premises stating that  
they would not allow anyone in without a search warrant.  
A scuffle ensued and during the fracas, Walter Coleman  
struck [REDACTED] in the eye. At that point, [REDACTED] and  
[REDACTED] arrested the five individuals and took them to the  
13th District. They were subsequently booked for  
obstruction of the Police Department and the Fire Department B7C

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SJM/Jan  
2-14-78  
DATE OF REVIEW 10-14-78  
Pg 3 Para 213

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
Group I  
Excluded from  
automatic downgrading  
and declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor  
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the  
FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents  
are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

3830CT 19 1970

100-40903-2160  
ENCLOSURE



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
(SDS) ARRESTS AT THE NATIONAL  
OFFICE, MAY 12, 1969

and a battery charge was leveled against Coleman. [REDACTED] advised that an inspection of the premises at that time failed to reflect that any fire had been set. He also noted that there were other individuals in the premises behind locked doors who refused to allow an inspection of the offices. No attempts were made at that time to inspect the various offices in the premises at 1608 West Madison.

MEMBERS OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

[REDACTED] advised that the five individuals arrested were:

Michael Klonsky  
Timothy P. Mc Carthy  
Edward J. Jennings  
Walter L. Coleman  
David Slavin.

B7C

All except Slavin are residents of Chicago; Slavin indicated that he was from New York City.

[REDACTED] advised that these individuals were bound over for a hearing at 9:00 AM on that date to the Branch 28 Court.

On May 12, 1969, [REDACTED] Chicago, Police Department, advised that the arrested individuals appeared before Magistrate Joseph C. Mooney, Branch 28 Court, 100 South Racine Street, Chicago, and their case had been continued to June 6, 1969. He advised that bail for Klonsky and Coleman was set for \$1,500.00 each; Mc Carthy at \$2,000.00; Slavin at \$2,500.00 and that Jennings bond remained at \$5,000.00. With respect to Jennings he advised that his bond was the result of a warrant having been issued for his arrest in September, 1968, when he failed to appear in court on charges of mob action during the Democratic National Convention.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 - Mr. C.D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T.E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. A. Rosen  
May 22, 1969

**The Attorney General**

**100-439048-2760**

**Director, FBI**

1 - Mr. J.H. Gale  
1 - Mr. W.C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C.D. Brennan  
1 - Mr. R.L. Shackelford  
1 - [REDACTED]

**STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY**

[REDACTED]

Klonsky appeared on Meet the Press television program on Sunday afternoon, May 11, 1969. During this program he made the statement that he had inside information that you were planning "the 1969 version of the Palmer raids" on radicals within the next 10 days.

[REDACTED]

- 1 - Deputy Attorney General
- 1 - Assistant Attorney General  
Criminal Division
- 1 - Assistant Attorney General  
Internal Security Division

WNP:jms/lvh  
(14)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

JUN 6 1969

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MAILED 2

MAY 22 1969

COMM-FBI

GROUP 1  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

Classification retained 1482 SSN/Jan 2-16-78

DECLASSIFIED BY

EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2

DATE OF REVIEW

1981 1/16/81

Class \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

59 JUN 12 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-55411



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The Attorney General

**NOTE:**

Letter classified "Confidential" since it contains information from an informant of continuing value whose identity, if disclosed, could compromise his future effectiveness.

See memorandum C. D. Brennan to Mr. W. C. Sullivan, dated 5/21/69, captioned as above, prepared by [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MAY 2: 1969

# ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

URGENT ~~5~~-29-69 EOM

TO DIRECTOR PLAINTEXT

FROM CHICAGO (100-44715) (100-47729) 2P

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) NORTHWESTERN  
UNIVERSITY (NU), EVANSTON, ILL. IS-SDS. DEMONSTRATIONS AT NU  
MAY TWENTYFOUR, TWENTYSEVEN AND TWENTYNINE INSTANT. IS-SDS.  
STAG.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY AT APPROXIMATELY FOUR TEN AM TODAY FIRE DISCOVERED ON REAR PORCH OF PLACEMENT CENTER NU, ONE NINE FOUR ZERO SHERIDAN ROAD, AND SUBSEQUENTLY EXTINGUISHED BY EVANSTON FIRE DEPT. WITH APPROXIMATELY ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS DAMAGE. WHEN FIRE REPORT RECEIVED, NU SECURITY WENT TO AREA AND OBSERVED GROUP OF ABOUT FOUR TO TEN YOUNG ADULTS, APPARENTLY NU STUDENTS, IN AREA OF LUNT HALL WHERE NROTC IS HOUSED. ON SEEING SECURITY OFFICERS, THIS GROUP DISPERSED. NONE OF THESE INDIVIDUALS SUBSEQUENTLY IDENTIFIED.

SOURCE OPINED FIRE SET BY DISSIDENT MEMBERS OF NU STUDENT  
BODY IN EFFORT TO DRAW SECURITY OFFICERS TO PLACEMENT CENTER

WHILE ENTRY COULD HAVE BEEN MADE TO NROTC HEADQUARTERS. 25 JUN 5 1969

END PAGE ONE

To White House AG, Secret  
Service CIA, STATE ACBI,  
OSI, FBI, JCH, etc.

EDIU, Vice President -30-62

PAGE TWO

CG 100-44715

CHECK OF THESE PREMISES FAILED TO INDICATE ENTRY MADE BY THIS GROUP.

SOURCE OF OPINION UNIVERSITY ADMINISTRATION IS VACILLATING AND UNCERTAIN AS TO HOW TO HANDLE NROTC GRADUATION. SOURCE BELIEVES DISRUPTION COULD OCCUR TODAY.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, LOCAL MILITARY ADVISED. EVANSTON PD COGNIZANT.

ADMINISTRATIVE. REMYTELS MAY TWENTYTHREE, TWENTYFOUR AND TWENTYSEVEN LAST. SOURCE IS [REDACTED] CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY. LHM FOLLOWS.

B7D

END

HWL

FBI WASH DC

B7C

COPY SENT:

IDIU



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 5/21/69

FROM : J. P. MOHR

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
Information Concerning

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

While at the White House yesterday having lunch with Director James Rowley of the Secret Service, he introduced Messrs. Callahan and myself to Dr. Arthur F. Burns, Counsellor to the President. As soon as Dr. Burns learned that we were with the FBI he became interested and said he had something of a problem with respect to a letter he had received from a college professor in New York relating to the Students for a Democratic Society. He said according to this letter he had received from the professor in New York, the SDS owned a complex of apartment houses, a fleet of cars and had a nationwide instantaneous communications setup.

Dr. Burns wanted to know whether we had any such information and I told him to my knowledge we did not and that it was my understanding that the SDS even though they had a national office operated rather loosely around the country on the various college campuses. I suggested to him that he refer the letter from the professor to us and we would be glad to look into it and he stated that he would prefer not doing that but instead would contact his professorial friend and suggest to him that he contact the FBI or that he permit Dr. Burns to furnish the information he has to the FBI. Dr. Burns indicated that whatever occurred he did plan to make available to us the information he had but at the same time he did not want to disturb his relationship and rapport with the academic community. I told him that under no circumstances would we want to consider interfering with his relationship with the academic community and we would be guided by whatever he might suggest. He was given my name and telephone extension and he said that he would probably be in touch with me some time in the near future.

Dr. Burns did ask if the SDS received financial assistance and I told him that we were aware of the fact they did receive financial assistance from various donors and foundations but gave him no specific identities or amounts. He wanted to know whether we knew if the Communist Party USA financed the SDS and I told him I was not aware of any information that they did but I did remind him that Gus Hall had publicly stated that the SDS was one of the youth groups that the Communist Party USA had "going for us."

JPM:DW (5)  
1 - Mr. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. Callahan  
1 - Mr. Sullivan

REC-122

5 JUN 6 1969

The foregoing information has been telephonically furnished to Mr. Sullivan of the Domestic Intelligence Division and this memorandum is being submitted for record purposes at this time. \* \*

*PM*

✓

*nm*

Date of Mail

5/27/69

Has been removed and placed in the Special File Room of Records Branch.

See File 66-2554-7530 for authority.

*S.D.S.*

*Lin.*

Subject

JUNE MAIL

Removed By 99 JUN 13 1969

File Number

100 - 439,018 - 2766

Permanent Serial Charge Out



TRUE COPY

6/2/69

Dear Mr. Hoover

The enclosed SDS guide sheet for a Student Summer Work-In was picked up in the Rochester NY area indicating a possible disruptive effort planned for the farm area.



B7C

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

ITC  
6/5/69

Out:  
2116/11/11  
6/6/69  
mml

REC-31

100-4340-2767

JUN 9 1969

6/15/69

6/12/69

Dear Mr. Hoover

The enclosed SDS guide sheet for  
a Student Summer Work-In was  
picked up in the Rochester NY area  
indicating a possible disruption effort  
planned for the farm areas.



B7C

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

CORRESPONDENCE

Very truly yours,

17C  
HWA  
6/15/69

ack:  
AMX/17C  
6/16/69  
AMH

3/1/69

Student concern about poverty, poor education, the war, etc. has grown considerably on college campuses around the country. The desire to make meaningful changes can be seen in the growth of such programs as Free Universities, Tutorial programs, anti-draft unions, and the like. Students have won many small victories. But, nevertheless, students are isolated. We have ignored the largest section of the population: the workers.

As intellectual students who seek certain social changes we must begin to ally ourselves with the workers. We should not and cannot remain in our "ivory tower."

In order for any student-worker alliance to come into existence, we must face squarely the misconceptions we may have regarding worker apathy. With the current strike levels higher than since the depression we see clearly that the workers are not apathetic. The Workers ARE on the move.

S.D.S. is planning a program that will help students get summer jobs in an attempt to break down the barriers that are keeping students isolated. Students involved in the Summer Work-In will meet regularly to discuss their on-the-job experiences, contradictions they may face, how to speak to certain issues, conclusions drawn from their experiences with workers. The student Summer Work-In is an opportunity for students to learn from workers.

## I. HOW TO RESEARCH JOBS IN YOUR AREA

Manufacturing -- A Directory of Manufactures (from the library or Chamber of Commerce) lists plants, number employed, and sometimes a breakdown as to male and female employees.

Transportation, utilities, hospitals--Consult phone book or ask librarian for any other directories. Also try union hiring halls.

## II. WHAT JOBS TO LOOK FOR

Job seekers should try to get hired in places that have several hundred workers. Reasons for this include: a) If we want to distribute literature, the potential is greater, b) the larger the company, the better chance of a basic union, that the workers will have a sense of organization (even if the union is a sellout one), that there will be a tie-in to workers nationally, c) in large plants in national unions there is a better chance that workers will become part of (and have a history of) mass strike movements, rebellions against sellout leadership, conflict with the gov. due to "national interest" injunctions, which might create the basis for greater mutual exchange about questions relating to opposition to gov. policies, d) the larger the company, the likelier the existence of masses of unskilled jobs which we can fill, especially as replacements for workers taking vacations. If at all possible, choose a plant in the area of your school, to facilitate the possibility of worker-student alliances later on.

If you are white, select a plant where the majority are white. While Black workers might be thought of as more politically conscious, what we are trying to do is to reach white workers on the questions of the war and racism, to name but two areas. If Black, a student should get a job with Black workers, women should give special consideration to jobs where many women are employed (such as electrical industry, department stores, phone.)

100-439577-2161



### III. HOW TO GET A JOB

Some places hire students specifically for the summer as replacement for workers on vacation (altho usually bosses try to get by with not filling in, unless the union contract has specific stipulations and they are enforced). Most won't hire a student, and in most cases it would be best not to mention you are a student (unless you have sounded out the situation before hand by sending someone who doesn't really want the job to ask questions, etc.). If you can't say you're a student, you will have to come in as a high-school graduate with a "former place of employment" for the past 1-4 years. Talk about this with your group beforehand to work things out. In most cases indicate that whatever you did on your previous job involved some kind of manual work. You're not afraid of real work, is the idea to get across.

Be familiar with whatever type of transportation will get you to work or say you "have a friend who works nearby." Some places won't hire you if they think you are a potential latecomer.

Draft status may be a problem, since 1-Y or even 4-F applicants are usually turned down, and 2-S immediately reveals your student status. Try not to mention it and use your wits if they do.

If you use a "background" story make sure your former boss knows about it, and make sure you were "laid off" due to slow business, etc. and not fired. Choose a salary approximate to the job for which you are applying or a little less and make sure your former boss knows this too.

If you take an aptitude test, don't show off. On a time test, answer about half the questions or they may be suspicious and want to use you in the "front office". Sometimes it is hard to judge, and if possible it is good for someone to test out the situation for you.

If you have any physical defects which can't be detected from a normal physical exam, don't mention them. Companies are wary of hiring someone with previous injuries which could be re-injured, creating the basis for a suit.

You should be at your first place looking at around 8:30 or 9:00, and don't go to your last place any later than noon. Otherwise they'll think you never get up till noon. Generally don't wear a suit, but don't dress like a slob or a hippy. Sports jacket/dress with low heels usually will do.

If you have to sign a "non-communist" or "non-subversive" statement, you can do so without breaking any law unless the company is doing gov. work (this would be stated). Discuss this with the group if you are unclear.

Be straightforward, use simple language and attitude, not \$20 words. Don't volunteer information, just answer what is asked.

### IV. WHAT TO EXPECT ON THE JOB

Don't start sounding off the first day on the job, or even the first week. Work, learn your

job and don't goof off on someone else's back, but if the workers are taking a break or goofing, go ahead (unless it will cost the job, which the others will understand). Although we're here for a short time and can't expect miracles in three months, we don't have to wait as long as we might (if it were a permanent job) to "open up" on political questions. **LEARN FROM THE WORKERS**, about the work, job, history of the plant, their attitudes on every question. Listen, and participate in bull sessions. You might find out who the finks are.

Don't be shocked by the racist remarks of the white workers, by confused political impressions, pro-war talk, keeping-up-with-th-Joneses' talk, if the workers understood racism, the war, middle class morality, capitalist manipulation, etc., things would not be the way they are. Do let them know you're a student as soon as possible without risking the job. You can't be honest with the workers until they know. Altho some workers think students are snobs (some are), they also respect education and want their kids to go to college. Your job is to bring across the identity of interests between students and workers. Without workers there would be no universities, they create the wealth and have the power. Without them, no basic changes can happen in the system, etc.

But we are there with a specific purpose - to talk about political issues even the student movement, since we will have a chance to "change our image" from what the press has said about us. Talking about racism among white workers is no easy thing, to point out how the boss uses race, union, sex, craft, nationality, etc. to separate workers. It is easier to sit on them if they are divided, etc. The illusions created by the coming elections will be hard to combat. We can't expect wild things in three months, but we can begin to question, to point out relationships they might not have thought about or might be afraid to express out loud, and we can begin to learn how to express these ideas without being presumptuous or arrogant. Try talking to receptive individuals, don't start by using a lunchroom for a "soap box oration". Discuss the use of literature, when to use, what kind.

Try to make a few friends to last beyond the summer, and try to get their addresses and phone numbers before you leave the job. Otherwise, it might be hard to contact them again. Concentrate on making new friends, even join a bowling team, etc.

Don't talk to workers like you know everything and they know nothing. First of all, it's not true (probably the reverse). Even if you do know more about the specifics of the Geneva Agreements or statistics on Black Oppression, that doesn't mean that by making a speech you'll get the facts across. Be patient, make it an exchange of experience not a one-way affair. We will all make mistakes, don't give up! Discuss things with the group. The workers were all rookies once, but they survived because they had to; they had to eat.

Try to record your experiences by day or week. Just a few notes about relevant events will be invaluable for other people participating in the Work-in, for those next summer and for other publicity such as a regional newsletter or New Left Notes (or any other).

Come to work on time! Lateness is the first cause of being fired in a trial period. Don't start broadside against the union leadership. Listen, ask questions about grievances and perhaps suggest types of fights if you can think of something. But don't feel compelled to give leadership on all questions. One important result of your job may just be an appreciation of what workers are up against in their fight against the boss, the gov. and sellout union



leadership. Knowledge of the in-plant gripes will help if there is to be follow-up along the lines of work-student alliance when you get back to school. You will be able to relate leaflets to actual problems inside the gates.

Remember when you start talking about the war, many workers who agree with you will keep quiet, while the supporters will speak out. Don't get into knock-down, drag-out arguments with the latter, rather talk with the ones you're making friends with. Don't get yourself into a position of being "you against the workers". Know the facts (the group could compile pertinent bibliographies)! If you talk with workers whose sons are in Viet Nam, be careful. That's an emotional area in which it may be very hard to convince him that your idea of supporting his son is correct. Start by understanding his position of having been brain-washed all these years and seeing his son in danger "from the other side". To convince an already convinced student is one thing, to change the mind of this worker will be a task we will have to develop patience and understanding for.

After you are there a month, or so, try to pick a few workers who are interested in your ideas and who have friends in the shop, concentrate on individual discussions with the hope of keeping these workers as contact after you leave. Talk about the possibilities of students offering the workers assistance in any struggles coming up, on picket lines, doing research, etc. Don't necessarily start asking about union meetings. Many times they are suspended during the summer or at any rate many workers don't attend meetings. If there are meetings, go if you are asked to, but with the idea of listening rather than orating.

Since only general things have been covered here, it will be essential to keep in close contact with the group to discuss problems with them. If possible, try to have two students in the same job to compare notes, exchange experiences, and get a broader view of the place. However, if the students work together, they should not team up. It will be a constant temptation to stick with the person you know the best, can communicate with easiest, etc. This is not to say that you should ignore each other on the job, just that your primary aim will be to work and communicate with the permanent workers in the plant.

#####



June 6, 1969

100-439048-2767

B7C

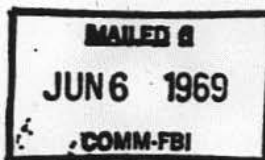
Dear [REDACTED]

It was kind of you to write on June 2nd and send me the literature on the Students for a Democratic Society. I appreciate your bringing this information to my attention. General

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Bufiles contain no information identifiable with correspondent. His enclosure relates to the Students for a Democratic Society's "Student LMG:kas (3) Summer Work-In," which has been brought to the attention of the Bureau previously.



clerk \_\_\_\_\_  
Lynch \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
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Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

59 JUN 17 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
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Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 6-6-69

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)  
INTERNAL SECURITY - SDS

By memorandum of 5-14-69 from Brennan to Sullivan, it was recommended and approved that Crime Records release to the press the manner in which the SDS adopted their summer Work-In Manual from a publication put out by the Progressive Labor Party in 1967.

There are attached four representative articles which appeared as the result of this recommended counter intelligence program. The article in question was prepared by Leslie H. Whitten of Hearst Washington Bureau and it does an excellent job of pointing out the manner in which the SDS "lifted" the Communist Chinese-oriented Progressive Labor Party's "The Vietnam Work-In Organizer's Manual." It is felt these news stories will cause further problems within the SDS leadership group.

The above is for information.

Enclosures (4) ENCLOSURE

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. Bishop

HPL:hak (5)

REC-24 100-11-2768

JUN 9 1969

55 JUN 13 1969

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
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Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

## Chinese Red Oriented

# SDS Manual Actually a 'Steal'

By LESLIE H. WHITTEN

The Light's Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — The much-publicized SDS "work-in" manual for forging a student-worker alliance this summer is nearly a word for word steal of a 1967 handbook issued by the Communist Chinese-oriented Progressive Labor Party (PLP).

The progressive labor plan called for students to pretend they were workers and to infiltrate factories. It laid an egg in 1967.

The SDS handbook, with its old-time references to class struggle, indicates how solidly the Progressive Labor Party has a foothold in the SDS, whose once anarchistic members used the Progressive Labor Party has its "structure freaks."

### DECLINES COMMENT

Some of the "coordinators" for the ill-fated 1967 Progressive Labor project are also working as "coordinators" for the 1969 SDS "work-in." One of them, Rick Rhoads, of New York City,

## Exclusive

listed in the 1967 Progressive Labor literature, is again listed by SDS, as a "Manhattan coordinator."

Reached in New York City, Rhoads declined to talk about how the SDS came to retype and adopt the Progressive Labor manual.

"We don't have any comment for the bourgeois press," he said.

But the two manuals speak for themselves.

The Progressive Labor manual is headed:

"The Vietnam work-in organizers' manual."

The SDS handbook is headed:

"The work-in organizers manual."

### BOTH IDENTICAL

The next paragraph of both are identical:

"This manual is intended to help work-in organizers in selecting and getting jobs. It also contains some pointers on approaches to the political issues that we will be raising and encountering at work."

Under "contents," both list:  
"I. How to research the job situation in your area."  
"II. What jobs to look for."  
"III. How to get a job."  
"IV. What to expect on the job."

"V. Coordinators.  
The Progressive Labor prose at a few points got too thick even for the SDS. For example, the Progressive Labor manual urges students to stress to white workers that capitalism makes "use of racism against their class interests." The SDS, while using the "class struggle" theme at some points changes it here to read "other interests."

### GOOD ADVICE

Taking out the deceptive aspects of the SDS-Progressive Labor manuals, there is a great deal of good advice for even the most conservative of youngsters:

"Be at your first place looking around 8:30 or 9:00 a.m."  
"Don't dress like a slob."  
"Be straightforward in any interview."

"Don't start sounding off the first day on the job; or even the first week. Do your work, learn

your job. Don't goof off on someone else's back."

"Don't talk to workers like you know everything and they know nothing. First of all, it's not true (probably the reverse.)"

And finally,  
"Come to work on time!!!"

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
Times Herald \_\_\_\_\_  
The Washington Daily News \_\_\_\_\_  
The Evening Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_  
The Sunday Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_  
Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
Sunday News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Post \_\_\_\_\_  
The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_  
The Sun (Baltimore) \_\_\_\_\_  
The Daily World \_\_\_\_\_  
The New Leader \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The National Observer \_\_\_\_\_  
People's World \_\_\_\_\_  
Examiner (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

*See interview with Rhoads p. 1*

Date July 22, 1969

100-42960-2768



# SDS 'Picks Up' Old Red Manual

By LESLIE H. WHITTEN

The Herald-Examiner  
Washington Bureau

**EXCLUSIVE**

WASHINGTON — The much-publicized SDS "work-in" manual for forging a student-worker alliance this summer is nearly a word-for-word steal of a 1967 handbook issued by the Communist Chinese oriented Progressive Labor Party (PLP).

The Progressive Labor plan called for students to pretend they were workers and to infiltrate factories. It laid an egg in 1957.

The SDS handbook, with its old-time references to class struggle, indicates how solidly the Progressive Labor Party has a foothold in the SDS, whose once-anarchistic members used to call Progressive Labor zealots "Structure freaks."

Some of the "coordinators" for the ill-fated 1967 Progressive Labor project are also working as "coordinators" for the 1969 SDS "work-in." One of the, Rick Rhoads of New York City, listed in the 1967 Progressive Labor literature, is again listed by SDS, as a "Manhattan coordinator."

Reached in New York City, Rhoads declined to talk about how the SDS came to retype and adopt the Progressive Labor manual.

"We don't have any comment for the bourgeois press," he said.

But the two manuals speak for themselves.

The Progressive Labor manual is headed: "The Vietnam

Work-in Organizers Manual."

The next paragraph of both are identical:

"This manual is intended to help work-in organizers in selecting and getting jobs. It also contains some pointers on approaches to the political issues that we will be raising and encountering at work."

Under "Contents," both list:

"I. How to research the job situation in your area.

"II. What jobs to look for.

"III. How to get a job.

"IV. What to expect on the job.

"V. Coordinators."

The Progressive Labor prose at a few points got too thick even for the SDS. For example, the Progressive Labor manual urges students to stress to white workers that capitalism makes "use of racism against their class interests." The SDS, while using the "class struggle" theme at some points, changes it here to read "other interests."

Taking out the deceptive aspects of the SDS Progressive Labor manuals, there is a great deal of good advice for even the most conservative of youngsters:

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And finally:

"Come to work on time!!!"

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Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Post  
Times Herald \_\_\_\_\_  
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The Daily World \_\_\_\_\_  
The New Leader \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The National Observer \_\_\_\_\_  
People's World \_\_\_\_\_  
Examiner (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

Date 3/23/69

100-450000-278

# SDS, Leftist Party Student Books Match

By Leslie H. Whitten

Examiner Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON—The much-publicized SDS "work-in" manual for forging a student-worker alliance this summer is nearly a word for word steal of a 1967 handbook issued by the Communist Chinese-oriented Progressive Labor Party.

The Progressive Labor plan called for students to pretend they were workers and to infiltrate factories. It laid an egg in 1967.

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## Two Manuals

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"We don't have any comment for the bourgeois press," he said.

But the two manuals speak for themselves.

The Progressive Labor manual is headed:

"The Vietnam work-in organizers manual."

The SDS handbook is headed:

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Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Post  
Times Herald \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Daily News \_\_\_\_\_

The Evening Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

The Sunday Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_

Sunday News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_

New York Post \_\_\_\_\_

The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_

The Sun (Baltimore) \_\_\_\_\_

The Daily World \_\_\_\_\_

The New Leader \_\_\_\_\_

The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_

The National Observer \_\_\_\_\_

People's World \_\_\_\_\_

Examiner (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

*J. F. [unclear]*

Date *May 28, 1969*

100-44-111

~~"The work-in organizers manual."~~

The next paragraph of both are identical:

"This manual is intended to help work-in organizers in selecting and getting jobs. It also contains some pointers on approaches to the political issues that we will be raising and encountering at work."

Under "contents," both list:

"I. How to research the job situation in your area.

"II. What jobs to look for.

"III. How to get a job.

"IV. What to expect on the job.

"V. Coordinators.

#### Advice on Job

The Progressive Labor prose at a few points got too thick even for the SDS. For example, the Progressive Labor manual urges students to stress to white workers that capitalism makes "use of Racism against their class interests." The SDS, while using the "class struggle" theme at some points, changes it here to read "other interests."

Taking out the deceptive aspects of the SDS-Progressive Labor manuals, there is a great deal of good advice for even the most conservative of youngsters:

"Be at your first place looking around 8:30 or 9:00 AM."

"Don't dress like a slob."

"Be straightforward in any interview."

"Don't start sounding off the first day on the job; or even the first week. Do your work, learn your job. Don't goof off on someone else's back."

"Don't talk to workers like you know everything and they know nothing. First of all, it's not true (probably the reverse.)"

And finally,

~~"Come to work time!!!"~~



**Issued For Students**

# New Manual 'Steal'

## from Reds

By **LESLIE H. WHITTEN**  
News American  
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, May 22 — The much-publicized Students for a Democratic Society "work-in" manual for forging a student-worker alliance this summer is nearly a word-for-word steal of a 1967 handbook

issued by the Communist Chinese-oriented Progressive Labor Party.

The Progressive Labor plan called for students to pretend they were workers and to infiltrate factories. It laid an egg in 1967.

The SDS handbook, with its old-time references to class struggle, indicates how solidly

the Progressive Labor Party has a foothold in the SDS, whose once anarchistic members used to call Progressive Labor zealots' "structure freaks."

SOME OF the "coordinators" for the ill-fated 1967 Progressive Labor project are also working as "coordinators" for

the 1969 SDS "work-in." One of them, Rick Rhoads of New York City, listed in the 1967 Progressive Labor literature, is again listed by SDS as a "Manhattan coordinator."

Reached in New York City, Rhoads declined to talk about how the SDS came to re-type and adopt the Progressive Labor manual.

"We don't have any comment for the bourgeois press," he said.

BUT THE two manuals speak for themselves.

The Progressive Labor manual is headed:

"The Vietnam Work-In Organizers Manual."

The SDS handbook is headed:

"The Work-in Organizers Manual."

The next paragraph of both are identical:

"This manual is intended to help work-in organizers in selecting and getting jobs. It also contains some pointers on approaches to the political issues that we will be raising and encountering at work."

UNDER "contents," both list:

"I. How to research the job situation in your area."

"II. What jobs to look for."

"III. How to get a job."

"IV. What to expect on the job."

"V. Coordinators."

The Progressive Labor prose at a few points got too thick even for SDS.

For example, the Progressive Labor manual urges students to stress to white workers that capitalism makes "use of racism against their class interests." The SDS, while using the "class struggle" theme at some points changes it here to read "other interests."

TAKING out the deceptive aspects of the SDS-Progressive Labor manuals, there is a great deal of good advice for even the most conservative of youngsters:

"Be at your first place looking around 8.30 or 9 A. M."

"Don't dress like a slob."

"Be straight forward in any interview."

Don't start sounding off the first day on the job; or even the first week. Do your work, learn your job. Don't goof off on someone else's back."

"Don't talk to workers like you know everything and they know nothing. First of all, it's not true (probably the reverse.)"

AND Finally,  
"Come to work on time!!!"

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Post  
Times Herald \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Daily News \_\_\_\_\_

The Evening Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

The Sunday Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_

Sunday News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_

New York Post \_\_\_\_\_

The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_

The Sun (Baltimore) \_\_\_\_\_

The Daily World \_\_\_\_\_

The New Leader \_\_\_\_\_

The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_

The National Observer \_\_\_\_\_

People's World \_\_\_\_\_

Examiner (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

Date 5/22/69

100-439041-111

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach

Airtel

1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan

1 - [REDACTED]  
1 - [REDACTED]  
1 - [REDACTED]

To: Albany

REC-71

From: Director, FBI (100-439048) - 2770

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS

B7C

ReBuairtel to all offices dated 5-29-69.

Information has now been received that the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) National Convention originally scheduled to be held at an unknown site from 6/9-15/69 has been rescheduled to be held from 6/16-22/69, site still unknown. This information came from Michael Klonsky, SDS National Secretary.

All offices should promptly alert their informants to this information if they are not already aware of it. Instructions set forth in referenced Bureau airtel should continue to be followed.

2 - All Offices

WNP:hls  
(128) *hes*

NOTE:

See memorandum C. D. Brennan to Mr. W. C. Sullivan, dated 6-4-69, captioned as above, prepared by WNP:hls.



Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

56 JUN 18 1969 TYPE UNIT ☐

1  
1  
1

b7c

SAC, Chicago (100-40002)

Director, FBI (100-400000)

SEE REVERSE  
SIDE FOR  
CLASSIFICATION  
ACTION

Personal Attention

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - 200#295164  
DECLASSIFIED BY SP4 J. L. [unclear]  
ON 12/19/94

CONFIDENTIAL

Bureau Informant 200, a most sensitive and reliable source, advised that

V. Sharlanov, Executive Secretary

(individual or organization)

Student Council of the USSR, Moscow

(address)

in contact with

Students for a Democratic Society

(individual or organization, address)

1403 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois

during May, 1969

(month, year)

The foregoing and the following INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM BUREAU INFORMANT 200 IS NOT TO BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THE BUREAU AND SHOULD NOT BE SET OUT IN ANY INVESTIGATIVE REPORT. INFORMATION FROM THIS INFORMANT SHOULD BE UTILIZED FOR LEAD PURPOSES ONLY AND ANY STATEMENT CONCERNING THE COVERAGE IN EFFECT IN THIS INSTANCE MUST BE AVOIDED. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD THE SUBJECT OR ANY UNAUTHORIZED PERSON BECOME AWARE THAT WE HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF THE ABOVE-MENTIONED CONTACT.

According to the informant, Sharlanov sent a circular letter inviting students to participate in the Fourth International Student Summer School to be held 8-1-69 through 8-17-69. Sharlanov advised that this program is sponsored by the International Union of Students. Sharlanov also suggested that the post one representative to the school.

Your office is requested to remain alert for any possible information which may be received from any representative to the Fourth International Student Summer School. If such information is received, appropriate communication suitable for dissemination should be submitted to the Bureau.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

JUN - 9 1969

NOTES:

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SSA [unclear] 2  
EXEMPT FROM GDS [unclear] 2

19 JUN 9 1969

54 JUN 17 1969 information came from Easter Report number 18.437

346

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

CONFIDENTIAL



VIA TELETYPE

JUN 10 1969

ENCIPHERED

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

WA 05 445PMM EOM

URGENT 6210-69 BCK

TO DIRECTOR (100-439048)

---CODE---

FR V CHICAGO (100-40903) 1P

*Pent*  
STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) NATIONAL  
CONVENTION (NC), JUNE, SIXTY-NINE. IS-SDS, OO: CHICAGO.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY OFFICIALS AT SDS NATIONAL  
OFFICE PLAN TO HOLD PRESS CONFERENCE SOMETIME DURING A.M.  
OF JUNE ELEVEN, NEXT IN CHICAGO TO ANNOUNCE LOCATION SITE  
OF CAPTIONED CONVENTION. NO OTHER INFORMATION AVAILABLE  
AT THIS TIME.

ADMINISTRATIVE

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] 670

CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY.

END

HOLD FOR ONE MORE

WLM FBI WASH DC

REC-71 100-439048-2776

25 JUN 11 1969

*100*  
59 JUN 17 1969  
*398*

FBI

Date: 6/5/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903SubE)  
SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
~~IS-SDS~~

OO: CHICAGO

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is one copy of the memorandum prepared by the Chicago Office to greatly facilitate the administrative handling of the information furnished by [REDACTED]

B7D

This memorandum will continue to be used by the Chicago Office with regard to the appropriate dissemination within the Bureau of information obtained from the above mentioned sources, UACB.

2 - Bureau (Encl.1)(RM)  
1 - Chicago

SPW:pag  
(3)

ENCLOSURE

REC-26

25 JUN 6 1969

Approved: *MWJ/WFC*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

70 JUN 17 1969

100-439048-2777

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC

DATE:

FROM : SA

SUBJECT:

Source: CG \_\_\_\_\_ -S\*

Reliability: Who has furnished reliable information  
in the past.

Date Advised: \_\_\_\_\_

Source reports on activity at the Students for a  
Democratic Society National Headquarters, 1608 West Madison  
Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Attached is information furnished by above source.

EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED IN HANDLING THIS  
INFORMATION AND MUST BE SUITABLY PARAPHRASED IN ANY COMMUNI-  
CATION. IT SHOULD BE CLASSIFIED CONFIDENTIAL WHEN  
DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THE BUREAU.



5010-108-01

100-4748-2771

ENCLOSURE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE TWO

NEW HAVEN ALERT INFORMANTS RE POSSIBLE NC SITE. CHICAGO  
FOLLOWING THROUGH ESTABLISHED SOURCES.

NEW HAVEN ADVISED SEPARATELY.

END

LRC FBI WASH DC

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Congress of the United States  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D.C. 20515

FOR RELEASE: FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1969

Contact: George Haag, Administrative Assistant,  
202-225-4201

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
COLLINS EXPOSES SDS SUMMER PLANS

Mr. Nelson	✓
Mr. Loefer	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

It has come to my attention during the past week that the Texas/Oklahoma leadership of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) has established a definite "Battle Plan" to shift their major thrust of activities from the college campuses to the factories this summer. I have in my possession, a complete list of defense-oriented plants in a 5 state area, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, and New Mexico, that the SDS has targeted for student violence this summer.

By state, the plants selected are:

TEXAS

1. Dallas/Fort Worth Area

(a.) Baifield Industries (Dallas)---

Manufactures brakes for snake eye bombs.

(b.) Jet Research (Arlington)---Manufactures explosive detonators.

(c.) Space Corporation (Garland)---Bomb hauling and ground support equipments.

NOT RECORDED

1 JUN 12 1969

70 JUN 18 1969

more

## **COLLINS EXPOSES SDS SUMMER PLANS**

**Contact: George Haag, Administrative Assistant**

**First Add**

- (d.) LTV (Grand Prairie)---A variety of defense related contracts.
  - (e.) Texas Instruments (Richardson)---A variety of defense related contracts.
  - (f.) General Dynamics (Fort Worth)---A variety of defense related contracts.
  - (g.) Bell Helicopter (Fort Worth)---A variety of defense related contracts.
2. Houston
- (a.) Texas Instruments---Sensing equipment and bomb detection devices.
3. Austin
- (a.) Tracor---Chaff dispensation equipment to jam radar.
4. Waco
- (a.) A. O. Smith---Bomb production.
5. McGregor
- (a.) Rocketdyne---Explosives
6. Longview
- (a.) R. G. Letourneau, Inc.---Bombs, Bomb fins, and Warheads.
7. Pampa
- (a.) Cabot Corporation---155mm Howitzers

more

2



**COLLINS EXPOSES SDS SUMMER PLANS**

**Contact:** George Haag, Administrative Assistant

**Second Add**

**8. El Paso**

(a.) Braddock, Dunn, and McDonald---Weapons systems evaluation.

**9. San Antonio**

(a.) The Porter Co., Inc.---Brace bomb dispenser.

**OKLAHOMA**

1. Quality Machine Works (Oklahoma City)---Bomb Door Releases.

2. Leeds-Northrup (Tulsa)---Hardwares for missiles (slide wire).

3. Quality Machine Works (Oklahoma City)---Bomb door release.

**LOUISIANA**

1. Baifield Industries (Shreveport)---Bomb Fin containers.

2. Explosive Devices, Inc. (Metairie)---Bomb cartridges.

**ARKANSAS**

1. Batesville Manufacturing Co. (Batesville)---Bomb Installation equipment.

2. Camden Manufacturing Co. (Camden)---Ordnance items.

3. Ouachita Marine and Industrial Corp. (Arkadelphia) Bombs.

**NEW MEXICO**

1. Hewlett Packard (Los Cruces)---Instrumentation.

more

**COLLINS EXPOSES SDS SUMMER PLANS**

Contact: George Haag, Administrative Assistant

Third Add

SDS leadership formulated plans for their national "Work-In" program in Chicago in late April. In attendance at this convention was Roy Barteel Haile of Texas and his wife, Margie Bolton Haile. Haile, former SDS Regional Traveler for the Texas/Oklahoma region, currently serves as one of 8 members of the powerful National Interim Committee of SDS-- the top policy making body of this student group. Haile also played a prominent role in the National SDS meeting in Austin in late March and has been assigned the top planning role in the "Work-In" program both nationally and in our 5 state region. Haile recently indicated that he is personally a Communist, and that many of the top leaders of the National SDS organization share his feelings.

The "Work-In" has as its stated objectives to transfer SDS activities from the classroom to the industrial plants of America. A secret instruction sheet outlining SDS objectives has been distributed nationally indicating "that closing down our schools is not enough. Workers produce and move the goods that are used in war and it is they who are primarily forced to fight the war. They can stop it."

Based on a number of personal conversations with the rank and file members of labor unions who staff the majority of the plants targeted on the five state SDS "Work-In" plan.

more

4

COLLINS EXPOSES SDS SUMMER PLANS

Contact: George Haag, Administrative Assistant

Fourth Add

I feel that the workers have little patience or respect for those who are trying to destroy America. It is quite probable that violence will erupt as SDS members try to forceably clog our machinery. It is for this reason that I am making this information, received in strictest confidence, public. I hope that it will serve to alert industrial executives to a real danger that they face this summer--a danger that can be averted only by prompt and careful scrutiny of prospective summer employees.

I and members of my staff have conferred with key members of the Justice Department, House Committee on Internal Security, and the Intelligence Division of the Dallas Police Department. My initial concern was to verify the confidential information received. I am now convinced that Bartee and Margie Haile and other top SDS leaders, have formulated a most ingenious plan to transfer chaos from the college campus to the industrial assembly lines. It is imperative that local police officials, industrial executives, union employees, and the general public be prepared to respond if, and when this devious plan is launched in our five state area.

###

5



DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
ROUTING SLIP

TO:	NAME	DIVISION	BUILDING	ROOM
1.	Mr. Thomas Bishop	FBI		5640
2.				
3.				
4.				

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> SIGNATURE                                | <input type="checkbox"/> COMMENT          | <input type="checkbox"/> PER CONVERSATION |
| <input type="checkbox"/> APPROVAL                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> NECESSARY ACTION | <input type="checkbox"/> AS REQUESTED     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SEE ME                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> NOTE AND RETURN  | <input type="checkbox"/> NOTE AND FILE    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RECOMMENDATION                           | <input type="checkbox"/> CALL ME          | <input type="checkbox"/> YOUR INFORMATION |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ANSWER OR ACKNOWLEDGE ON OR BEFORE _____ |   |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> PREPARE REPLY FOR THE SIGNATURE OF _____ |   |   |

REMARKS

For your information.

FROM:	NAME	BUILDING & ROOM	EXT.	DATE
	Herbert E. Hoffman			6/9

WA 17 1003PM LJP

DEFERRED 5-23-69 LJP

TO DIRECTOR PLAINTEXT

FROM CHICAGO

POSSIBLE BURNING UNITED STATES ARMY INDUCTION CENTER,  
SIX ONE FIVE WEST VAN BUREN, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MAY THIRTY NEXT.  
BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) - ~~RM.~~ <sup>Independent Security</sup> STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
(SDS) - IS - SDS. *General*

SOURCE RELIABLE ADVISED INSTANT INFORMATION RECEIVED  
FROM ANONYMOUS SOURCE THAT ON FRIDAY, MAY THIRTY NEXT, AT  
ELEVEN AM TWELVE MEMBERS OF SDS, EIGHTEEN YOUNG PATRIOTS AND  
NINE BLACK PANTHERS ARE GOING TO BURN INDUCTION CENTER LOCATED  
SIX ONE FIVE WEST VAN BUREN, CHICAGO. THIS GROUP WILL BE  
ACCOMPANIED BY YOUNG WOMAN WEARING RED DRESS AND BLOUSE, WHO  
WILL HAVE BAIL MONEY. *CO: [unclear]  
[unclear]  
[unclear]*

YOUNG PATRIOTS ARE WHITE YOUTH GROUP LOCATED ON NORTH SIDE  
OF CHICAGO.

*Chicago Police Department*  
CCPD ARE AFFORDING EXTRA COVERAGE VICINITY ~~NOT RECORDED~~ CENTER.  
*U.S. Attorney*  
MILITARY, USA, SECRET SERVICE ADVISED. ~~CCPD IS COINCIDENT.~~ *Chicago Police Department*

ADMINISTRATIVE

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] *57D* SOURCES FAMILIAR WITH

BPP AND SDS HAVE FURNISHED NO CONFIRMING INFORMATION RE ABOVE.

CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY.

END

WA...JDR

FBI WASH DC

70 JUN 17 1969

THREAT TO

FTB

CC

ROOM 13 920

XEROX MR. ROSEN

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-161111-101



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

DATE: June 5, 1969

FROM : C. D. Brennan *Brennan*

SUBJECT: *0* STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
INTERNAL SECURITY - STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*to file*

Vice President Agnew by letter 5/23/69 personally requested a kit of information concerning Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) which his office might make available to certain selected Governors on a restricted basis. By letter dated 5/29/69 the Vice President was advised that we were preparing material for him concerning this militant, revolutionary Marxist-Leninist youth group.

## OBSERVATIONS:

A 29 page up-to-date document containing a general overall history of SDS, its programs, its activities and its objectives has been prepared. This document is based largely on information obtained from papers and pamphlets issued by SDS, from statements made by SDS leaders and from observations of the activities of the organization. The information in the document is not classified and the furnishing of the document by the Vice President to selected Governors will not have any effect on the intelligence or investigative responsibilities of the Bureau.

One copy of this document is enclosed with attached letter to the Vice President and the other 24 copies are being forwarded to the Crime Records Division to be furnished the Vice President. This document has been approved by the Reading Room.

## RECOMMENDATION:

In line with above observations attached letter to the Vice President with its enclosure be approved.

Enclosures - 2 *sent 5-10-69*  
100-439048  
1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan  
1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford

WNP:lvh *lvh*

60 JUN 9 1969

170

*b7c*

22 JUN 12 1969

*EX-116*  
*REC 41*  
*100 42 101 2782*  
*5-7-69*  
*GR*



June 6, 1969

~~June 6, 1969~~

BY LIAISON

160  
Honorable Spiro T. Agnew  
The Vice President  
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop  
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan  
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan  
1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford  
1 - [REDACTED]

My dear Mr. Vice President:

B7C

In reference to your letter dated May 23, 1969, and my letter dated May 29, 1969, there are enclosed 25 copies of a document concerning the Students for a Democratic Society,

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (25)

WNP:lvh  
(8)

NOTE:

See memorandum C. D. Brennan to Mr. W. C. Sullivan dated 6/5/69 captioned "Students for a Democratic Society, Internal Security - Students for a Democratic Society, prepared by WNP:lvh."

REC'D - BEADING ROOM  
JUN 10 1969  
ENCLOSURE

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

70 JUN 18 1969

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-106

100-434045-2783

19 JUN 12 1969

June 4, 1969

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

7/4 2 11 30, 83

RECEIVED

JUN 28 8 37 AM '69

ENCLOSURE

100-1139043-272

gip

## STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

### Introduction

The call to revolution sounded by New Leftists is being echoed by black extremists, and together they made our colleges and universities priority targets for disruption and destruction during the academic year of 1968-1969. These relatively small revolutionary elements on the campuses are being exhorted by professional agitators, both domestic and foreign.

Sit-ins, seizures of campus buildings, destruction of university property, holding school administrators hostage, and the use of naked terror have disrupted the Nation's institutions of higher learning in recent months. During the current academic year, there have been demonstrations on over 200 campuses throughout the United States. These often violent demonstrations, involving at times arson and the use of explosives, have resulted in property damage in excess of \$2,250,000 and over 2,300 arrests.

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) forms the very core of the New Left today, and it has instigated much of the unrest, disruption, and destruction on our college campuses.

This document has been prepared to acquaint the reader with the origin, development, aims and objectives of SDS. It is based largely on information obtained from papers and pamphlets issued by SDS, from statements made by SDS leaders and from observation of the activities of the organization.

### The Beginning

SDS was, until the two organizations amicably parted in 1965, a youth affiliate of the League for Industrial Democracy. (The League is successor to the Inter-Collegiate Socialist Society --a group organized in 1905.) The stated purpose of the Inter-Collegiate Socialist Society was to mobilize college professors, students and graduates to teach socialism and collective ownership to college students, teachers, professional men, and communities at large throughout the country.

### "Port Huron Statement" of 1962

The militant, defiant SDS organization which exists today actually was founded at a convention held at Port Huron,



Michigan, in June, 1962. A "select" group of students who described themselves as "liberals and radicals" attended this founding convention. It was here that the group's "Port Huron Statement" (now considered a "quaint" document by the modern-day revolutionary SDSer) was drafted.

The "Port Huron Statement" is a lengthy document (it fills 60 pages of a booklet) which covers a variety of subjects including peace, poverty and civil rights. The following are brief excerpts from this document:

"As a social system we seek the establishment of a democracy of individual participation, governed by two central aims; that the individual share in those social decisions determining the quality and direction of his life; that society be organized to encourage independence in men and provide the media for their common participation."

"The American political system is not the democratic model of which its glorifiers speak. In actuality it frustrates democracy by confusing the individual citizen, paralyzing policy discussion, and consolidating the irresponsible power of military and business interests."

"We are subject to a remote control economy, which excludes the mass of individual 'units'--the people--from basic decisions affecting the nature and organization of work, rewards, and opportunities."

"Today the world alternatively drifts and plunges towards a terrible war--when vision and change are required, our government pursues a policy of macabre dead-end dimensions--conditioned, but not justified, by actions of the Soviet bloc. Ironically, the war which seems so close will not be fought between the United States and Russia, not externally between two national entities, but as an international civil war throughout the unrespected and unprotected civitas which spans the world."

"While weapons have accelerated man's opportunity for self-destruction, the counter-impulse to life and creation is superbly manifest

in the revolutionary feelings of many Asian, African and Latin American peoples. Against the individual initiative and aspiration, and social sense of organicism characteristic of these upsurges, the American apathy and stalemated stand in embarrassing contrast."

"Our pugnacious anti-communism and protection of interests has led us to an alliance inappropriately called the 'Free World'....An unreasoning anti-communism has become a major social problem for those who want to construct a more democratic America."

"As democrats we are in basic opposition to the communist system. The Soviet Union, as a system, rests on the total suppression of organized opposition....The Communist Party has equated falsely the 'triumph of true socialism' with centralized bureaucracy....Communist parties throughout the rest of the world are generally undemocratic in internal structure and mode of action."

"Our paranoia about the Soviet Union has made us incapable of achieving agreements absolutely necessary for disarmament and the preservation of peace."

"Our America is still white....White, like night, makes right in America today."

"America should concentrate on its genuine social priorities: abolish squalor, terminate neglect, and establish an environment for people to live in with dignity and creativeness."

"A program against poverty must be just as sweeping as the nature of poverty itself."

Thomas Emmett Hayden, who was born in Detroit in December, 1939, is credited by SDS with being the chief architect of its "Port Huron Statement." Hayden resides in San Francisco, California, and while not currently affiliated with SDS has been speaking on college campuses throughout the country. He



was arrested during the Columbia University riots in May, 1968, and in August, 1968, in connection with disruptions of the Democratic National Convention in Chicago. He became the focal point of not only national, but international, attention in December, 1965, and January, 1966, when he joined Communist Party theoretician Herbert Aptheker and Yale faculty member Staughton Lynd on a trip to North Vietnam. Their trip constituted a blatant defiance of such laws as those proscribing travel to countries designated by the Secretary of State, which countries include North Vietnam, and prohibiting misuse of a United States passport. Aptheker is the father of Bettina Aptheker, a self-admitted communist who has been an active participant in SDS affairs. Lynd has been outspoken in opposing United States policy toward Vietnam and has participated in demonstrations from Washington, D. C., to Berkeley, California.

### "Participatory Democracy"

The program of SDS since its 1962 convention at Port Huron, Michigan, has been one characterized by opposition. SDS opposes Selective Service, opposes United States participation in the war in Vietnam, opposes academic and administrative practices of our colleges and universities.

Members of SDS speak of "participatory democracy" as an ideal form of society. Actually, "participatory democracy" is a system bordering on anarchy--one which strongly distrusts "the establishment," "authority," "the system."

This "anti-establishment" attitude on the part of SDS is strongly reflected in its weekly publication, "New Left Notes." In its February 20, 1967, issue, "New Left Notes" published a special box containing the following observation:

"Sure, you think what you wish. But you wish to think what the controllers wish you to think."

The December 9, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes" published a similar thought from Henrik Ibsen's "An Enemy of the People":

"The most dangerous enemy of truth and freedom amongst us is that compact majority--yes, the damned, compact Liberal majority--that is it! Now you know!"



The cornerstone of "participatory democracy" SDS-style is found in the following sentence which appears in the Preamble to the Constitution of SDS:

"It (SDS) maintains a vision of a democratic society, where at all levels the people have control of the decisions which affect them and the resources on which they are dependent."

The fact that an individual might have neither the education nor the experience--neither the necessary information nor the ability--to effectively participate in, or to "control," critically important policy decisions matters little to SDS.

That chaos and individual anarchy would prevail if a system of "participatory democracy" were ever attempted in so large and complex a society as the United States is obvious. Yet, to the members of SDS, "participatory democracy" represents a Utopia to be practiced and promoted in SDS affairs.

#### National Convention in 1965

For example, at the National Convention of SDS which was held at Camp Maplehurst, Kewadin, Michigan, in June, 1965, the theme of "participatory democracy" prevailed from the opening moment until the closing day. All facilities at the convention site--including cabins and bathrooms--were coed, being shared by the more than 250 participants without regard to sex, color or creed. The camp facilities were described as being filthy--but so were many of the delegates, a number of whom went barefoot, unshaven and unkempt.

One of the participants in this National Convention, a faculty member from Wayne State University in Detroit, advocated that "chain-ins and sit-ins" be staged "at major thoroughfares" in the interest of promoting "peace." Another proposed an "emergency crisis program" to completely tie up traffic in Washington, D. C. His plan included such measures as stalling cars on expressways and staging "lie-ins" in front of police and fire stations.

The director of this convention, C. Clark Kissinger--a mathematician and graduate of the University of Chicago who then, at age 24, was National Secretary of SDS--offered a proposal so radical that it was dubbed "Kissinger's Kamikaze."

In order to force a "political trial" which would make the Government defend its "immoral acts in Vietnam," Kissinger advocated that SDS members deliberately violate the Espionage Act of 1917, as well as certain parts of the Military Code of Justice and certain provisions of the Smith Act of 1940. He specifically suggested that members enter American military bases and distribute leaflets to demoralize servicemen and urge servicemen to desert or adopt other means of avoiding participation in the Vietnam conflict.

### "New Left Notes"

"New Left Notes" is published at 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, the national headquarters of the organization. In October, 1966, it claimed to have a total weekly distribution of 5,596 copies--5,096 to mail subscribers, and 500 distributed free. Today it has over 8,000 subscribers.

"New Left Notes" is more sounding board than news sheet. It provides a medium for SDS officials and supporters to circulate opinions and proposals which they may have. Many of the articles and poems which it publishes would shock the ordinary citizen--particularly those citizens who are repulsed by the sight of four-letter words.

Vietnam, Selective Service, "the military-industrial complex," American foreign policy, university reform--these are the favorite targets for attack in "New Left Notes." Others include poverty and racism.

SDS and its weekly newspaper are obsessed with methods of avoiding military service. For example, the January 20, 1967, issue of "New Left Notes" contains a boxed announcement urging:

### **"MAKE DRAFT-RESISTANCE A REALITY**

"Keep the National Office informed regarding Draft-Resistance programs and activities in your area. Submit your reports and/or requests for information to: resist, SDS, 1608 W. Madison, Chicago, Ill. 60612. For emergency aid or advice call (312) 666-3874. Watch NLN ('New Left Notes') for the names and addresses of your local resistance agents. Why don't you organize a Draft-Resistors Union?"



## Blueprint for Draft Dodgers

The February 3, 1967, issue of "New Left Notes" contains an article by Mark Kleiman, an SDS field organizer, which suggests, "There are numerous ways of messing up draft boards. Some are only harassment techniques, while others may be good for organizing." Here are some of Kleiman's "helpful" observations:

"...you have a right to see the file your (draft) board has on you if you make an appointment. Under most circumstances, there is nothing to prevent you from absconding with all or part of your file, or, possibly inserting new data."

"It might also be good to simply send your board a card saying, 'I appeal,' and leave it up to them to find out precisely what it is that you are appealing. A beneficial side-effect of this form of harassment is that you cannot be drafted while anything relating to your draft status is on appeal."

"It is possible to register people who do not exist....You can get a photostat (of a birth certificate for a deceased individual) ....., go to a draft board, and register under a false name and address. The fun ensues when this mythical person does not respond to any mail, and fails to report for a physical or induction. Ultimately, federal agents will spend much time attempting to track down people who do not exist."

(Kleiman points out that such acts of false draft registration are punishable by imprisonment "if you're caught.")

"It is possible to fake a IV-F without using drugs to wreck yourself. You could go to a doctor, and complain of ulcerous symptoms, (sickness after drinking alcohol, sickness if you don't eat, burning sensation if you do, etc.) He will tell you to come back for an X-ray. The night before the X-ray, take some peanut butter, roll it into a ball 1/4 inch in diameter, and



leave it out to harden overnight. The next day, swallow it just a few minutes before the X-ray. It will show up in your stomach as a duodenal ulcer. At this point, it shouldn't be too hard to get a letter from the doctor stating that you have this condition. At the physical itself, you could keep a straight pin on the inside of your shorts, and prick your finger lightly when asked for a urine sample, so that a drop of blood becomes mixed with your urine, which would look very much like kidney trouble."

"One thing which is very important to remember is that these centers are rarely on federal property, in which case orders from soldiers should be resisted firmly and as loudly as possible. At the very worst, the police might be summoned to arrest you for disturbing the peace."

At its meeting in Berkeley, California, in December, 1966, the National Council of SDS adopted a very strong "Anti-Draft Resolution." As printed in the January 13, 1967, issue of "New Left Notes," this resolution states, in part:

"SDS reaffirms its opposition to the United States Government's immoral, illegal, and genocidal war against the Vietnamese people....

"SDS reaffirms its opposition to conscription in any form. We maintain that all conscription is coercive and anti-democratic, and that it is used by the United States Government to oppress people in the United States and around the world.

"...SDS therefore encourages all young men to resist the draft. Since individual protest cannot develop the movement needed to end the draft and the war, SDS adopts the following program:

"A. SDS members will organize unions of draft resisters. The members of these unions will be united by the common principle that under no circumstances will they allow themselves to be drafted....

"B. National SDS will assist all efforts to organize, within the armed forces, resistance to United States foreign policy. Towards this end we will publish a periodical newspaper and other literature directed to those already in the armed forces....

"C. Since the primary task of SDS is that of building a movement for social change in the United States, we do not advocate emigration as an alternative to the draft. Nevertheless, we realize that this option is being considered by many young men. We will thus provide information about emigration, and will encourage those who emigrate to build international support for the draft resistance unions and to work for an end to the war."

#### Attacks on Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC)

One of the targets of the New Left is military service, especially ROTC training on university campuses throughout the country. In this regard, it is significant that in April, 1969, 29 independent college newspapers published simultaneously an identical editorial demanding that ROTC be abolished from all campuses. If the New Left extremists can accomplish this objective, it is not difficult to imagine the effect it would have on this Nation's defense posture.

It was at Washington University in St. Louis, Missouri, that a student who was an SDS member was seized on December 3, 1968, by authorities as he placed a fire bomb at the campus headquarters of the University ROTC. He was later convicted in Federal court on a charge of sabotage and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

At the December, 1968, SDS National Council meeting held in Ann Arbor, Michigan, the Columbia University chapter of SDS sponsored a proposal, "Smash the Military Machine in the Schools (A National Winter-Spring Offensive)." While this



proposal was not acted on at that time, the main part, to destroy ROTC and remove it from the campus, certainly received support from SDS chapters throughout the country in the Spring of 1969. Demonstration after demonstration, many of which have been culminated by violence, has occurred at many colleges and universities, the main target being ROTC.

### University Reform

Inherent in SDS is a bitter attack against American higher education - its policies, procedures and goals. In fact, the very nature of the University, in its traditional approach toward education, is under strong assault. The pressure of SDS has become so intense that in some schools riots and violent demonstrations have occurred. In others, there have been sit-ins and other forms of harassment.

A key figure in the New Left's demand for university reform was Carl Davidson, a National SDS Vice President in 1967. An article by Davidson entitled "A Student Syndicalist Movement: University Reform Revisited" ("New Left Notes," September 9, 1966) has been widely discussed in SDS circles.

In this article, Davidson charges that universities must be reformed because they are part of the "corporate liberal society." "Our educational institutions are corporations and knowledge factories." They produce conformist, pliable students for our "dehumanized," "oppressive" system. Davidson urges students to become more militant. "Obviously, we need to organize, to build a movement on the campuses with the primary purpose of radically transforming the university community."

Specifically, Davidson suggests the creation of a student syndicalist movement. This type of organization would have as a basic purpose "student power" - a favorite SDS slogan. "What we do want is a union of students where the students themselves decide what kind of rules they want or don't want. Or whether they need rules at all."

A primary aim of student control would be the abolition of the grade system, according to Davidson. Here is an issue, he says, which concerns every student and faculty member, and hence an issue which can be radically inflamed by SDS agitation. Moreover, such demands "cannot be met by the administration without radically altering the shape and purpose of our educational system." In other words, agitation concerning abolition of the grade system, in SDS eyes, is a weapon to disrupt and transform the normal operations of the traditional University system.



Another compelling SDS reason for demanding abolition of the grading system is that grades play a role in determining whether a male student is or is not to be drafted. Or as Davidson says: "Finally, the Selective Service would have a hell of a time ranking us."

Other specific forms of "student power" advocated by Davidson include, for example:

- constant harassment and disruption of meetings of the existing student government, such as "showing up en masse at a meeting and singing the jingle of the now defunct 'Mickey Mouse Club.'"

- at the beginning of the semester request or demand of the professor "that you and your fellow classmates participate in shaping the structure, format and content of that particular course."

- sign up for, attend, denounce and walk out of and picket excessively large classes.

- organize students and "liberated profs" to work out "model counter-curricula." Then come these revealing words: "agitate for its adoption, mainly because students participated in shaping it rather than on its merits."

- hold mock trials of University officials for their "crimes against humanity."

Obviously, if "student power" and "control" were formalized as the SDS envisions, institutions of higher education would be badly crippled. Colleges would be turned into chaos and turmoil and no longer would be the sites for either scholarship or a search for truth.

Just what effect the SDS-Davidson ideology has produced is not difficult to determine. Agitation against the grade system has sprouted on many campuses. A "New York Times" article indicated that Columbia University was considering whether to withhold the class standings of students from draft boards. The article also stated that Wayne State University

in Detroit and Reed College in Portland, Oregon, had decided to withhold class rankings. Haverford College in Haverford, Pennsylvania, abandoned class standings altogether to avoid turning them over to draft boards. The article added that in June, 1966, six members of the psychology faculty at City College of New York gave all their students final grades of "A" as a protest against the use of class standings by Selective Service officials.

Early in 1967, an SDS member, Don Smith, was elected President of the student body at Iowa State University. A bearded, beatnik type, Smith received widespread publicity.

"New Left Notes" (February 27, 1967) was enthusiastic over his election. "Don Smith, the very image of the stereotyped, bearded, long-haired radical, took 47% of the votes cast." About 7,200 votes were cast in a race involving four candidates. Subsequently, Smith became a highly controversial figure. He admitted publicly that he smoked marijuana at "pot parties" on the campus. Impeachment petitions were circulated, and he has resigned as student body president.

Revealingly, Smith's program included abolition of all University regulations of student life outside the classroom and the elimination of class rank and cooperation of the University with Selective Service officials unless a student so requests.

Smith's election, however, shows how a small SDS chapter ("about 30 activists") was able to achieve a victory. Members campaigned against the draft, for the start of a "Free University" and circulated a "We Won't Go" statement.

The article concluded:

"Most of us felt that we've been pretty successful and productive in our activities so far...Boldness, honesty and imagination went into an initially sterile election. Much work. Good leafleting, letters to the editor, posters, and reporting in the 'Daily.' No pressure from the administration. A bored 'apathetic' and sterile University ready for change."

A key word for SDS is "organize" - and the Iowa story can be duplicated in other areas of the country. This shows



how a small, well-organized, hard-hitting group can activate, mobilize and direct the thinking and actions of many other students. Some of the words used by the SDS are the same as employed by the old-time Bolsheviks when they were aiming toward state power in Czarist Russia. One of the sub-heads in Carl Davidson's article in "New Left Notes" on university reform reads: "What is To Be Done?" - which is the exact title of Lenin's famous pamphlet of 1902 in which he outlines how Bolshevik control is to be obtained.

The SDS has spearheaded or participated in countless demonstrations--large and small--at colleges and universities in all parts of the country in recent years. The massive and violent demonstration at Columbia University in April, 1968, gained SDS adherents great notoriety. This demonstration had been planned in detail in October, 1967, by Mark Rudd, Chairman of the SDS chapter in Columbia. The police arrested nearly 700 individuals involved in this demonstration, and University officials estimated the damage to the buildings at approximately \$250,000.

This violent and militant philosophy of SDS in respect to the campus has been displayed by major demonstrations at Harvard University in December, 1968, and April, 1969; at the State University of New York at Binghamton in December, 1968; at American University and George Washington University in Washington, D. C. in April, 1969; and again at Columbia University in April, 1969.

### Advocacy of Violence

SDS seems to desire - almost to need - an "enemy" on which to vent its bitterness and spleen. That "enemy" is their own country and government. This is one of the paradoxes of the SDS.

Deeper, however, can be seen a basic hatred of America that can be satisfied only by the total destruction of this country. Here lies the danger of the New Left - its nihilism and anarchism. Moreover, it is growing more militant and hostile to law. The "National Guardian," a weekly radical newspaper, in its April 8, 1967, issue carried an analysis of the SDS, saying the organization is changing significantly:



"A year ago SDS was discussing the possibility of a move 'from protest to politics.' Today the discussion, and perhaps the decision, is 'from protest to resistance.' The distinction between politics and resistance is so great as to imply a qualitative change.

"By politics SDS meant the creation of a left political force in the U. S. that would work within the norms of society. By resistance, according to Gregory Calvert, SDS national secretary, is meant this formulation: 'No matter what America demands, it does not possess us. Whenever that demand comes - we resist.'"

Note the concept: that of resistance; not of working within "the norms of society," as a legitimate reform movement, but developing tools of resistance! Here is the "qualitative change."

Later, the article discusses more fully the "resistance concept," quoting Greg Calvert. To reach students, Calvert says, "We have to build a movement out of people's guts, out of their so-far internalized rejection of American society, and present people with a revolutionary alternative to the American way of life."

Calvert continues:

"A resistance movement, based on the slogan, 'Not with my life, you don't' is basic to helping people break out of their own prisons. People are capable of doing extraordinary things when they are in resistance. They can walk out on their studies and take on new lives, if necessary. They do not walk to gas chambers. In the process of resistance, in struggling against the powerlessness that capitalism imposes on the individual, there is a re-discovery of the self in the midst of a de-humanizing society.

"Many of us in SDS share a conviction that this is what has to happen. That we must resist, and that people must break free. None of us

is sure we can win. All we can say is that there are other ways to lead our lives in the face of the obscenity of what American life is - and that we intend to live them that way." (underscoring added)

Of late, the SDS has increasingly demonstrated its advocacy of and reliance on violence. In December, 1967, Calvert stated at an SDS chapter meeting in Oklahoma that the SDS and other new left groups were organizing and planning efforts to disrupt the national "warmaking effort" all over the country. Some months before, Calvert had stated, "We are trying to build a guerrilla force in an urban environment. We are actively organizing sedition."

The militant mood of SDS was certainly obvious at its June, 1968, national convention in East Lansing, Michigan. Workshops were held on sabotage and explosives, self-defense, and internal security. At the workshop dealing with sabotage and explosives, the participants discussed such things as disrupting Selective Service, interfering with police facilities, and using various incendiary devices.

At a National Council meeting of SDS held in Boulder, Colorado, in early October, 1968, copies of a pamphlet captioned "Sabotage," setting forth detailed information on how to make bombs and incendiary devices, were left on the stage of the auditorium where the meeting was held. It is significant that there have been widespread bombings and arson of ROTC establishments on college campuses and at government installations since the issuance of this pamphlet.

#### Proposal to Broaden SDS Membership

A pamphlet prepared in 1968 entitled "SDS, an Introduction" has been distributed at numerous colleges and high schools in the United States. It points out that by early 1965 SDS had fewer than 2,500 members with chapters on less than 40 campuses, but that at present there are over 40,000 national and local SDS activists and more than 300 chapters in universities across the country.

The pamphlet states that the bitter, yet powerful, experience with American politics in the 1960's has moved the SDS away from the original left-liberal stance and today the SDS is a mass radical and anti-imperialist student movement. According to the pamphlet, the critique that the SDS is developing



of American corporate capitalism makes necessary activist and revolutionary politics for the New Left.

While the SDS has for a number of years advocated the necessity to "radically transform" the university, it has only been recently that it has made a concerted effort to develop followers in high schools. This program was set forth at the SDS National Council meeting at Boulder, Colorado, in 1968. It calls for the appointment by the National Office of SDS of a coordinator of high school SDS activities and instructs that "college and nonstudent chapters of SDS make high school organizing a large part of their program."

A resolution "Towards a Revolutionary Youth Movement" was passed at the SDS National Council meeting in December, 1968, as submitted by the National Secretary, Michael Klonsky. This resolution, among other things, stated that SDS organizers should focus their energies on organizing on campuses of working-class colleges, community schools, trade schools, and technical schools, as well as high schools and junior colleges. The resolution also stated that the SDS should move toward the building of alliances with nonacademic employees on the campus based on the struggle against the common enemy--the university--which should be viewed as a corporation that directly oppresses the working class.

#### Travels Abroad

Cuba and North Vietnam have been strong magnets for visits by SDS members. Many of those associated with SDS have traveled to North Vietnam in recent years. They include SDS leaders Thomas Hayden, Nicholas Egleson, and Carl Oglesby.

In February, 1968, 20 SDS members went to Cuba at the invitation of the Cuban Federation of University Students. While there, these SDS members also talked with representatives of the National Liberation Front (NLF), which is the political arm of the Viet Cong, and with individuals from North Korea.

In March, 1968, Carl Davidson went to Cuba where he met with representatives of Communist China, North Korea, and North Vietnam. He was also reported to have had a three-hour conversation with Fidel Castro.

Steven Halliwell, another SDS activist, visited North Vietnam in April, 1968. He and three other SDS members had traveled to Hanoi in November, 1967.



Mark Rudd made a trip to Cuba shortly before he led the student rebellion at Columbia in the Spring of 1968.

#### 1968 Trip to Cuba

A group of 34 SDS members traveled to Cuba by way of Mexico on August 26, 1968. Upon arrival in Havana, each individual was required to fill out a form giving personal history, including special talents, military service, and current residence and school addresses. The group was provided guides and was given conducted tours of farms, hospitals, power plants, and other installations. During these tours, the difference between prerevolutionary and postrevolutionary accomplishments was continually stressed.

Part of the group met with a representative of the NLF of South Vietnam. This representative, who gave his name as Huynh Van Ba, told his audience that the New Left should conduct more and more demonstrations against the war in Vietnam and should emphasize the number of United States soldiers being killed, the number of planes being shot down, and the cost of the war. He also said that they should issue statements pointing out that the cost of the war was denying a decent living to many people in the United States. He stated that plaques and posters calling for a halt in the bombing of North Vietnam and demanding that United States soldiers be brought home should be displayed during demonstrations.

Continuing, he instructed that New Left groups in the United States should not only organize draft resistance, but should also have people volunteer for service in the Armed Forces in order to perform resistance-type activity from within. He gave as an example of this type of activity the organizing of sit-in demonstrations by servicemen throughout the country.

He cautioned these SDS members to shy away from the use of the word, communism, just as did the revolutionary movements in both Cuba and South Vietnam during the initial stages of the revolution. He explained that the word, communism, connotes something evil to many people in the West. Therefore, he said, they should talk about the new things and the new life that will be available after the revolution. In addition, they should talk about these matters in simple terms, such as free medical care and better living conditions.

The group also was informed that another way of helping the NLF would be through the collection of funds which could be sent to him in Cuba by way of Canada.

During this trip, the SDS members held political discussions among themselves. At one of these discussions, 12 members of the group stated that they would advocate and support the overthrowing of the United States Government by force and violence.

#### 1968 Trip to Budapest

A group of 20 American antiwar activists traveled to Budapest, Hungary, in September, 1968, to meet with representatives of North Vietnam and the NLF. Nine of the group from the United States had taken part in the demonstrations at the Democratic National Convention in Chicago a few weeks before this trip. The meetings were organized by David Dellinger, a national leader of anti-Vietnam War demonstrations.

Vernon Grizzard, former National Vice President of SDS, was one of those who made this trip. He stated that the meetings centered on the Paris peace talks, on prospects for further student unrest in the United States, and on furthering unrest among American servicemen.

Bruce Dancis, a former president of the SDS chapter at Cornell University, was also a participant in these meetings. Dancis has been convicted in Federal court for destroying his draft registration certificate. He is also the Editor of "The First Issue," which he has described as an underground magazine designed to improve communication among people at Cornell who are opposed to the war in Vietnam. The September 27, 1968, issue of this magazine contained an article by Dancis captioned, "American Radicals Meet Vietnamese Revolutionaries."

In this article, Dancis stated that he was part of a delegation of United States activists who met with five representatives of the NLF and four representatives of the North Vietnamese Government. He wrote that the United States delegation consisted of "twenty SDS and Resistance types" and two United States Army deserters who were working with the American Deserters Committee in Sweden. According to Dancis, the purpose of these meetings was to provide the Vietnamese an opportunity to report on their struggle for self-determination and to provide the group from the United States an opportunity to tell the Vietnamese about the draft-resistance movement on college campuses and in high schools, about organizing among the military, and about the black movement in the United States. Dancis reported that the Vietnamese were



knowledgeable concerning antiwar activities in the United States and felt close to those in the antiwar movement in this country, particularly those engaged in resisting the draft.

Dancis presented a history of the NLF and described methods of organizing among youth and students in both Vietnams, cell organization, political organization in "liberated zones," and underground work.

The organizing of a demonstration was described by Dancis. He wrote that there should be an analysis of the situation at hand and slogans should be devised. A spokesman should be selected and those who would be out in the open and those who would remain in the background should be designated. A determination should be made in regard to methods of resisting in case of repressive action. There should be plans to hold a second demonstration in protest against any repression. Demands should be created, but should not be excessive so as not to do more harm than good. "The enemy" should be persuaded to join the demonstration by including their concerns in your demands. Sometimes, he noted, violence must be used.

#### Bratislava Conference

Another so-called "peace" conference was held at Bratislava, Czechoslovakia, from September 6 through September 13, 1967. Among the 41 persons from the United States who attended the conference were SDS leaders Nicholas Egleson, Thomas Hayden, and Steven Halliwell, who headed an SDS delegation of nine.

Both North Vietnam and the NLF sent delegations to the conference. After the conference a small group, including Hayden and two other SDS members, traveled to North Vietnam.

The delegates from the United States to the Bratislava Conference were furnished free lodging and meals while there but were required to pay their own transportation expenses. They were thoroughly briefed by Dellinger well in advance of their departure and were instructed to be prepared to give reports and participate in discussions on various topics, including the antiwar, student, and civil rights movements, and an analysis of the current American political situation. Dellinger told the delegates that the purpose of the conference was to create solidarity and mutual understanding between revolutionaries from Vietnam and their supporters in the United States, and that the delegates were chosen on the basis of their experience in radical activity.



Christopher Jencks wrote articles on the conference which appeared in the October 7 and October 21, 1967, issues of the "New Republic." Jencks asserted that the majority of those from the United States at the conference were young and in the New Left. He said that they all saw the war as an inevitable by-product of a sickness in the American system which could only be cured by radical political remedies. The most striking fact about the young radicals who identify with the Viet Cong, he wrote, is that they are almost entirely people born after the outbreak of World War II. According to Jencks, the "common bond between the New Left and NLF is not a common dream or a common experience, but a common enemy: the U. S. Government, the system, the Establishment. The young radicals' admiration for the NLF stems from the feeling that the NLF is resisting the enemy successfully, whereas they are not."

#### International Assembly

A letter to the editor in the form of a Call for an International Assembly to be held from September 17 through September 25, 1968, appeared in the August, 1968, edition of the publication "New Politics." The letter was signed by the Columbia Strike Coordinating Committee and the SDS.

This Call noted that the insurrection at Columbia University, the "Easter Actions" in Germany, and the revolution in France in May, 1968, all pointed in one way or another toward the formation of "social anti-capitalist forces" within the various countries. The thought was advanced that the time had come for the creation of a revolutionary theory and this thought promoted the issuance of the Call for an International Assembly of Revolutionary Student Movements.

According to this letter, the Assembly would deal with two main topics. One would be the stage of the class struggle and the potential of new revolutionary forces in individual countries. The other would be prospects and possible formation of an international revolutionary movement.

This Call noted that the Assembly would allow for the presentation of an internationalist perspective to youth in the United States. The letter stated that representatives from England, France, Canada, Germany, Italy, Japan, Spain, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Mexico, and the United States were expected to attend the Assembly.

The International Assembly of Revolutionary Student Movements was held as scheduled on the campuses of Columbia and New York Universities. As many as 1,000 persons attended at least one of the six sessions, although there were no more than 500 individuals present at any given time. Approximately 20 foreign students representing radical and revolutionary student groups in their respective countries attended the Assembly.

An unidentified student from the United States noted that a revolution is in progress because capitalism is dying. He described the American society as corrupt, noted that adherents of the New Left are suppressed in the United States, and emphasized that students must seek allies outside the universities. This individual stated that the university must be destroyed in order to solve the problems in American society. The only question is how this destruction is to be accomplished. One way to destroy the university concept, he added, would be to socialize it.

#### Subversive Bedfellows of SDS

Since 1962 the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), and other subversive organizations have indulged in extensive courtships of SDS--and SDS has not been reluctant to accept the attentions showered upon it by these suitors. Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CPUSA, made a statement in May, 1965, that SDS is a group which the Party has "going for us."

In an article appearing in the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes" it was stated that every regular reader of this newspaper must be fully aware that there are communists in SDS.

In an Associated Press news story datelined at Chicago, Illinois, on October 17, 1965, the then Attorney General, Nicholas Katzenbach, also was quoted as having disclosed that the Department of Justice had found "some Communists and some persons very closely associated with Communists" working for SDS.

With regard to the \$2 wedding between SDS and the Marxists, it is interesting to note that a most significant change was made in the Preamble to the SDS Constitution at SDS's 1965 National Convention. Prior to the 1965 National



Convention, the Preamble to the SDS Constitution (which was originally adopted in June, 1962) had stated, "Students for a Democratic Society is an association of young people on the left. It seeks to create a sustained community of educational and political concern; one bringing together liberals and radicals, activists and scholars, students and faculty....It feels the urgency to put forth a radical, democratic program counterposed to authoritarian movements both of Communism and the domestic Right." During the 1965 National Convention, the Preamble was amended to eliminate the words "counterposed to authoritarian movements both of Communism and the domestic Right."

From the time SDS began to evolve until the present, CPUSA leaders have searched for ways and means to bring the young activists of this group under Party control. The Party resorted to the favorite communist tactic of infiltration. Paradoxically, SDS has accepted CPUSA members in their ranks, but the CPUSA has met with little success in bringing SDS members into its ranks. The student radicals have looked with disdain on the CPUSA for its dogmatic commitments to ideology, discipline based on democratic centralism, and slavish devotion to the Soviet Union--a country run by another form of "the Establishment" in the view of the New Leftists.

In late December, 1965, the SDS held a four-day national membership conference at the Urbana campus of the University of Illinois. At this conference, the view was expressed that the SDS could exert more influence on the CPUSA and the communist-controlled DuBois Clubs than these organizations could exert on the SDS. Consequently, CPUSA members should be accepted as SDS members but should not be elected as officers or placed in positions of influence.

A national convention of the SDS was held during August 27-September 2, 1966, at the Methodist Camp Site at Clear Lake, Iowa. The first three days of this SDS convention were devoted to discussions of various topics in panels and "related workshops." Much interest was generated in the panel which discussed "working with communists." The CPUSA sent National Committee members Bettina Aptheker and Carl Bloice to express its views to this panel. Another participant in this panel represented the pro-Peking Progressive Labor Party (PLP). Arguments both for and against participation by CPUSA members in SDS were presented in this panel. It was admitted during the discussion that there were CPUSA members in SDS; however, the panel did not make any recommendations concerning SDS-CPUSA relations.



Bettina Aptheker made a special report on this SDS convention to a three-day CPUSA national youth conference held at Camp Webatuck, Wingdale, New York, in mid-September, 1966. She told her audience that she had led a workshop on the CPUSA at the SDS national convention and that a large amount of CPUSA and DuBois Clubs literature had been sold at this convention. During her report, Aptheker described the new leaders of the SDS, President Nick Egleson and National Secretary Greg Calvert, as persons who are very friendly to the CPUSA.

A two-day meeting of the SDS National Council was held at Wheeler Auditorium on the campus of the University of California at Berkeley in December, 1966. Nick Egleson stated that one purpose of this meeting was to set guidelines on policy matters for SDS chapters, but he hastened to add that these chapters would remain largely autonomous. It is this lack of centralized control which has contributed to making SDS members undisciplined, uncontrollable, and unpredictable extremists. Because the CPUSA wants to see centralized control in the SDS, it sent one delegate to this National Council meeting with instructions to oppose the structure of the SDS if the opportunity to do so was presented.

An excellent illustration of cooperation between the SDS and the CPUSA on specific issues occurred in October, 1967, when the SDS chapter at the University of Oregon provided the CPUSA with a table for purposes of recruiting and distributing literature on that University's campus. In a prepared statement, the SDS said that it was protesting the appearance on campus of a recruiting officer for the Central Intelligence Agency and that it felt other nonuniversity groups should have the same opportunity to make their views known. When reporters asked University of Oregon officials for a statement concerning the presence of a communist "recruiting" table on campus, they were told that the University had no intention of interfering with it, because "freedom of recruitment" was basically an extension of the University's policy of freedom of speech on campus.

The communist left was well represented among the 800 delegates and observers who attended the SDS national convention from June 9 through June 15, 1968, at Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan. There were representatives from the CPUSA and PLP, as well as from other subversive groups.

By voting as a bloc, a PLP caucus of 60 to 70 members made a determined but abortive effort to take over this SDS convention.

Two national officers elected at this Michigan convention of the SDS publicly identified themselves as communists "with a small c" to signify that while they are communists, they are a brand apart from the old-line Communists. One of these is Mike Klonsky, who was named SDS National Secretary. The other is Bernardine Dohrn, National Inter-organizational Secretary, SDS.

In December, 1968, 800 individuals attended a stormy seven-day meeting of the SDS National Council at Ann Arbor, Michigan. The meeting was dominated by a prolonged struggle, which included physical altercations, between the backers of Mike Klonsky and SDS members who are also members of the PLP.

The PLP group came to the National Council meeting prepared for a power play to gain control of SDS even though national officers would not be elected at the meeting. In addition, the PLP had support from Fred Gordon, a 24-year-old graduate of Harvard University and teaching assistant in philosophy at the University of California at San Diego. At the 1968 SDS national convention, at which Klonsky was elected, Gordon was elected SDS National Educational Secretary.

The struggle between the PLP members and those SDS members backing Klonsky was fought over two main issues-- participation in demonstrations in Washington, D. C., during the period of the Presidential Inauguration and the future composition of SDS. The fact that each of the opposing sides won one issue and lost on the other is a fairly accurate measurement of their relative strength in SDS at that time.

#### Support of Other Revolutionary Groups

As university reform and antiwar movements gained momentum, SDS influence in the civil rights movement waned. It was soon apparent that the nonviolent stance assumed by some civil rights leaders in early 1966 was totally incompatible with the militant philosophy of SDS. Then, in May, 1966, a new factor emerged, when Stokely Carmichael was elected National Chairman of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) and promptly began to publicize the concept of "black power." Predictably, a strong resolution was passed at the SDS National



Council meeting in June, 1966, which made reference to the long-standing fraternal relations between SDS and SNCC and fully endorsed the philosophy of 'black power.'

Following through on this new theme, the SDS, at its June, 1967, national convention, adopted a resolution to support "militant, radical and revolutionary groups" regardless of the groups' political ideology. Specifically mentioned were SNCC and the Revolutionary Action Movement, a Peking-oriented, Negro extremist group.

At the SDS National Council meeting held in Austin, Texas, in March, 1969, an educational packet was made available to the delegates. The packet essentially dealt with the black movement in this country and in particular recognized that the Black Panther Party (BPP) is the vanguard of the revolutionary movement today. The leaders of SDS have stated that SDS trails BPP in its revolutionary intentions; hence, it must raise itself to the level of consciousness held by the BPP. The complete support and unquestioned attitude of approval by the leaders of SDS as it relates itself to the BPP was a significant development at this National Council meeting.

#### SDS Today

SDS held a National Council meeting in Austin, Texas, March 28 through 30, 1969, attended by more than 1,000 individuals.

At this National Council meeting, one of the major trends of SDS was paramount in the discussion: namely, that SDS is more and more taking on a Marxist-Leninist coloration. Slowly, but surely, it is drifting into the orbit of revolutionary thought and action as laid down by Marx, Engels and Lenin.

The SDS is a loosely structured organization and hence much debate is occurring as to just what form of Marxist revolutionary activity should be followed.

The PLP advocates a student-worker alliance, that is, a uniting of students on campuses and workers in industry for revolutionary purposes. Following Marxist teachings, the PLP views the "working class" (proletariat) as the vehicle whereby the revolution will be brought about. Hence, in PLP eyes, the SDS should aggressively endeavor to link the campus with the industrial worker.



The CPUSA and the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) (through its youth group, the Young Socialist Alliance) also advocate the worker-student alliance. Though the three Old Left parties are in violent dispute relative to their own ideological loyalties, being respectively pro-Peking, pro-Moscow and Trotskyite, they mutually agree on the necessity for SDS to follow the historic Marxist-Leninist concept of achieving revolution through the class struggle based on the proletariat.

There is grave danger today - more than ever before - that large segments of the SDS will fall under the control of Old Left parties. Here looms a serious danger to America's national security.

The SDS National Council meeting in Austin, Texas, reflected, however, that many SDSers, though Marxist in ideology, do not want to submit to control and direction from either an internal Old Left party or a foreign communist power, whether it be the Soviet Union, China or Cuba. They seek to create an SDS which is Marxist in content but not restricted by outside control. Whether this can be achieved is highly doubtful.

Even the top leadership of the SDS now realizes that if a revolution is to be brought about, more discipline and organization must be achieved. Michael Klonsky, the SDS's National Secretary, has said: "Our primary task is to build a Marxist-Leninist revolutionary movement."

The National Council meeting passed a resolution confirming the correctness of the leadership of Ho Chi Minh and the NLF of South Vietnam.

SDS is becoming ever more violent. The last year has shown that SDS does not seek compromise or the solution of grievances on university campuses through negotiation and rational discussion of the issues. Rather, it operates on the concept of "non-negotiable" demands, that is, the proclamation of stiff, sweeping demands which are not subject to discussion. In other words, accept the SDS's position or else! This has led to confrontations between the SDS and university authorities -- a situation which SDS relishes. SDS seeks to humiliate educational officials, to subject them to all kinds of pressure and to disrupt the whole educational structure.

### Future Prospects

In the days ahead, SDS is expected to concentrate even more on high schools. In large cities where there are college SDS chapters, these chapters often direct and encourage SDS activities in local high schools. Likewise, college SDS leaders help the younger students prepare attacks on school principles and policies, publish "free press" type newspapers and urge disruptive activities inside the school.

The Summer of 1969 is expected to witness a systematic program by SDS to make contact with "workers" in industry. For example, SDS literature has already been issued in this regard. One such brochure sets forth suggestions on how to research the job situation in your area, what jobs to look for and what to expect on the job. After obtaining summer jobs in industry, the brochure tells SDS members how to make contact with workers:

"Remember when you start talking about the (Vietnam) war (and about how students are seriously opposed to the war for good reasons, not simply engaged in 'beatnik pranks') many workers who feel the same way keep silent while those who support the war are many times the most outspoken. Don't get into knock-down, drag-out arguments with the latter, but rather talk individually first to the ones you're making friends with... Know the facts about the war not just the polemics. Facts make a deep impression on workers...

"After being there about a month, try to pick out a few workers who might be more advanced than the rest, concentrating more on individual discussion, with the hope of keeping them as friends or contacts after you leave the place. Talk about the possibilities of the students offering workers assistance in any struggles coming up in the future, on picket lines, demonstrations, even doing research for them."

This is what the SDS is calling a "Work-In" project designed to link students with workers.



The "New Left Notes" issue of May 13, 1969, on page six set forth a significant change in the Preamble to the SDS Constitution. This change reads as follows:

"Students for a Democratic Society is an organization of revolutionary youth. We stand together with the struggles of oppressed peoples throughout the world. We support the just demands of the Black, Asian, and Latin peoples for self-determination. We are part of the international movement against imperialist exploitation and aggression. We oppose the capitalist system and its inevitable by-products, racism and imperialism. We believe that racism must be fought at every turn, for American capitalism, ever since it was founded on the slave trade, has used racism to oppress people of color at home and around the world and to prevent working people within this country from uniting in struggle against their real enemies. American capitalism, in its unending search for bigger profits, has bled the people of Asia, Africa, and Latin America--and the working people of this country--of their lives, labor, and natural resources. But the people of the world are rising up in just struggles against imperialism and are defeating the forces of exploitation and oppression.

"SDS, as an organization of youth, recognizes and will fight back against the special ways in which imperialism oppresses young people --we are forced to fight and die in its wars; we are trained by its schools for meaningless or non-existent jobs and divided by channeling; we are taught racist, lying distortions of our history. For our own liberation and for the liberation of people around the world, we have come together in solidarity with the world revolutionary movement."



The mentality of violence and destruction manifested by the SDS, along with its increasing reliance on Marxist-Leninist teachings about revolution, is a mark of the danger facing this Nation from this fanatical group of student incendiaries.

B7C

**Assistant Attorney General  
Internal Security Division**

June 12, 1969

Director, FBI 100-439048-2784

EX-116

REC-6

**STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
INTERNAL SECURITY - SDS**

Reference is made to your letter dated June 9, 1969, wherein you requested certain publications that are not currently available at the national headquarters of captioned organization.

Your request has been forwarded to the appropriate field divisions of this Bureau in order that they may check with other sources for these publications. If any of these publications are obtained, they will be furnished you.

100-439048

- 2 - Chicago (Enclosure)
- 2 - New York (Enclosure)
- 2 - Detroit (Enclosure)
- 2 - San Francisco (Enclosure)
- 2 - Boston (Enclosure)
- 2 - Cleveland (Enclosure)

NOTE FOR SACs, Chicago, New York, Detroit, San Francisco, Boston, and Cleveland

Enclosed for each office is a copy of referenced letter which is self-explanatory. Chicago has previously advised that the publications noted in referenced letter are now out of print and not available at SDS national headquarters. Each office should immediately review its files and contact appropriate informants and sources for a copy of each publication. If any are located they should immediately be submitted to the Bureau.

WNP:slw  
(16)  
NOTE:

MAILED 10

JUN 12 1969

COMM-FBI

✓  
RECEIVED ROOM

Letter notes that the Department is interested in securing evidence that may be connected with violations of certain Federal statutes. In this regard the Department desires certain publications published by SDS for review to determine whether these publications can be utilized as evidence for presentation before a Federal Grand Jury.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

53

JUN 23 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

WNP:slw  
CDB/mr

WNP

FBI WASH DC\*

FBI CHICAGO

UCCPA URGENT 6-6-69 DJS

TO DIRECTOR (100-442367) (100-439038), JACKSON, MEMPHIS, NEW ORLEANS,  
HOUSTON, DALLAS, AND WASHINGTON FIELD  
WASHINGTON FIELD VIA WASHINGTON  
FROM CHICAGO (100-43685) (100-40903) 2P

SOUTHERN STUDENT ORGANIZING COMMITTEE, IS-SSOC. (OO: MEMPHIS).  
STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, IS - SDS. (OO: CHICAGO).

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED THAT LYNN WELLS (BELIEVED SDS,  
NEW ORLEANS), CONTACTED MIKE KLONSKY, NATIONAL SECRETARY, SDS,  
CHICAGO. WELLS STATED THERE ARE ABOUT SIXTY PEOPLE IN  
ATTENDANCE AT THE SSOC MEETING (BEING HELD IN MOUNT BUELAH  
TRAINING CENTER, EDWARDS, MISSISSIPPI). WELLS STATED MARK  
RUDD (SDS, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY), AND BARTHE HAILE (SDS HOUSTON),  
SPOKE TODAY. RUDD GAVE A GENERAL APPROACH TO ORGANIZING  
AGAINST INTERNATIONAL IMPERIALISM. CATHY WILKERSON (SDS  
WASHINGTON, D.C.) AGREED WITH RUDD. WELLS STATED STAUGHTON  
LYND, PROFESSOR COLUMBIA COLLEGE, CHICAGO AND ANTI-WAR ACTIVIST,  
ALSO BELIEVED TO BE ON WAY TO THE CONFERENCE.

END PAGE ONE  
CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SSN/2W  
EXEMPT FROM GDS PATRONAGE  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE  
Paragraph marked with other marks

53 JUN 19 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

NOT RECORDED  
14C JUN 8 1969



PAGE TWO

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE MEMPHIS TELETYPE JUNE TWO LAST AND CHICAGO TELETYPE JUNE  
FOUR LAST.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED]. NO ACTION B1D  
SHOULD BE TAKEN WHICH WOULD JEOPARDIZE THIS SOURCE.

END

PGH

FBI WASH DC\*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

100-439048-2785  
**CHANGED TO**  
100-439048-1-157

JUN 25 1969

Bc/jgt

FBI

Date: 6/11/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via \_\_\_\_\_ (Priority)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)  
SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS  
OO: CHICAGO

*W/R  
M. M. J.*

Re Chicago airtel 5/20/69, which set forth a proposed constitutional change in the SDS Constitution, as reflected in "New Left Notes", in its 5/13/69 issue and Bulet dated 5/28/69, requesting this information be set forth in LHM form, in that it was presumed that this constitutional change had been made.

[REDACTED]

81

Because the constitutional change in question has not been adopted, Chicago is not submitting this change in LHM form but will do so whenever such change is adopted at the forthcoming National Convention.

- 2 - Bureau
- 1 - Chicago
- RRG/eje
- (3)

REC-38

100-439048-2786

25 JUN 13 1969

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SJM/jan  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

Approved: *[Signature]*  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

66 JUN 13 1969  
170



FBI 100-44

Date: 6/11/69

**Transmit the following in**

(Type in plaintext or code)

**AIRTEL**

*(Priority)*

**TO:**

**DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)**

**FROM:**

**SAC, CHICAGO (100-47094) (P)**

**SUBJECT:**

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
(SDS)-CHICAGO REGION  
IS-SDS  
OO: CHICAGO  
(KEY ACTIVISTS)

Re Bureau airtel to Albany and ten other offices dated 5/22/69 captioned, "STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), IS-SDS (KEY ACTIVISTS)".

② - Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)  
18 - Chicago

2 - 100-47094 (SDS-CHICAGO REGION)

1 - 100-40903 (SDS)

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1 - 100-45264 (NEWS

1 - 100-45364 (NEWS

**GSB/lac**  
**(20)**

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER., STAFF

DAO (SO, AND, CO)

DATE BORN: 6/16/69

HOW FORM: R/S

12 JUN 13 1969

**SECRET**

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

## Special Agent in Charge

CG 100-47094

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above.

The following individuals mentioned in the attached LHM are on the Security Index of the Chicago Division:

MICHAEL GAYLORD JAMES (KEY ACTIVIST)  
WALTER LESLIE COLEMAN, JR.  
JOSEPH RICHARD HORTON  
EDWARD JOHN JENNINGS, JR.  
DENNIS RUSSELL ANKRUM  
MICHAEL HERMAN GOLDFIELD  
NOEL SAUL IGNATIN

In those instances where persons mentioned in the attached LHM are not on the Security Index, investigations are currently being conducted to determine if their activities warrant inclusion on the SI.

In view of the fact that the Chicago Regional Office of SDS has exerted little influence over chapters in the area, and because of the current lack of organization and planned programs within the Region, it is not felt that designating any of the members of the Regional staff as key activists is warranted at this time.

Chicago will continue to closely follow the activities of the Chicago SDS Regional Office and will make appropriate recommendations as they are warranted.

[REDACTED]

B1

CG 100-47094

REFERRED  
TO CIA

B1  
B3  
per CIA

B1

Chicago files contain insufficient information to subversively characterize those organizations and individuals mentioned in attached LHM which are not subversively characterized.

This LHM is classified confidential in order to protect the sources utilized who are sources of continuing value to the Chicago Division.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS) - CHICAGO REGION

Leibel Bergman

[REDACTED]

B1

A characterization of PLP is attached hereto.

Joseph Richard Horton,  
Also Known As Joe Horton

The "Florida Alligator", daily campus newspaper, University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida, in its issue dated February 20, 1968, carried on page one an article which stated that 20 members of SDS from throughout the United States, which included Joe Horton, Chicago Region of SDS, were in Cuba as guests of the Cuban Government. This article further stated this group was in Cuba "to talk to representatives of North Korea and the National Liberation Front of North Vietnam" and to spend some time in Cuba working in Cuban fields.

Edward John Jennings, Jr.,  
Also Known As Ed Jennings

[REDACTED]

B1

Howard Norton Machingter

[REDACTED]

B1

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS) - CHICAGO REGION

Michael Herman Goldfield,  
Also Known As Mike Goldfield

B1, B3 per CIA

REFERRED

B1

B1

B1

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS) - CHICAGO REGION

The March, 1969, issue of the "Movement"  
lists the following as members of the Chicago staff  
of the "Movement":

Les Coleman  
Janet DeZutter  
Joe Horton  
Hilda Ignatin  
Mrs Noel Ignatin  
Mike James  
Peter Kuttner

ILL.

Hilda Ignatin

[REDACTED]

B1

Michael Gaylord James,  
Also Known As Mike James

On April 7, 1967, a sixth source advised that  
on March 25, 1967, a peace march and rally was held  
in Chicago sponsored by various peace and civil rights  
organizations. During the demonstrations, Mike James,  
who was introduced as an SDS leader, spoke and urged that  
draft eligible youths defy the draft and called for  
continued protests and sit-in demonstrations on every  
campus protesting the Vietnam War. James added that the  
poor must be organized in opposition to the military-  
industrial complex.

[REDACTED]

B1

CONFIDENTIAL



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

A source has advised that the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. From an initial ideological posture of "participatory democracy," the current line of the national leadership reveals an adherence to Marxism-Leninism. Michael Klonsky, National Secretary, in March, 1969, called for the building of a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist movement. The program of SDS has moved from involvement in civil rights struggles to an anti-Vietnam war position and finally to its present advocacy of an anti-imperialist line, linking up the oppressed peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America with the black liberation movement in the United States. China, Vietnam and Cuba are regarded as countries which are leading the world-wide struggles against United States imperialism. On the other hand, SDS regards the Soviet Union as an imperialist power and does not support the policies of that country.

SDS maintains a National Office in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois. Its official paper "New Left Notes" reflects the line of the national leadership and program adopted at meetings of the National Council and National Interim Committee (NIC). Three national officers and a NIC of eleven members are elected each year during a June National Convention.

SDS Regional Offices and university and college chapters elect delegates to National Council meetings wherein program and ideology are debated, but each Region and chapter is autonomous in nature and is free to carry out independent policy and programs reflective of local conditions.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**AMERICAN WORKERS' COMMUNIST PARTY (AWCP),  
FORMERLY KNOWN AS PROVISIONAL ORGANIZING  
COMMITTEE FOR A MARXIST-LENINIST  
COMMUNIST PARTY (POC)**

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the POC:

**"Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party (POC):**

"1. Found to be 'a new Communist splinter group.' The Provisional Organizing Committee for a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party 'also known as the POC \*\*\* was formed in August 1968 by a number of Communist Party members who were dissatisfied with the trends and policies of the party and, while within it, had referred to themselves as the Marxist-Leninist Caucus.'

"The leaders and participants in the Provisional Organizing Committee group had been expelled from the Communist Party on the technical charge of "disruptive, factional, anti-party activities."

"The POC group is composed largely of extreme left-wing elements from the Communist Party. Throughout the party's history, there have been contending right- and left-wing factions which, in periods of turmoil such as the party has gone through in the recent past, have fought for control. The POC elements lost out in this recent struggle within the U.S. party\*\*\*."

"The one fact that is completely clear today is that the POC group is made up of hard-core, dedicated, and extremist Communists who, despite their present differences with the Communist Party leadership, are intent upon doing all within their power to speed the achievement of the goals of international communism."

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1959, House Report 1251, February 8, 1960, pp. 69 and 70.)"

A source advised on July 12, 1968, that a National Convention of the POC was held in New York City on July 5 and 6, 1968. At this Convention the name of the POC was changed to American Workers' Communist Party (AWCP) to broaden the contact possibilities and permit growth. The AWCP, according to the source, will operate in a similar manner as the POC with no substantial change of policy.

This same source advised that the AWCP has no headquarters and the majority of its membership is located in New York City.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~1APPENDIXREVOLUTIONARY UNION, Also  
known as Red Union

A source advised in July, 1968, that the Revolutionary Union, commonly known to its membership as the Red Union (RU), is a covert, revolutionary Marxist-Leninist organization formed in early 1968 for the purpose of instilling the line of the Communist Party of China into the political situation in the United States. The membership of the RU espouse the militant communism of MAO Tse-tung and believe in the necessity of violent revolution and open guerrilla warfare to overthrow the present political system in the United States and effect radical changes in this nation.

In August, 1968, a second source advised that the RU in the San Francisco area consists of four locals, one in San Francisco, one in Palo Alto, and two in the East Bay area. The leadership of the RU consists of former long-time members of the CP, USA whose revolutionary activities date back into the 1930s and who broke with the CP in the late 1950s, accusing the CP of revisionism. The membership of the RU is made up of radical, left-wing youths who have participated in student demonstrations and draft resistance movements. The RU looks to Communist China as the model of the correct revolutionary Marxist-Leninist line and the works of MAO Tse-tung are read and discussed in the weekly education classes.

According to this source, the membership of the RU have studied and practiced guerrilla warfare techniques and some of the members have engaged in practice with firearms. The RU is against firearms control laws because such laws would make it more difficult for them to obtain weapons, and one of the leaders has stated that any traitor to the RU would be killed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



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APPENDIX

1

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

The "New York Times" city edition Tuesday, April 20, 1965, page 27, reported that a new party of "revolutionary socialism" was formally founded on April 18, 1965, under the name of the PLP, which had been known as the Progressive Labor Movement.

According to the article, "The Progressive Labor Movement was founded in 1962, by Milton Rosen and Mortimer Scherer after they were expelled from the Communist Party of the United States for assertedly following the Chinese Communist line."

A source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP held its Second National Convention in New York City May 31 to June 2, 1968, at which time the PLP reasserted its objective of the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism-Leninism. This is to be accomplished through the Party's overall revolutionary strategy of raising the consciousness of the people and helping to provide ideological leadership in the working class struggle for state power.

The source also advised that at the Second National Convention Milton Rosen was unanimously re-elected National Chairman of the PLP and Levi Laub, Fred Jerome, Jared Israel, William Epton, Jacob Rosen, Jeffrey Gordon and Walter Linder were elected as the National Committee to lead the PLP until the next convention.

The PLP publishes "Progressive Labor," a bimonthly magazine; "World Revolution," a quarterly periodical; and "Challenge-Desafio," a monthly newspaper.

The August, 1968, issue of "Challenge-Desafio" sets forth that "above all, this paper is dedicated to the fight for a new way of life where the working men and women own and control their homes, factories, the police, courts, and the entire Government on every level."

The source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP utilizes an address of General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn, New York, and also utilizes an office in Room 617, 1 Union Square West, New York, New York.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the local politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by Bobby George Seale, BPP Chairman, and Huey P. Newton, BPP Minister of Defense. Newton is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, George Mason Murray, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "... we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois  
June 11, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 100-47094

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Title	STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) - CHICAGO REGION
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - SDS
Reference	is made to Chicago memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

Fifth source is another government agency which conducts security type investigations.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



June 11, 1969

Assistant Attorney General  
Internal Security Division

Director, FBI 100 459048

1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford

1 - [REDACTED]

MICHAEL KLONSKY  
SECURITY MATTER -  
STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)

B7C

Reference is made to your letter dated June 5, 1969, captioned "SDS - Appearance of Michael Klonsky, National Secretary, SDS, on the CBS 'Face the Nation' Television Program, May 11, 1969," wherein you requested a transcript of Klonsky's appearance on the "Face the Nation" television program of May 11, 1969.

Your attention is called to Bureau letter to the Attorney General, a copy of which was forwarded to you dated May 22, 1969, which referred to Klonsky's appearance on this television program.

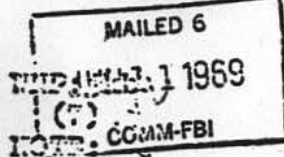
Our New York Office is being requested to attempt to obtain a copy of the transcript of this program and this will be forwarded upon receipt.

100-448162

2 - New York (Enclosure)

NOTE TO SAC, NEW YORK:

Enclosed for your office is copy of referenced letter which is self-explanatory. Handle promptly.



Klonsky is National Secretary of SDS. We previously advised Attorney General that Klonsky made statement on "Face the Nation" program that the Attorney General was going to conduct raids on leaders of SDS within the next ten days.

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

53 JUN 19 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-448162-177

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 13 1969

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson  
Mr. DeLoach  
Mr. Mohr  
Mr. Bishop  
Mr. Casper  
Mr. Callahan  
Mr. Conrad  
Mr. Felt  
Mr. Gale  
Mr. Rosen  
Mr. Sullivan  
Mr. Tavel  
Mr. Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Miss Holmes  
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

519 PM URGENT 6-13-69 BCK

TO DIRECTOR (100-439048), ~~NEW HAVEN~~, NEW YORK, AND SAN FRANCISCO  
FROM CHICAGO (100-40903) 2P

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS), NATIONAL  
CONVENTION (NC), JUNE EIGHTEEN TO TWENTY-THREE, SIXTY-  
NINE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, IS-SDS, OO: CHICAGO.

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISED TODAY THAT MIKE ANSERRA,  
(PHONETIC), OF CAMBRIDGE, CONTACTED JOE TASHIRO, SDS  
NATIONAL OFFICE, CHICAGO. MIKE ADVISED THAT HE WOULD  
BRING ABOUT ONE HUNDRED TWENTY PEOPLE TO THE NC. TASHIRO  
EXPRESSED NATIONAL OFFICE CONCERN WITH PL (PROGRESSIVE  
LABOR PARTY) STRENGTH STATING PL WILL HAVE FIVE HUNDRED

VOTES ALONE FROM BERKELEY AND NEW ENGLAND. TASHIRO  
STATED PL WILL TRY TO WIN THE NATIONAL OFFICE. MIKE ADVISED  
THAT (JOHN) PENNINGTON IS GOING TO RUN FOR SDS OFFICE AND  
TASHIRO STATED THE NATIONAL OFFICE HAS NOT DECIDED ON THE  
CANDIDATES BUT STATED THAT BOB AVAKIAN, JEFF JONES AND  
MARK RUDD WILL PROBABLY RUN.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

END 59 JUN 20 1969

CLASSIFIED BY 1482 SJM/10  
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 1  
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE  
Paraphrase marked C-10/10/10

PAGE TWO

ADMINISTRATIVE:

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] ACTION  
SHOULD BE TAKEN WHICH WOULD JEOPARDIZE THIS SOURCE. B7D

END

CAB

FBI WASH DC

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



PAUL G. ROGERS  
FLORIDA  
ROOM 2417, DAYBURN BUILDING

HOME ADDRESS  
WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT  
ROBERT B. LOCHRIE, JR.

# Congress of the United States

## House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

June 10, 1969

COMMITTEES:  
INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN  
COMMERCE  
MERCHANT MARINE AND  
FISHERIES

SUBCOMMITTEES:  
PUBLIC HEALTH  
INVESTIGATIONS  
MERCHANT MARINE  
OCEANOGRAPHY  
COAST GUARD  
FISH AND WILDLIFE

Mr. C. D. DeLoach  
Assistant to the Director  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Washington, D.C.

In reply please refer to:  
UA-Knoll-d

Dear "Deke":  
5

I would appreciate your advices on the matter set  
forth in the attached correspondence from [REDACTED] <sup>BR</sup>  
[REDACTED] Secretary of the B.P.O.E. Lodge 1870 of Stuart,  
Florida, concerning the SDS.

Many thanks, and kind regards.

Sincerely yours,

*Paul G. Rogers*  
PAUL G. ROGERS, M.C.

PGR:mcd

REC 98 100-439048-2790

12 JUN 16 1969

*AB*  
2 ENCLOSURE

*omel(sch)*

*get Paul  
copy for  
see file*



**Stuart-Jensen Lodge No. 1870,**

BENEVOLENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER OF ELKS

P. O. Box 391

STUART, FLORIDA 33494

May 21, 1969

Hon. Paul Rogers  
U.S. Congressman  
205 Worth Ave.  
Palm Beach, Florida.

Sir:

Enclosed is a resolution presented by one of our members and passed on by the lodge.

Before passing this on to other officials for presentation, it has been suggested that you be contacted for further information regarding further data on the standing of the organization mentioned. Is the organization mentioned a Communist sponsored and financed organization.

We await your word for further action.

Sincerely,

[REDACTED]  
Secretary

BK

ANOLL mml

2790

ENCLOSURE

RESOLUTION

B7C

PRESENTED BY: [REDACTED], MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING B.P.O.E. 1870  
TO: STUART-JENSEN B.P.O.E. 1870, IN REGULAR SESSION, MAY 12th. 1969.

\*\*\*\*\*

TO ALL BROTHERS, GREETINGS:

WHEREAS, THE CONCEPTS OF ELKDOM IS AN  
ORGANIZATION BASED UPON THE TENET OF AMERICANISM, AND;

WHEREAS, THERE NOW EXISTS IN THESE UNITED  
STATES AN ORGANIZATION, WHOES AIM IS TO DESTROY ALL FACETS OF FREEDOM  
AS WE HAVE KNOWN FOR TWO HUNDRED YEARS, AND;

WHEREAS, THIS SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION IS THE  
CAUSE OF TURMOIL ON COLLEGE CAMPUS AND IS NOW MAKING INRCADS INTO THE  
RANKS OF LABOR AND IS THE SOURCE OF ANARCHY IN AMERICA, AND;

WHEREAS, THIS ORGANIZATION HAS BEEN CITED  
BY THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AS A COMMUNIST SPONSORED AND  
COMMUNIST FINANCED ORGANIZATION UNDER CONTROL OF THE INTERNATIONAL  
COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY, NOW;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE STUART-  
JENSEN B.P.O.E.1870, IN REGULAR SESSION, DEMAND OF THE FLORIDA STATE  
LEGISLATURE, DURING THIS SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE, ENACT INTO LAW,  
[REDACTED] FOR THE ORGANIZATION KNOWN

100-414010-2770

ENCLOSURE



REC 98

June 12, 1969

100-437048-2790

Honorable Paul G. Rogers  
House of Representatives  
Washington, D. C. 20515

My dear Congressman:

Mr. DeLoach has shown me your letter of June 10th together with a copy of a letter and enclosure from [redacted] Secretary of the Stuart-Jensen Lodge No. 1870, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Florida  
B7C

General

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. This association of young people has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status and denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam. It also seeks to "radically transform" the university community and to provide for its complete control by students. The SDS is infiltrated by Communist Party members, and Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, has described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the party has "going for us."

I am enclosing some material which contains further information concerning the SDS.

Sincerely yours,  
J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 6  
JUN 12 1969  
COMM-FBI

Left

Enclosures (4)

An Analysis of the New Left: A Gospel of Nihilism

LEB Introduction 6-69

Turbulence on the Campus

Director's Testimony 2-23-68 re Communist, Racial and Hate Groups

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Bishop
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

NOTE: Congressman Rogers is on the Special Correspondents List. Bufiles contain no information identifiable with [redacted]

A

175

Bx

46

acc

60 JUN 23 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

6/16/69

Airtel APPROPRIATE AGENCIES  
AND FIELD OFFICES  
ARMY SECRETARIAT  
SHIP(S) OF  
DATE 2-25-78

CONFIDENTIAL

1  
1  
1

B7C

To: SACs, Chicago (100-40903) (Enclosure)  
San Francisco (100-52152) (Enclosure)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

From: Director, FBI (100-439048)

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY  
IS - SDS

Enclosed for each office is a copy of an article  
appearing in the 6/15/69 issue of the "Washington Sunday Star."

Paragraph 3 of this article refers to Students for a  
Democratic Society (SDS) National Secretary Michael Klonsky  
as the founder of the Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM), "the  
group that now dominates the loosely organized SDS."

The Bureau has not received any prior information  
concerning RYM although your offices have reported a close  
alliance between Klonsky and other leaders of SDS with leaders  
of the Revolutionary Union (RU), a pro-Chinese revolutionary  
Marxist group. It is also noted that members of RU in  
San Francisco will be attending the SDS National Convention  
to be held in Chicago beginning 6/18/69, and Robert Avakian,  
RU Executive Board member, will possibly be a candidate for  
one of the top three national offices of SDS.

MAILED 2  
JUN 16 1969

COMM-FBI

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

WNP:118

(8)

ENCLOSURE

JUN 26 1969

EX-115

REC-121

DECLASSIFIED BY  
ON 2-21-79

100-427048-2791  
6616

JUN 17 1969

CLASSIFIED BY 1482

EXEMPT FROM AUTOMATICALLY

DATE 2-14-78

BY SP-10 HENRY

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

# Clash in SDS Predicted At Chicago Convention

CHICAGO (UPI) — Students for a Democratic Society delegates, the most convulsive spring in U.S. campus history behind them, troop to Chicago this week for their 1969 national convention, a meeting which promises ideological skirmishes that could seriously divide the radical student group.

"There's going to be conflict; probably pretty sharp conflict," Michael Klonsky, 26, the SDS' chief national secretary, said in an interview.

Klonsky is a spare, intense Californian who is unabashed about his politics. "I'm a revolutionary Communist," he said. He also is the founder of the Revolutionary Youth Movement, the group that now dominates the loosely organized SDS.

## 2 Opposing Factions

When the convention, which is scheduled for Wednesday through Sunday, opens, the RYM will be pitted against the Progressive Labor Party for control of the organization that has been in the forefront of this spring's campus rebellion.

The RYM is a coalition of three points of view: Those who see youth as a class in itself, those who see youth as the vanguard of a revolutionary struggle and those who think the militant Black Panther organization is the one true revolutionary movement and seek an alliance with it.

The PLP criticizes the Youth Movement for a "lack of clarity," a far too "romantic" view of revolution and a willingness to be "co-opted by the system."

The Progressive Laborites, who are more disciplined, dogmatic, and, if possible, more radical than the Rym, are not particularly interested in an alliance with Negroes.

## Panthers Derided

The Panthers are considered by many as one of the most radical black organizations the country has ever witnessed, but the PLP has derided the group as "paper revolutionaries" who want only to gain access to the American system.

Klonsky said he owes his allegiance "to the whole Communist movement but I have been most influenced by Mao Tse-tung." "The PLP only pays lip service to Mao," he said.

Because of its antipathy towards the Panthers and a black alliance, Klonsky said he considered the PLP a "racist organization."

The SDS claims a membership of 70,000 in 350 campus chapters. Klonsky said the membership had doubled in the last year. Between 1,500 and 1,000 delegates are expected for the convention, which will be held in the 69-year-old Chicago coliseum on the city's near southside.

The national secretary said he was not worried about possible surveillance by law enforcement agencies.

"The FBI is always with us," he said. "They don't bother us, we have nothing to hide."

Press coverage of the convention will be restricted. No electronic equipment will be allowed inside the coliseum and one newspaper, the New York Times, will be barred altogether.

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
Bishop \_\_\_\_\_  
Casper \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Gale \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_  
Tavel \_\_\_\_\_  
Trotter \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Holmes \_\_\_\_\_  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
Times Herald \_\_\_\_\_  
The Washington Daily News \_\_\_\_\_  
The Evening Star (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_  
The Sunday Star (Washington) ☒ \_\_\_\_\_  
Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
Sunday News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
New York Post \_\_\_\_\_  
The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_  
The Sun (Baltimore) \_\_\_\_\_  
The Daily World \_\_\_\_\_  
The New Leader \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The National Observer \_\_\_\_\_  
People's World \_\_\_\_\_  
Examiner (Washington) \_\_\_\_\_

Date June 15, 1969  
P. D-11

100-41904 - 27915 - 2nd



F.B.I.

Date: 5/28/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-40903)

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY (SDS)  
IS - SDS

(OO: CHICAGO)

Re Bureau airtel, 5/22/69, concerning the contact  
with the Bureau on 5/19/69 by [REDACTED] B7C  
[REDACTED] United Parcel Service (UPS) and in specific  
a wildcat strike at the UPS main center in Chicago.

Re Chicago tel dated 4/16/69, captioned "DEMONSTRATION  
AT UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, 1400 SOUTH JEFFERSON STREET, CHICAGO,  
ILLINOIS, IS - MISCELLANEOUS, STAG."

Re Chicago airtel - LHM dated 5/16/69 captioned  
"STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY WORK-IN PROJECT."

Re Chicago airtel - LHM dated 5/21/69 captioned  
"STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY SUMMER WORK."

Re Chicago airtel - LHM dated 5/26/69 captioned  
"STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC-SUMMER WORK-CHICAGO REGION."

For the information of the Bureau, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] UPS and [REDACTED] B7C  
[REDACTED] UPS contacted the Chicago Office on 4/16/69,  
concerning the wildcat strike then in progress at their main  
plant located at 1400 S. Jefferson Street, Chicago.

- 3 - Bureau (RM)  
(1 - 100-437041) (FLP) XEROX  
1 - Buffalo (RM) (Info)  
1 - Detroit (RM) (Info) JUN 16 1969  
1 - New York (RM) (Info)

- 2 - Chicago (1 - 100-39748) (FLP)  
RRG/bab (8)

Approved: [Signature] Agent in Charge

55 JUN 23 1969

CLASSIFIED BY: 1482 5-14-78 SEC.  
EXEMPT FROM AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION

DATE OF DEC: Pg 3 Para 5

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL FIELD AGENCIES  
ADVISED BY ROUTING  
SLIP (S) OF  
DATE 5/29/69

100-439048-7

As explained by them at that time UFS was involved in a labor dispute emanating from a dissident group of Negroes within the labor union which initially consisted of some 200 employees but which total had dropped to some 20 hard-core activists. Both the union and the company, although not in basic agreement over changes, objected to the tactics of this small group of dissidents. Essentially this matter was and is a labor dispute.

Recently [redacted] advised that the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) had dismissed the charges against the company and the union by this dissident group and the NLRB have asked this group to withdraw their complaint. b7c

As explained by [redacted] the Reverend JESSE JACKSON of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and Operation Breadbasket had been asked into the dispute b7c by the dissidents but after approximately one week JACKSON and his people bowed out of the controversy. It was the opinion of [redacted] that having failed to find a legitimate issue JACKSON and his group disaffiliated themselves from the dissidents within the union.

The dissidents then engaged in a series of pickets at the plant at 1400 S. Jefferson in Chicago and it was not until the week of 4/16/69, that a group of young white students appeared in the picket lines in support of the dissident union workers. They continued in the picket lines for an approximate 10-day period, their strength varying from day to day. Since that time there has been no activities observed in and around the plant nor at the time they were picketing was there any violence or undue disruption observed. [redacted] advised that they had been of the opinion that these young white students were from SDS and noted that they had understood that SDS was involving themselves in actions against industrial firms throughout the country. He stated that they had secured a leaflet printed by the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) which supported the dissidents but other than that they were not in possession of any propaganda put out by these groups. [redacted] noted that their plant is located very close to the University of Illinois Circle Campus (UICC) and he had been told that leaflets in support of the dissident workers had been placed on the bulletin board on UICC. He stated that one KATHY FISCHER was involved in the picketing and apparently in charge of white student pickets. It was his understanding that she represented SDS, hence his conclusion that this was an SDS affair. b7c



CG 100-40903

Re Bureau airtel requests the extent of participation of SDS in this strike and whether or not this participation is part of a current SDS program to become involved in disrupting industry.

Re Chicago LHM dated 5/16/69 set forth the differences between the national leadership of SDS and the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) forces within SDS that had initiated the "work-in project," which supports the PLP ideological line of total support for the working class as the means by which revolution will be obtained.

Chicago airtel of 5/21/69, contains a recent leaflet of SDS which reflects their thinking on summer work and in specific notes Chicago as one of the cities that has developed a summer work program.

Finally, Chicago airtel of 5/26/69, reflects the actual failure of SDS to implement a summer work program in Chicago and notes therein in opposition to the PLP's industrial work-in program that SDS is presently confining their summer work program to the community work area.

[REDACTED] advised that he would keep the Chicago Office advised in case of future problems which may arise at the main plant but that [REDACTED] is expected as of this moment. It should be noted here that [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] are most cooperative and are aware of the jurisdiction and investigative needs of the Bureau.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

To sum up, the problem at UPS is essentially a labor dispute consisting of a small number of dissident Negro laborers who charge both the management and the union with certain failures; the picket of white student-youth in April, 1969 was initiated by FLP forces and was not initiated, planned, organized or participated in by SDS forces. It may be observed that this kind of situation at UPS is a ready made activity for FLP and augments their worker-student alliance line.

As indicated in the referenced Chicago LHM, the national and regional SDS leadership have committed themselves to community activities as opposed to the FLP concentration in industry and it would be assumed that there would be future problems existing throughout the country which would be charged to SDS activity when in fact the primary emphasis of such activity is from FLP.

As the wildcat strike at UPS in Chicago was primarily a labor-management dispute without overt, subversive initiation and direction, no LHM is being submitted in order to avert any criticism that could be leveled at the Bureau for undue involvement in a legitimate labor management matter.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

